

An aerial photograph of a town, likely in Denmark, showing residential buildings with red-tiled roofs, green spaces, and a railway line. The sky is filled with large, white, fluffy clouds. In the top right corner, there is a red rectangular box containing the Danfoss logo and the slogan 'ENGINEERING TOMORROW'.

*Danfoss*

ENGINEERING  
TOMORROW

# Danfoss Systems Limited (Formerly Eaton Fluid Power Limited) Member of Danfoss Group

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58<sup>th</sup> Annual Report  
For the year ended March 31, 2023

## **Present Directors**

Ravichandran Purushothaman (DIN: 06584433)  
Torben Jessen Christensen (DIN: 08005313)  
Anders Stahlschmidt (DIN: 08005318)  
Binu Antony Kuttickatt (DIN: 10167302)  
Prajakta Sangoram (Independent Director)  
(DIN: 07958834)  
Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare (Independent Director) (DIN: 09036987)

## **Bankers**

Citibank N.A.

## **Statutory Auditors**

S R B C & Co LLP  
Chartered Accountants

## **Secretarial Auditors**

DVD & Associates  
Company Secretaries

## **Registrar & Transfer Agent**

Link Intime India Private Limited  
Block No. 202, 2nd Floor,  
Akshay Complex, Near Ganesh temple,  
Off. Dhole Patil Road, Pune - 411001  
Tel: +91-020-26161629/0084  
Fax: +91-020 26163503

## **Registered Office & Head Office**

145, Mumbai Pune Road, Pimpri, Pune - 411018, India  
Tel: +91-020-66330066/0142

## **Factory**

145, Off Mumbai Pune Road,  
Pimpri, Pune - 411018, India  
Tel: +91-020-66330066/0142

## **Sales Offices**

A1B1, 3rd Floor, TDI, Plot No. 7,  
TDI, Plot No. 7, Jasola,  
New Delhi - 110025, India  
Tel: +91-011-45851800/58

Matrix Tower, Office No. 203, 2nd Floor,  
Block No. D.N. 24, Sector V,  
Salt Lake, Kolkata - 700091, India  
Tel.: +91-033-40071360/+91-033-40040554/1162

Unit 501, 4th Floor, Prestige Atrium, Central  
Street  
Shivajinagar, Bangalore - 560001, India  
Tel: +91-080-49012200/03

No. 36, Nehru Street,  
Off Mahabalipuram Road, Sholinganallur  
Chennai - 600119, India  
Tel: +91-044-44501500  
Fax: +91-044-66501573

D2/2, Block EP & GP, Sector V, Saltlake City,  
Bidhan Nagar, North Twenty Four Parganas,  
Kolkata, West Bengal - 700091

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## NOTICE OF THE MEETING

### To the Members of Danfoss Systems Limited (Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)

Notice is hereby given that the Fifty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of Danfoss Systems Limited (Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) (CIN: U29120PN1965PLC015850) will be held on Friday, September 29, 2023, at 12.30 PM IST through Video Conferencing ('VC') / Other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM') to transact the following business:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider, and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Auditor's Report and Board's Report thereon.
2. To appoint a director in place of Torben Jessen Christensen (DIN:08005313) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. **To ratify the remuneration of M/s. C.S. Adawadkar & Co., Cost Accountants, Pune as Cost Auditors for the financial year ending March 31, 2024:**

In this matter, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**.

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), as amended from time to time, the Company hereby ratifies the remuneration of Rs. 3,00,000/- (Rupees Three Lakhs Only) exclusive of out of pocket expenses and applicable taxes payable to M/s. C.S. Adawadkar & Co., Cost Accountants, Pune who is appointed by the Board of Directors as Cost Auditors of the Company to conduct cost audit relating to cost records of the Company under the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 for the financial year ending March 31, 2024.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee thereof) be and is hereby authorized to take all such steps as may be necessary, proper, and expedient to give effect to this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any of the Directors of the Company be and is hereby severally authorized to take all the steps to give effect to this resolution and to complete the required statutory formalities in this regard."

4. **To increase limits of Borrowing by INR 500 crores under Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** in supersession of the earlier resolutions passed by the shareholders of the Company in this regard, and pursuant to the provisions of Section 180(1)(c) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended from time to time, and the Articles of Association of the Company, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Board" which term shall be deemed to include any committee thereof) for borrowing an amount not exceeding INR 500 crores over and above the existing borrowing limit of INR 218.30 crores, which was approved in Annual General meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2022, as and when required in one

or more tranches on such terms and conditions and with or without security as may be considered suitable by the Board for meeting the purpose of funding the business activities.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any of the Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to take all necessary steps to give effect to this resolution and to complete the required statutory formalities in this regard."

**5. Re-Appointment of Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram (DIN:07958834) as an Independent director**

In this matter, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution.

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram (DIN:07958834), who was appointed as an Additional Independent Director by the Board on November 10th, 2017, and term expired on 9th November 2022. As per Section 161 of the Act, and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a Member under Section 160 of the Act, signifying its intention to propose Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram as a candidate for the office of Director of the Company, be and is hereby re-appointed as an additional independent Director of the Company for the second term of 5 years with effect from 10th November 2022.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any Director of the Company, be and is hereby severally authorized to file necessary returns/forms to the Registrar of Companies and to do all such acts, deeds and things that may be necessary, proper, expedient or incidental for the purpose of giving effect to the aforesaid resolution."

**6. Appointment of Mr. Binu Antony Kuttickatt (DIN: 10167302) as a Director**

In this matter, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**;

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, Mr. Binu Antony Kuttickatt (DIN: 10167302), who was appointed as an Additional Director by the Board on 24<sup>th</sup> May 2023 and who holds office upto the date of this Annual General Meeting in terms of Section 161 of the Act, and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a Member under Section 160 of the Act, signifying its intention to propose Mr. Binu Antony Kuttickatt as a candidate for the office of Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any Director of the Company, be and is hereby severally authorized to file necessary returns/forms to the Registrar of Companies and to do all such acts, deeds and things that may be necessary, proper, expedient, or incidental for the purpose of giving effect to the aforesaid resolution."

**7. Appointment of Mr. Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare (DIN: 09036987) as a Director**

In this matter, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**;

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, Mr. Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare (DIN: 09036987) who was appointed as an Additional Director by the Board through circular

resolution dated 18<sup>th</sup> July 2023 and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting in terms of Section 161 of the Act, and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a Member under Section 160 of the Act, signifying its intention to propose Mr. Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare as a candidate for the office of Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any Director of the Company, be and is hereby severally authorized to file necessary returns/forms to the Registrar of Companies and to do all such acts, deeds and things that may be necessary, proper, expedient or incidental for the purpose of giving effect to the aforesaid resolution."

**NOTES:**

1. In view of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has, vide its General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, General Circular No.17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, General Circular No.02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021 and General Circular 2/2022 dated 5th May 2022 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"), permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), and MCA Circulars, the 58th (Fifty Eighth) AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM.
2. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), setting out the material facts relating to special businesses to be transacted at the 58th Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), as set out in this Notice is annexed hereto.
3. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013. Members can attend and participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM only.
4. Members are requested to note that the Company's equity shares are under compulsory demat trading for all investors, subject to the provisions of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Third Amendment Rules, 2018 dated 10.09.2018. Members are, therefore, requested to dematerialize their shareholding to avoid inconvenience.
5. Members holding shares in dematerialized mode are requested to intimate all changes pertaining to their bank details, ECS mandates, email addresses, nominations, power of attorney, change of address/name etc. to their Depository Participant (DP) only and not to the Company or its Registrar and Transfer Agent. Any such changes effected by the DPs will automatically reflect in the Company's subsequent records.
6. Members of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in electronic form as on the cut-off date of Friday, September 22, 2023 may cast their vote by remote e-Voting. The remote e-Voting period commences on Tuesday, September 26, 2023 at 9.00 a.m. (IST) and ends on Thursday, September 28, 2023 at 5.00 p.m. (IST). The remote e-Voting module shall be disabled by Link Intime India Private Limited for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. The voting rights of the Members (for voting through remote e-Voting before/ during the AGM) shall be in proportion to their share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date of Friday, September 22, 2023.
7. CS Devendra V Deshpande, Practicing Company Secretary (FCS:6099, CP:6515) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting process as well as the e-voting process at the AGM in a fair and transparent manner.

8. The Scrutinizer shall make, not later than 48 hours of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a Director authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same. The Chairman or the authorized Director shall declare the result of the voting forthwith.
9. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be uploaded on the Company's website given below after the same is declared by the Chairman/authorized person  
<https://www.danfoss.com/en/about-danfoss/company/financial-information/>
10. In case of joint holders, the Members whose name appear first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote at the AGM.
11. Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC/OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the Annual General Meeting and hence the Proxy Form, Map for address and Attendance Slip are not annexed to the Notice.
12. Institutional/Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals/HUF, NRI, etc) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPEG Format) of its Board Resolution or governing body Resolution/Authorisation etc., authorising its representative to attend the Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM on its behalf and to vote through remote e-voting. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent to the Scrutinizer by email through their registered email address to devendracs@gmail.com with copies marked to the Company at ganapathy@danfoss.com and to its RTA at [instameet@linkintime.co.in](mailto:instameet@linkintime.co.in)
13. The Notice of the Annual General Meeting along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2022-23 is being sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories in accordance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars. Members may note that the Notice of Annual General Meeting and Annual Report for the financial year 2022-23 will also be available on the Company's website <https://www.danfoss.com/en/about-danfoss/company/financial-information/>. Members can attend and participate in the Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM facility only.
14. **Information and other instructions relating to remote e-voting are as under:**

As per the SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020, individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode can register directly with the depository or will have the option of accessing various ESP portals directly from their demat accounts.

Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts to access e-Voting facility.

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**Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:**

**1. Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL**

- a) Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL viz. <https://eservices.nsdl.com> either on a personal computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. LINKINTIME and you will be redirected to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.
- b) If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <https://eservices.nsdl.com> Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp>
- c) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a personal computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen-digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. LINKINTIME and you will be redirected to "InstaVote" website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

**2. Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL**

- a) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. The option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi / Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website [www.cdslindia.com](http://www.cdslindia.com) and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then use your existing my easi username & password.
- b) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by the company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider i.e. LINKINTIME for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. Additionally, there are also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
- c) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, the option to register is available at CDSL website [www.cdslindia.com](http://www.cdslindia.com) and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.
- d) Alternatively, the user can directly access the e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on [www.cdslindia.com](http://www.cdslindia.com) home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, the user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.

### 3. Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants

You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on the company name or e-Voting service provider name i.e. LinkIntime and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

#### **Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in physical form/ Non-Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:**

Individual Shareholders of the company, holding shares in physical form / Non-Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode as on the cut-off date for e-voting may register for e-Voting facility of Link Intime as under:

1. Open the internet browser and launch the URL: <https://instavote.linkintime.co.in>
2. Click on "**Sign Up**" under '**SHARE HOLDER**' tab and register with your following details: -

#### **A. User ID:**

Shareholders holding shares in physical form shall provide Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company. Shareholders holding shares in NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID; Shareholders holding shares in CDSL demat account shall provide 16 Digit Beneficiary ID.

**B. PAN:** Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.

**C. DOB/DOI:** Enter the Date of Birth (DOB) / Date of Incorporation (DOI) (As recorded with your DP / Company - in DD/MM/YYYY format)

**D. Bank Account Number:** Enter your Bank Account Number (last four digits), as recorded with your DP/Company.

*\*Shareholders holding shares in **physical form** but have not recorded 'C' and 'D', shall provide their Folio number in 'D' above*

*\*Shareholders holding shares in **NSDL form**, shall provide 'D' above*

▶ Set the password of your choice (The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special Character (@!#\$%&\*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter).

▶ Click "confirm" (Your password is now generated).

3. Click on 'Login' under '**SHARE HOLDER**' tab.
4. Enter your User ID, Password and Image Verification (CAPTCHA) Code and click on '**Submit**'.

#### **Cast your vote electronically:**

1. After successful login, you will be able to see the notification for e-voting. Select '**View**' icon.
2. E-voting page will appear.
3. Refer the Resolution description and cast your vote by selecting your desired option '**Favour / Against**' (If you wish to view the entire Resolution details, click on the '**View Resolution**' file link).



4. After selecting the desired option i.e. Favour / Against, click on **'Submit'**. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on **'Yes'**, else to change your vote, click on 'No' and accordingly modify your vote.

**Guidelines for Institutional shareholders:**

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on the e-voting system of LI IPL at <https://instavote.linkintime.co.in> and register themselves as **'Custodian / Mutual Fund / Corporate Body'**. They are also required to upload a scanned certified true copy of the board resolution /authority letter/power of attorney etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised representative(s) in PDF format in the **'Custodian / Mutual Fund / Corporate Body'** login for the Scrutinizer to verify the same.

**Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in physical mode/ Institutional shareholders:**

Shareholders facing any technical issue in login may contact Link Intime INSTAVOTE helpdesk by sending a request at [enotices@linkintime.co.in](mailto:enotices@linkintime.co.in) or contact on: - Tel: 022 – 4918 6000.

**Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode:**

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode may contact the respective helpdesk for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> or call at : 022 - 4886 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com">helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</a> or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33

**Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode has forgotten the password:**

If an Individual Shareholders holding securities in Physical mode has forgotten the USER ID [Login ID] or Password or both then the shareholder can use the "Forgot Password" option available on the e-Voting website of Link Intime: <https://instavote.linkintime.co.in>

- o Click on **'Login'** under **'SHARE HOLDER'** tab and further Click **'forgot password?'**
- o Enter User ID, select Mode and Enter Image Verification code (CAPTCHA). Click on "SUBMIT".

*In case shareholders is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address. Shareholders can set the password of his/her choice by providing the information about the particulars of the Security Question and Answer, PAN, DOB/DOI, Bank Account Number (last four digits) etc. as mentioned above. The password should contain minimum 8 characters, at least one special character (@!#\$%&\*), at least one numeral, at least one alphabet and at least one capital letter.*

User ID for Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form (i.e. Share Certificate): Your User ID is Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company

### **Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL/ CDSL has forgotten the password:**

Shareholders who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned depository/ depository participants website.

- It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders/ members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- During the voting period, shareholders/ members can login any number of time till they have voted on the resolution(s) for a particular "Event".

### **Process and manner for attending the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:**

1. Open the internet browser and launch the URL: <https://instameet.linkintime.co.in> & Click on "Login".

▶ Select the "Company" and 'Event Date' and register with your following details: -

**A. Demat Account No. or Folio No:** Enter your 16 digit Demat Account No. or Folio No

- Shareholders/ members holding shares in **CDSL demat account shall provide 16 Digit Beneficiary ID**
- Shareholders/ members holding shares in **NSDL demat account shall provide 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID**
- Shareholders/ members holding shares in **physical form shall provide** Folio Number registered with the Company

**B. PAN:** Enter your 10-digit Permanent Account Number (PAN) (Members who have not updated their PAN with the Depository Participant (DP)/ Company shall use the sequence number provided to you, if applicable.

**C. Mobile No.:** Enter your mobile number.

**D. Email ID:** Enter your email id, as recorded with your DP/Company.

▶ Click "Go to Meeting" (You are now registered for InstaMeet and your attendance is marked for the meeting).

### **Instructions for Shareholders/ Members to Speak during the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:**

1. Shareholders who would like to speak during the meeting must register their request by 25<sup>th</sup> September 2023 (5:00 pm IST) with the company on [ganapathy@danfoss.com](mailto:ganapathy@danfoss.com).
2. Shareholders will get confirmation on first cum first basis depending upon the provision made by the client.
3. Shareholders will receive "speaking serial number" once they mark attendance for the meeting.

4. Other shareholder may ask questions to the panellist, via active chat-board during the meeting.
5. Please remember speaking serial number and start your conversation with panellist by switching on video mode and audio of your device.

Shareholders are requested to speak only when moderator of the meeting/ management will announce the name and serial number for speaking.

**Instructions for Shareholders/ Members to Vote during the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet:**

Once the electronic voting is activated by the scrutinizer during the meeting, shareholders/ members who have not exercised their vote through the remote e-voting can cast the vote as under:

1. On the Shareholders VC page, click on the link for e-Voting "Cast your vote"
2. Enter your 16 digit Demat Account No. / Folio No. and OTP (received on the registered mobile number/ registered email Id) received during registration for InstaMEET and click on 'Submit'.
3. After successful login, you will see "Resolution Description" and against the same the option "Favour/ Against" for voting.
4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option i.e. "Favour/Against" as desired. Enter the number of shares (which represents no. of votes) as on the cut-off date under 'Favour/Against'.
5. After selecting the appropriate option i.e. Favour/Against as desired and you have decided to vote, click on "Save". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "Confirm", else to change your vote, click on "Back" and accordingly modify your vote.
6. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify or change your vote subsequently.

Note: Shareholders/ Members, who will be present in the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting facility during the meeting. Shareholders/ Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting prior to the Annual General Meeting will be eligible to attend/ participate in the Annual General Meeting through InstaMeet. However, they will not be eligible to vote again during the meeting.

Shareholders/ Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Tablets/ Laptops connected through broadband for better experience.

Shareholders/ Members are required to use Internet with a good speed (preferably 2 MBPS download stream) to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

Please note that Shareholders/ Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptops connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Visual loss due to fluctuation in their network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

In case shareholders/ members have any queries regarding login/ e-voting, they may send an email to [instameet@linkintime.co.in](mailto:instameet@linkintime.co.in) or contact on: - Tel: 022-49186175.

## **EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:**

The Explanatory Statement in terms of the provisions of Section 102(1) of the Act, sets out all material facts relating to the Special Business mentioned in the accompanying Notice for convening the 58th (Fifty-Eighth) Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Danfoss Systems Limited (Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) on Friday, September 29, 2023 at 12.30 PM (IST):

### **Item 3:**

The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on August 28, 2023, based on recommendations of the Audit Committee, has appointed M/s. C.S. Adawadkar & Co, Cost Accountants, Pune (Firm Registration Number: 100401), as the "Cost Auditors" of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24, pursuant to Section 148 and other applicable provisions of the Act, the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014. Pursuant to Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration of Rs. 3,00,000/- (Rupees Three Lakhs Only), exclusive of out of pocket expenses and applicable taxes payable if any, payable to the Cost Auditors, as recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors, shall require subsequent ratification by the Shareholders.

Based on the certification received from the Cost Auditors, it may be noted that:-

- i. the Cost Auditors do not suffer from any disqualifications as specified under Section 141(3) of the Act;
- ii. their appointment is in accordance with the limits specified in Section 141(3)(g) of the Act;
- iii. none of their Partners is in the whole-time employment of any Company; and
- iv. they are an independent firm of Cost Accountants holding valid certificate of practice and are at arm's length relationship with the Company, pursuant to Section 144 of the Act.

None of the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives is, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the proposed Resolution.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution set forth in Item No. 3 for approval of the Shareholders.

### **Item 4:**

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 28th August 2023 briefly discussed about increasing the borrowing limit Company.

The Board also noted that as per section 180(1)(c) of Companies Act 2013, if the company borrows any loan in excess the limits mentioned in the Section, approval of shareholders by the means of Special resolution is required.

As per the provisions of Section 180 of Companies Act 2013 read with other applicable provisions of the Act and applicable Rules, the Board of directors of the Company have already obtained the approval of shareholders by way of passing a special resolution for borrowing loan from any person or body corporate, provided that the amount borrowed does not exceed INR 218.30 crores. The Board now plans to increase the limit by a further INR 500 crores for expansion of the supply chain.

None of the Directors or the Key Managerial person or Manager or relatives are in any way concerned or interested in this resolution except to the extent of their Directorship and membership.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set forth in Item No. 4 for approval of the Shareholders.

**Item 5:**

The Board of Directors, at its Meeting held on November 10, 2022, have re appointed Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram (DIN:07958834), as an Additional Independent Director on the Board of the Company who holds office till conclusion of this Annual General Meeting.

Accordingly, in terms of the requirements of the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 approval of the members of the Company is required for reappointment of Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram as an Independent Director of the Company for the second term.

Brief profile of Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram is given below for reference of the members:

Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram is the proprietor of Milind Sangoram and Company, Chartered Accountants. Mrs. Prajakta is Chartered Accountant and Company Secretary and completed diploma in IFRS.

Mrs. Prajakta is an Independent Director and Audit Committee Member of Solapur City Development Corporation Limited (Solapur Smart City). Also, she is an Independent Director, Audit Committee Member, and Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member of Srivasavi Adhesive Tapes Limited. She is also a Non-Executive director of XRatos Labs Private Limited and RockLobster Games Private Limited.

Previously Mrs. Prajakta has worked in Fidel Softech Limited, Applied Micro Circuits India Private Limited and Larsen and Toubro Limited.

None of the Directors or the Key Managerial person or Manager or relatives are in any way concerned or interested in this resolution except to the extent of their Directorship and membership.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set forth in Item No. 5 for approval of the Shareholders.

**Item 6:**

The Board of Directors, at its Meeting held on May 29<sup>th</sup>, 2023, have appointed Mr. Binu Antony Kuttickatt (DIN: 10167302), as an Additional Director on the Board of the Company who holds office till conclusion of this Annual General Meeting.

Accordingly, in terms of the requirements of the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 approval of the members of the Company is required for regularization of Mr. Binu Antony Kuttickatt, as Director of the Company.

Brief profile of Mr. Binu Antony Kuttickatt is given below for reference of the members:

Mr. Binu did his Bachelor of Engineering in mechanical engineering from Bharathiar University, Coimbatore in 1991. Mr. Binu has 31 years of experience in engineering industry in the areas of operations, supply chain and procurement.

For the past twelve years, Mr. Binu headed Production, continuous improvement, maintenance, and EHS in Wagholi plant of Danfoss Power Solutions. Currently, he is responsible for the operations of Danfoss Systems Ltd, Pimpri.

None of the Directors or the Key Managerial person or Manager or relatives are in any way concerned or interested in this resolution except to the extent of their Directorship and membership.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set forth in Item No. 6 for approval of the Shareholders.

**Item 7:**

The Board of Directors, at its Meeting held on July 18<sup>th</sup> 2023, have appointed Mr. Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare (DIN: 09036987), through circular resolution as an Additional Independent Director on the Board of the Company who holds office till the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting.

Accordingly, in terms of the requirements of the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 approval of the members of the Company is required for regularization of Mr. Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare as Independent Director of the Company.

Brief profile of Mr. Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare is given below for reference of the members:

Mr. Akshay Bhalchandra Purandare is the founder partner of Purandare & Narwadkar Chartered Accountants. Mr. Akshay is Fellow Chartered Accountant and has more than eleven years of practice experience in Assurance, IFRS / Ind AS/ USGAAP and Financial Reporting. Mr. Akshay is a regular speaker and trainer on accounting, financial reporting & Companies Act 2013 matters at various forums including ICAI and Invited as technical expert of Start Up India for a 'Talk Show' on National television.

Mr. Akshay has worked across various sectors for large and listed companies for setting up Internal Financial Controls, Corporate Governance, Enterprise Risk Management and was part of various committees of Pune ICAI on drafting research papers on technical subjects. Mr. Akshay has closely worked on listed, unlisted public companies, and large private limited companies on various engagements.

The Board recommends the resolution for acceptance by the members.

None of the Directors or the Key Managerial person or Manager or relatives are in any way concerned or interested in this resolution except to the extent of their Directorship and membership.

**By Order of the Board of Directors**

**For Danfoss Systems Limited**

**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**

**Sd/-**

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**

Director

DIN: 06584433

Place: Chennai

Date: September 06, 2023

## BOARD'S REPORT

To the Members,

The Directors are pleased to present the 58<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of the Company along with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

### 1. Financial results

Rupees in million

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Revenue	4,777.21	4,564.58
Other income	47.06	37.82
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>4,824.27</b>	<b>4,602.38</b>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Operating expenditure	4493.24	4,113.13
Depreciation and amortization expense	85.66	92.61
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>4,578.90</b>	<b>4,205.74</b>
Profit before finance costs and tax	245.84	396.64
Finance costs	76.11	75.43
<b>Profit before tax (PBT)</b>	<b>169.26</b>	<b>321.22</b>
Tax expenses	59.30	52.68
<b>Profit/ (Loss) for the year</b>	<b>109.96</b>	<b>268.54</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	<b>101.35</b>	<b>255.36</b>
<b>Attributable to:</b>		
Shareholders of the Company		
Non-controlling interests		
<b>Opening balance of retained earnings</b>	<b>539.02</b>	<b>283.66</b>
<b>Closing balance of retained earnings</b>	<b>640.37</b>	<b>539.02</b>

### 2. Result of Operations and the State of Company's Affairs

During the year under review, the Company's total revenue grew by 5% to ₹ 4,777.21 million compared to ₹ 4,564.56 million in the previous year. Profit before tax and exceptional items fell by 52.69% to ₹ 169.26 million.

There is strong revenue growth, however, there is a decline in the profits for the current year mainly due to the alignment of Danfoss Corporate policies and standards.

### 3. Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 was held on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2022 through Video Conferencing ('VC') / Other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM').

#### **4. Dividend**

The directors do not recommend any dividend for the year under review.

#### **5. Transfer to reserves**

The Company is not proposing any transfer to the General Reserve for the financial year 2022-23.

#### **6. Eaton's shareholding & Name change**

On January 21, 2020, Eaton Corporation Plc. (Ultimate Holding Company) executed a Stock and Asset Purchase Agreement to sell the Hydraulic business to Danfoss A/S, a Danish industrial company. As a part of this global agreement, shares of Eaton Fluid Power Limited (the Hydraulic business entity of Eaton Corporation in India) have been sold by ETN Holding 2 Limited (52.61%) and Eaton Technologies Private Limited (45%) to Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (a step-down subsidiary of Danfoss International A/S, Denmark) on 2<sup>nd</sup> August 2021. Consequently, 97.61% of the shares of the Company are now held by Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (Member of Danfoss Group).

The company has changed its name from "EATON FLUID POWER LIMITED" to "DANFOSS SYSTEMS LIMITED" with effect from 27<sup>th</sup> December 2022 and Company has received a Certificate for change of Name from Registrar of Companies, Pune.

#### **7. Extract of annual return**

Pursuant to the amendments made on 28th August 2020 under section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12 (1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, extract of annual return in MGT 9 is not required to be attached.

The annual return will be uploaded in the Danfoss website (<https://www.danfoss.com/en/about-danfoss/company/financial-information/>).

#### **8. Directors and Key Managerial Personnel**

Mr. Surendra Kelkar has resigned from the post of Independent director w.e.f. 31<sup>st</sup> October 2022. Consequently he had resigned from Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

Mrs. Prajakta Sangoram completed five years of Independent directorship and has been reappointed as an Independent director w.e.f 10<sup>th</sup> November 2022 for the second term of 5 years.

Post closure of the financial year as on 31st March 2023, the following changes are there in the composition of the Board.

Mr. Prasanna Kumar Guttahalli (DIN: 08873121) has resigned from the position of Director of the Company effective from 24<sup>th</sup> May 2023.



Mr. Binu Antony Kuttickatt (DIN: 10167302) has been appointed as an additional Director effective from 29<sup>th</sup> May 2023.

Mr. Akshay B Purandare (DIN: 09036987) has been appointed as an additional Independent Director effective from 19th July 2023.

#### **9. Number of meetings of the Board**

Four meetings of the Board were held during the year under review and the gap between the two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days:

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Date of the Board Meeting</b>
1.	June 13,2022
2.	September 6,2022
3.	October 31,2022
4.	February 24, 2023

#### **10. Independent Director's Meeting**

Independent Director's meeting was held on 05<sup>th</sup> September 2022 for the financial year 2022-2023.

#### **11. Number of meetings of the Audit Committee**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Date of the Meeting</b>
1.	September 06, 2022

#### **12. Number of meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committee (Circular Resolution)**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Date of the Meeting</b>
1.	November 10, 2022

### 13. Number of meetings of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Sr. No.	Date of the Meeting
1.	February 24, 2023

There were no meetings held for the Stakeholders Relationship Committee during the year since no grievance was received from shareholders.

### 14. Composition of Audit Committee as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Category
1.	Ravichandran Purushothaman	Chairman, Non-executive Additional Director
2.	Prajakta Sangoram	Non-executive, Independent Director

### 15. Composition of Stakeholders Relationship Committee as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Category
1.	Ravichandran Purushothaman	Chairman, Non-executive Additional Director
2.	Prajakta Sangoram	Non-executive, Independent Director

### 16. Composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Category
1.	Ravichandran Purushothaman	Chairman, Non-executive Director
2.	Prajakta Sangoram	Non-executive, Independent Director

The committees were reconstituted after the appointment of Mr. Akshay Purandare as Independent Director w. e. f. 19th July 2023.

### 17. Directors Responsibility Statement

In accordance with provisions of Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 your Directors state that:

- a. In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2023, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same.
- b. The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as of March 31, 2023, and of the profit of the company for the year ended on that date.
- c. The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- d. the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis and.
- e. the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

#### **18. Statement of declaration given by independent directors**

The Company has received the necessary declaration from each independent director under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 that the director meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **19. Company's policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration [Sec. 178(3)]**

Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') requires the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to formulate a Policy relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP), Senior Management, and other employees of the Company and recommend the same for approval of the Board of Directors of the Company. Further, Section 178(4) of the Act stipulates that the policy shall be disclosed in the Board Report. Moreover, Section 134 of the Act stipulates that the Board's Report shall include a statement on the Company's Policy on directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of director and remuneration for key managerial personnel and other employees.

The Company's Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees is attached as **Annexure A** to this report.

#### **20. Statutory Auditors**

The Company has appointed M/s. S R B C & CO LLP, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration Number 324982E / E300003) statutory auditors in 54<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019 for a period of 5 years to hold office till the conclusion of the 59<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.

## **21. Explanation or comments on qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimers made by the statutory auditors in their reports**

No qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks, or disclaimers were made by the statutory auditors in their report on the Audit of the Financial Statements.

Under Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements in para 2 (b) the auditors had stated a factual comment which is reproduced below

*2 (b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except that the Company does not have server physically located in India for daily backup of the books of the account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode.*

Our response to the above comment:

The Company is in the process of having a server for daily backup of the books of the account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode. At present the Company is maintaining all the data as per the global policies of the Company.

## **22. Details in respect of frauds reported by auditors under sub-section (12) of section 143 other than those which are reportable to the Central Government**

During the year under review, there were no frauds reported by the statutory auditors to audit committee or the Board of Directors of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

## **23. Maintenance of cost records**

The Company is required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and accordingly such accounts and records are maintained.

## **24. Cost Auditors**

Your Company has appointed M/s. C.S. Adawadkar & Co., Cost Accountants as Cost Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2022-23. No qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimers made by the cost auditors in their report for the financial year 2022-23.

## **25. Secretarial Auditors**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, the Company has appointed M/s. DVD & Associates, Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The secretarial Audit Report for the financial year 2022-23 issued in the prescribed form MR-3 is annexed to this Report.

The following observations are made in the Secretarial audit report:

(a) Mr. Surendra Kelkar, Independent Director resigned on 31<sup>st</sup> October 2022. The Company was required to appoint an Independent Director in his place as per Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company took the required steps for finalising the independent Director but due to the non-availability of a suitable person, the Company was not able to appoint an independent Director before 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023. The vacancy was filled by appointment of Mr. Akshay Purandare, on 19<sup>th</sup> July 2023.

(b) Mr. Surendra Kelkar also ceased to be member of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholder Relationship Committee w. e. f. 31<sup>st</sup> October 2022 due to his resignation as Independent Director. The committees were reconstituted as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 w. e. f. 19<sup>th</sup> July 2023 after the appointment of Mr. Akshay Purandare.

The board had acknowledged two observations, which are self-explanatory in nature.

No other qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks, or a disclaimer were made by the Secretarial Auditors in their report.

## **26. Particulars of loans, guarantees, or investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013**

The Company has not given any loans, guarantees or investments covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## **27. Contracts and Arrangements with related parties**

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, all the transactions entered with related parties were in ordinary course of business and are at Arm's Length.

**The Report of the Board of Directors of the Company contains the following information and details namely:**

**28. Material changes and commitments between the date of the balance sheet and the date of the report:** No material changes

## **29. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY**

### **Energy conservation measures taken**

- Admin building office LED Lights installation work completed for all floors. Annual energy saving of 51770 KWH Units.
- Industrial Valve test stand replaced 30 KW old Motor with Energy Efficient 15 KW Motor and installed Bent axis piston pump to get better energy efficiency. Annual energy savings are estimated to be 6000 KWH Units.
- Maintained unity power factor throughout the year. This has saved 1.68 Lacs KVAH units/year.
- 409 KWP Solar Power plant (Roof Top and Ground Mounted) installation has generated 597602 KWH Green energy in Year 2022-23 and exported 35270 KWH Units to MSEDCL Grid.

### **Additional Investments and proposal, if any, being implemented for reduction in consumption of energy**

- Air Compressor demand side management by implementing Intelligent Flow Control (IFC) device in compressed Air line. This will save 39312 KWH Units / Year.

### **TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION**

- The Company has initiated transition to "One ERP system" from the multiple legacy ERPs in use currently. This will help in better control and flow of data and process within the organization and seamless integration with other group companies in Danfoss environment.

### **30. Foreign exchange earnings and outgo**

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows are as follows:

Earnings in foreign currency: INR 819.30 million

Expenditure in foreign currency: INR 1,871.54 million

### **31. Statement indicating development and implementation of a risk management policy for the Company including identification therein of elements of risk, if any, which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company**

The Company has instituted adequate internal controls and processes to have a cohesive view of risk identification, optimal risk mitigation responses, and efficient management of internal control and assurance activities. In the opinion of the Board, there are no risks which may threaten the existence of the Company.

### **32. Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee has formulated and recommended to the Board of Directors of the Company, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company, which has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The brief outline of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy of the Company and the initiatives undertaken on CSR activities during the year are set out in **Annexure B** of this report in the format prescribed in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

### **33. The details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in the future**

No significant or material orders were passed by the regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impacts the going concern status and the Company's operations.

#### **34. Deposits**

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from the public was outstanding as on the date of the Balance Sheet.

#### **35. Particulars of employees**

No additional information is required to be disclosed under sub-rule (2) of Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time.

#### **36. Secretarial Standards**

The Company is in compliance with the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

#### **37. Status of corporate insolvency resolution process, if any, initiated under insolvency and bankruptcy code, 2016: Nil**

#### **38. Status of corporate actions during the year, if any: Nil**

#### **39. The details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the banks or financial institutions along with the reasons thereof**

During the year, there has been no one-time settlement of the Loan and therefore this point is not applicable.

#### **40. Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013**

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. Internal Complaints Committee(s) (ICC) has been set up across all its locations in India to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. The cases, if any, reported to such Committee(s) are investigated by the respective Committee(s) members and the detailed report thereon is presented to the Board of Directors of the Company on a regular basis. The Board of Directors of the Company confirms that there were no cases filed during the year and there were no pending cases of sexual harassment in the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023.

#### **41. Acknowledgement**

Your directors would like to express their sincere appreciation for the assistance and cooperation received from the banks, Government authorities, customers, vendors, and members during the year under review. Your directors also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the committed services of the Company's executives, staff, and workers.

**By order of the Board**

**For Danfoss Systems Limited**

**(Formerly Known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**

Sd/-

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**

**DIRECTOR**

**DIN: 06584433**

**Date: 28th August 2023**

**Place: Chennai**



## **Nomination & Remuneration Policy**

The Board of Directors of Danfoss Systems Limited (Formerly Eaton Power Fluid Limited) ("the Company"), in view of enforcement of Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed thereunder designated the Remuneration Committee as "Nomination and Remuneration Committee" at the Meeting held on August 24, 2018 with immediate effect.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and this Policy shall be in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read along with the applicable rules thereto.

### **1. DEFINITIONS**

**Board** means Board of Directors of the Company.

**Key Managerial Personnel** shall have the same meaning as given in Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed thereunder.

**Senior Management** shall mean personnel of the company (which include persons engaged as retainer or on contractual basis) and who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors, comprising all members of management one level below the executive directors, including the functional heads.

The words and definitions not described herein above shall have the respective meanings under the Acts and legislations governing the same.

### **2. TERMS OF REFERENCE/ROLE OF COMMITTEE**

The Terms of Reference of the Committee shall be:

- a) To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- b) To carry out the evaluation of every director's performance.
- c) To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, and independence of a director.
- d) To recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration of directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- e) To ensure that the relationship of remuneration to performance in respect of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and employees of Senior Management is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.

### **3. RETIREMENT AGE OF DIRECTORS, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL**

The KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall retire as per the prevailing HR policy of the Company.

### **4. DECISION AND VOTING POWERS**

All the decisions of the Committee shall be taken by a vote of majority. The Members of the Committee shall be entitled to vote and in case of equality, the Chairman of the Committee shall have a casting vote.

### **5. COMPOSITION OF COMMITTEE**

The Committee shall comprise of at least three Non-Executive Directors, at least half of whom shall be Independent Directors. The Board may appoint the Chairperson of the Company whether executive or non-executive as a member of this committee.

### **6. CHAIRPERSON**

The Chairperson of the Committee shall be Non-Executive Director.

In the absence of the Chairperson, the members of the Committee present at the meeting shall choose one of the Non-Executive Directors amongst them to act as Chairperson.

The Chairperson of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall endeavor to be present at the Annual General Meeting.

### **7. MISCELLANEOUS**

A member of the Committee is not entitled to be present when his or her own or his or her relative(s) remuneration is discussed at a meeting or when his or her or his or her relative(s) performance is being evaluated.

The Committee may invite Executive Directors, functional heads and outside experts, as it considers appropriate, to be present at the meetings of the Committee.

The Company Secretary of the Company shall act as Secretary of the Committee.

**By order of the Board**  
**For Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**

Sd/-

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**

**Date: August 28, 2023**

**Place: Chennai**

## Annual Report on CSR Activities

### 1. Brief outline of CSR Policy of the Company.

Your Company is committed to the credence that Public and Community Affairs will enhance Company's global reputation by:

- Making our communities and workplaces better places to live, work and thrive
- Delivering functional excellence by aligning with business plans and the Danfoss Systems Limited framework.
- Creating powerful relationships with community leaders and organizations

In furtherance to this commitment and in compliance with the objectives and requirements set both in Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 ('Act') and the Rules notified thereunder, the Company has developed its CSR policy. The Company has established a CSR Committee as per the provision of the Companies Act 2013. CSR Committee recommends CSR activities to be undertaken by the Company, to the Board of Directors of the Company as specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013.

### 2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Ravichandran Purushothaman	Director	1	1
2	Prajakta Sangoram	Independent Director	1	1

During the Financial Year 2022-23, Mr. Surendra Kelkar ceased to be a member of the committee due to his resignation from the position of Director of the Company effective from October 31, 2022. After the financial year closure, Mr. Akshay B Purandare (DIN : 09036987) has been appointed as an additional Independent Director and also a member of the CSR committee effective from 19th July 2023.

### 3. Provide the web-link where the Composition of the CSR committee, CSR Policy, and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.

<https://www.danfoss.com/en-in/about-danfoss/csr-at-danfoss-india/>

**4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report): Not Applicable**

**5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any: NA**

**6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) (calculated for 3 preceding financial years i.e. FY 2019-20, FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-22): Rs. 174.16 Million**

**7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. 3.5 Million**

**(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: NA**

**(c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NA**

**(d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): INR 3.5 Million**

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**8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:**

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in INR)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per the second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer
NIL	-	-	PRIME MINISTER NATIONAL RELIEF FUND	INR 3.5 million	18th August 2023

**CSR Policy and Projects:**

The Committee has formulated a CSR Policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by your Company as per the Companies Act, 2013. It reviews and recommends the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities to be undertaken by your Company in addition to monitoring the CSR Policy of your Company from time to time.

**CSR Spend:**

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: NA

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against **other than ongoing projects** for the financial year:

(d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NA

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NA

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e): NA

(g) Excess amount for set off, if any: NA

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs. Million)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	3.50
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	3.50

(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	-
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	-
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	-

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: **NA**

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer.	
1.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Sl. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Status of the project - Completed /Ongoing.
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

**10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year**

**(asset-wise details).**

(a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s). NA

(b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset. NA

(c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc. NA

(d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset). NA

**11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5):** In line with the provisions of law post closure of the financial year, the Company has contributed INR 3.5 million to Prime Ministers National Relief Fund on 18<sup>th</sup> August 2023.

Sd/-  Ravichandran Purushothaman (Director) (DIN: 06584433)	Sd/-  Binu Antony Kuttickatt (Director) (DIN:10167302)
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**FORM NO. MR-3  
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH 2023**

Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the  
Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,  
The Members  
Danfoss Systems Limited  
(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)  
145, Mumbai Pune Road,  
Pimpri, Pune - 411 018

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate governance practices by Danfoss Systems Limited (Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) (Hereinafter called "the Company").

The Secretarial Audit was conducted for the period from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023, in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances of the Company and expressing our opinion thereon. We have been engaged as Secretarial Auditors of the Company to conduct the Audit of the Company to examine the compliance of Companies Act and the laws specifically listed below.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 according to the provisions of the following list of laws and regulations:

**(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under:** The Company has satisfactorily complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under except the points mentioned specifically in this report.

**(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under:** The Company is an unlisted Company and therefore provisions of The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') are not applicable.

**(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under:**

The company is an unlisted public company and around 68,67,502 of the shares are in dematerialised form and the Company has complied with the provisions of The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under.

(iv) The Company has satisfactorily complied with the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings and there are no discrepancies observed by us during the period under review.

(v) The following Regulations and Guidelines (as amended from time to time) prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -



The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)

(a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 - Not Applicable

(b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; - Not Applicable;

(c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 - Not Applicable;

(d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 - Not Applicable;

(e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 - Not Applicable; and

(f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 - Not Applicable;

(g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client - Not Applicable;

(h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; - Not Applicable;

The Company is an unlisted Company and therefore provisions of Regulations and Guidelines mentioned above and prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') are not applicable.

I further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, the Company has complied with the following laws applicable specifically to the Company:

- a. Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986 read with the Bureau of Indian Standards rules, 1987
- b. Batteries (Management & Handling) Rule, 2001, Batteries (Management and Handling), Amendments Rules, 2010
- c. Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989
- d. Indian Wireless Telegraphy Act, 1933 & The Indian Wireless Telegraph Rules, 1973
- e. The Motor Vehicle Act, 1988 read with Central Motor Vehicle Rules, 1989
- f. Explosive Act, 1884 and Gas Cylinders Rules, 2004
- g. Petroleum Act, 1934 read with Petroleum Rules, 2002
- h. Legal Metrology Act, 2009 read with Maharashtra Legal Metrology (Enforcement) Rules, 2011

**We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:**

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The Company has duly complied with the Secretarial Standards as amended for the period under review.

(ii) The Company being an unlisted Company the clauses of Listing agreement / SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015 are not applicable.

**We further report that: -**

There are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with its size & operation to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws including general laws, labour laws, competition law and environmental laws. The following are the observations for the financial year under review:

Mr. Surendra Kelkar, Independent Director had resigned on 31<sup>st</sup> October 2022. The Company was required to appoint an Independent Director in his place as per Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company took required steps for finalising the independent Director but due to non-availability of a suitable person, the Company was not able to appoint an independent Director before 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023. The vacancy was filled by appointment of Mr. Akshay Purandare, on 19<sup>th</sup> July 2023.

Mr. Surendra Kelkar also ceased to be member of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholder Relationship Committee w. e. f. 31<sup>st</sup> October 2022 due to his resignation as Independent Director. The committees were reconstituted as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 w. e. f. 19<sup>th</sup> July 2023 after the appointment of Mr. Akshay Purandare.

Adequate notice is given to all directors about the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting for meaningful participation at the meeting. All decisions at Board Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors

We further report that during the year following major decisions, specific events / actions have occurred which has major bearing on the affairs of the Company in pursuance of above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc:

- a. The name of the Company was changed from formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited to **Danfoss Systems Limited**. The Company has taken shareholder's approval for change of name through Postal Ballot and has complied with provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder. The Company has received Change of Name Certificate from authorities dated 27<sup>th</sup> December 2022.
- b. Consequent to the Change of Name of the Company, Name clause of Memorandum of Association was altered and New set of Article of Association as per Companies Act, 2013 was adopted by the Company. The Company has complied with provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder.
- c. Ms. Prajakta Sangoram, Independent Director was appointed as Independent Director for the second term of 5 years w. e. f. 10<sup>th</sup> November 2022.

**FOR DVD & ASSOCIATES  
COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Sd/-

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**DEVENDRA V. DESHPANDE**  
Proprietor  
FCS No. 6099  
CP No. 6515  
PR No. 1164/2021

**DATE: 28.08.2023**  
**PLACE: PUNE**  
**UDIN: F006099E000892261**

## **ANNEXURE A**

To,  
The Members  
Danfoss Systems Limited  
145, Mumbai Pune Road,  
Pimpri, Pune - 411 018

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards are the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**FOR DVD & ASSOCIATES  
COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Sd/-

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**DEVENDRA V. DESHPANDE**  
Proprietor  
FCS No. 6099  
CP No. 6515  
PR No. 1164/2021

**DATE : 28.08.2023**  
**PLACE: PUNE**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of Danfoss Systems Limited (formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Danfoss Systems Limited (formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India,

including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

*(This space has been left blank intentionally)*

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except that the Company does not have server physically located in India for daily backup of the books of the account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) The observation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph (b) above.
  - (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
  - (h) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
  - (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer note 30 to the financial statements;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv.
  - a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
  - c) Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only w.e.f. April 01, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For **S R B C & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration number: 324982E/E300003

Sd/-

**per Tridevlal Khandelwal**

Partner

Membership number: 501160

UDIN: 23501160BGYHDI2713

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

**Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date**

**Re: Danfoss Systems Limited (formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) (the “Company”)**

**In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:**

- (i) a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.  
  
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangibles assets.
  - b) All Property, Plant and Equipment were physically verified by the management in the previous year in accordance with a planned program of verifying them once in three years which is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.
  - d) The Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment (including Right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2023.
  - e) There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year except for inventories lying with third parties. In our opinion, the frequency of verification by the management is reasonable and the coverage and procedure for such verification is appropriate. Discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory were not noticed on such physical verification. Inventories lying with third parties have been confirmed by them as at March 31, 2023.
- b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. Five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- (iii) a) During the year the Company has provided loans / advances in the nature of loans to its employees as follows:

	<b>Guarantees</b>	<b>Security</b>	<b>Loans</b>	<b>Advances in nature of loans</b>
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year				
- Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Joint Ventures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Associates	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Others (employees)	Nil	Nil	1.45	1.54
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases				
- Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Joint Ventures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Associates	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Others (employees)	Nil	Nil	1.64	0.25

The Company has not provided any other loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties other than those disclosed above.

- b) During the year, the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, to its employees are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- c) The Company has granted loans and advance in the nature of loans during the year to its employees where the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayment or receipts are regular.
- d) There are no amounts of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted to employees which are overdue for more than ninety days.
- f) There were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to any other parties which was fallen due during the year, that have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (iv) There are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1)

of the Act, related to the manufacture of machinery and other components, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same.

- (vii) (a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, profession tax, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of custom, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the records of the Company, the dues of income-tax, sales tax, excise and VAT on account of any dispute, are as follows:

<b>Name of the statute</b>	<b>Nature of dues</b>	<b>Amount (INR millions) #*</b>	<b>Period to which the amount relates</b>	<b>Forum where dispute is pending</b>
The Central Excise Act, 1944	CENVAT credit not reversed on various items.	4.50	FY 1997- 98, FY 2002-03 and FY 2003-04.	CESTAT
	Disallowance of CENVAT credit on Job work, canteen recovery etc.	53.34	FY 2008-09 to FY 2012-13 and FY 2016-17	CESTAT
Finance Act, 1994	Service tax credit not reversed in proportion to trading turnover under Rule 6 (3A).	15.66	FY 2010-11 to FY 2012-13	CESTAT
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 (CST) / Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1959 (BST)	Liability for non-submission of various forms and various other matters.	1.83	FY 2017-18	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax
	Liability for non-submission of various forms and various other matters.	1.47 (Net of amount paid under protest amounting to INR 0.21 million)	FY 2012-13	The Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal
Maharashtra Value Added Tax	Liability for value added tax payable being set off under rule 52 of MVAT	0.32	FY 2017-18	Joint Commissioner of Sales Tax

<b>Name of the statute</b>	<b>Nature of dues</b>	<b>Amount (INR millions) #*</b>	<b>Period to which the amount relates</b>	<b>Forum where dispute is pending</b>
Act, 2002 (MVAT)	rules and other disallowances.			
	Liability for disallowance of set off and other disallowances.	4.36 (Net of amount paid under protest amounting to INR 1.97 million)	FY 2009-10 and FY 2011-12	The Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal
Income Tax Act, 1961	Disallowance of Bonus / Ex-gratia and contribution to Superannuation Fund.	0.39	FY 1978-79, FY 1982-83 and FY 1983-84	Bombay High Court
	Disallowance due to various transfer pricing adjustments.	7.89	FY 2016-17	Income Tax Appellate Tribunal
	Demand under sec 143(1) for GST, Service tax refund disclosed in TAR added back as income.	24.57	FY 2021-22	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)

#Amounts disclosed above are excluding interest and penalty.

\*Not yet deposited

- (viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- c) Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- f) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on Clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (x) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments). The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit. Hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) and (b) are not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) a) No material fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of the audit report, for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- d) There are no other Companies part of the Group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in immediately preceding financial year.

- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 46 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of assets and payment of liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, the Company has transferred unspent amount to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year, in compliance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 25 to the financial statements.
- b) There are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing projects, that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section (6) of section 135 of Companies Act, 2013. This matter has been disclosed in note 25 to the financial statements.

**For S R B C & CO LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003**

Sd/-

**per Tridevlal Khandelwal**  
Partner  
Membership Number: 501160  
UDIN: 23501160BGYHDI2713

Place: Pune  
Date: August 28, 2023

**Annexure 2 referred to in paragraph 2(g) under the heading “Report on other legal and regulatory requirements” of our report of even date**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Danfoss Systems Limited (formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) (“the Company”) as at March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

**Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company’s Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

**Auditor’s Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.

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### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Financial Statements**

A company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to these Financial Statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

### **For S R B C & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration number: 324982E/E300003

Sd/-

### **per Tridevlal Khandelwal**

Partner

Membership number: 501160

UDIN: 23501160BGYHDI2713

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Balance sheet as at March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	3A	591.38	447.43
Capital work in progress	3B	6.11	99.70
Right-of-use assets	3A	1.35	0.84
Financial assets			
Loans	4	1.19	1.20
Trade receivables	5	7.90	5.09
Other financial assets	6	7.68	5.49
Other non-current assets	9	48.31	57.13
Deferred tax asset (net)	32	45.46	55.58
Income tax assets (net)		169.03	169.03
		<b>878.41</b>	<b>841.49</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	7	800.45	858.36
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	5	1,008.72	1,032.48
Cash and cash equivalents	8	3.50	43.82
Loans	4	0.69	0.37
Other financial assets	6	0.01	0.01
Other current assets	9	93.34	175.22
		<b>1,906.71</b>	<b>2,110.26</b>
		<b>2,785.12</b>	<b>2,951.75</b>
<b>Total assets</b>			
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	10	69.64	69.64
Other equity	11	772.07	670.72
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>841.71</b>	<b>740.36</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	12	467.50	837.50
Non-current provisions	15	-	4.04
		<b>467.50</b>	<b>841.54</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	12	196.11	115.19
Lease liabilities	41	1.39	0.75
Trade payable: total outstanding dues of:			
- micro and small enterprises	13	157.40	202.49
- other than micro and small enterprises	13	761.01	715.83
Other financial liabilities	14	32.38	31.40
Current provisions	15	74.15	143.78
Other current liabilities	16	232.97	98.28
Current tax liabilities (net)		20.50	62.13
		<b>1,475.91</b>	<b>1,369.85</b>
		<b>1,943.41</b>	<b>2,211.39</b>
		<b>2,785.12</b>	<b>2,951.75</b>

Summary of significant accounting policies

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements

As per our report of even date

**For S R B C & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 324982E/E300003

Sd/-

**per Tridevlal Khandelwal**

Partner

Membership No: 501160

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Danfoss Systems Limited**

Sd/-

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**

Director

DIN: 06584433

Place: Chennai

Date: August 28, 2023

Sd/-

**Binu Antony Kuttickatt**

Director

DIN: 10167302

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023



**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Statement of Profit and Loss for year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

Particulars	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>Income</b>			
Revenue from operations	17	4,777.21	4,564.56
Other income	18	47.06	37.82
<b>Total income</b>		<b>4,824.27</b>	<b>4,602.38</b>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Cost of raw material and components consumed	19	2,168.43	2,277.41
Purchase of traded goods		1,123.30	987.91
Change in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods	20	27.11	(167.74)
Employee benefits expense	21	387.89	378.89
Depreciation and amortisation expense	22	85.66	92.61
Finance costs	23	76.11	75.43
Other expenses	24	786.51	636.65
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>4,655.01</b>	<b>4,281.16</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>169.26</b>	<b>321.22</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>			
Current Tax	32	37.24	105.46
Tax expense for earlier years		9.05	2.80
Deferred tax charge / (credit)		13.01	(55.58)
<b>Total tax expense</b>		<b>59.30</b>	<b>52.68</b>
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>109.96</b>	<b>268.54</b>
<b>Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)</b>			
<b>Items that will not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</b>			
Re-measurement (loss) on defined benefit plans	28	(11.50)	(17.61)
Income tax effect	32	2.89	4.43
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>(8.61)</b>	<b>(13.18)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>101.35</b>	<b>255.36</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>			
Nominal value per share INR 10 (March 31, 2022: INR 10)	26		
Basic and diluted		15.79	38.56

**Summary of significant accounting policies** 2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements

As per our report of even date

**For S R B C & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No: 324982E/E300003

Sd/-

**per Tridevlal Khandelwal**

Partner

Membership No: 501160

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Danfoss Systems Limited**

Sd/-

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**

Director

DIN: 06584433

Place: Chennai

Date: August 28, 2023

Sd/-

**Binu Antony Kuttickatt**

Director

DIN: 10167302

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Statement of Cash Flows for the year Ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>		
Profit before tax	169.26	321.22
<b>Adjustment to reconcile Profit before tax to net cash flow</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	85.66	92.61
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	38.67	5.69
Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain) (net)	(0.54)	(4.07)
(Gain)/loss on sale/discard of property, plant and equipment (net)	(0.25)	(0.79)
Interest on income tax provision	-	5.46
Provisions no longer required	(17.14)	-
Finance cost	76.11	75.43
Interest income	(1.33)	(4.56)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>350.44</b>	<b>491.57</b>
<b>Changes in working capital and other provisions</b>		
Trade receivables	(18.06)	25.37
Inventories	57.91	(171.32)
Financial assets	(2.50)	0.31
Other assets	109.74	(53.46)
Trade payable	0.97	10.54
Provisions	(68.03)	6.26
Financial liabilities	0.98	2.49
Other liabilities	134.69	34.63
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>566.14</b>	<b>346.39</b>
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(87.92)	(66.51)
<b>Net cash flow from operating activities (A)</b>	<b>478.22</b>	<b>279.88</b>
<b>Cash flow from / (used in) investing activities</b>		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (including capital work-in-progress and capital advances)	(152.43)	(185.36)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	0.25	0.79
Interest received	1.33	4.56
<b>Net cash flow (used in) investing activities (B)</b>	<b>(150.85)</b>	<b>(180.01)</b>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(2.84)	(3.15)
Interest paid	(79.24)	(88.30)
Repayment of short term borrowings to Related party	(37.50)	(1,168.00)
Repayment of long term borrowings to related party	(230.00)	(55.00)
Repayment of long term borrowings to other than related party	(18.11)	-
Proceeds of long term borrowings	-	930.00
Proceeds of short term borrowings	-	241.47
<b>Net cash flow (used in) financing activities (C)</b>	<b>(367.69)</b>	<b>(142.98)</b>
<b>Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)</b>	<b>(40.32)</b>	<b>(43.11)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	43.82	86.93
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>43.82</b>
<b>Components of cash and cash equivalents (refer note 8)</b>		
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	-	43.82
- in deposit accounts	3.50	-
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>3.50</b>	<b>43.82</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements

As per our report of even date

**For S R B C & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

Sd/-

**per Tridevlal Khandelwal**

Partner

**Membership No: 501160**

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Danfoss Systems Limited**

Sd/-

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**

Director

DIN: 06584433

Place: Chennai

Date: August 28, 2023

Sd/-

**Binu Antony Kuttickatt**

Director

DIN: 10167302

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)  
**Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)

**a. Equity share capital**

	No.	Amount
<b>Equity shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid</b>		
As at March 31, 2022	6.96	69.64
As at March 31, 2023	6.96	69.64

**b. Other equity**

**For the year ended March 31, 2022**

Particulars	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Total
<b>Balance as at April 01, 2021</b>	<b>131.70</b>	<b>283.66</b>	<b>415.36</b>
Profit for the year	-	268.54	268.54
Other Comprehensive income	-	(13.18)	(13.18)
<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>255.36</b>	<b>255.36</b>
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>131.70</b>	<b>539.02</b>	<b>670.72</b>

**For the year ended March 31, 2023**

Particulars	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Total
<b>Balance as at April 01, 2022</b>	<b>131.70</b>	<b>539.02</b>	670.72
Profit for the year	-	109.96	109.96
Other Comprehensive income	-	(8.61)	(8.61)
<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>101.35</b>	<b>101.35</b>
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>131.70</b>	<b>640.37</b>	<b>772.07</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements

As per our report of even date

**For S R B C & CO LLP**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

Sd/-

**per Tridevlal Khandelwal**

Partner

Membership No: 501160

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**Danfoss Systems Limited**

Sd/-

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**

Director

DIN: 06584433

Place: Chennai

Date: August 28, 2023

Sd/-

**Binu Antony Kuttickatt**

Director

DIN: 10167302

Place: Pune

Date: August 28, 2023

## **1. Corporate information**

Danfoss Systems Limited (formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited), (“the Company”) is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in manufacturing and trading of Fluid Power Hydraulic Equipments such as Pumps, Gear Pumps, Valves, Cylinders, Packaged systems and related components. As at March 31, 2021, ETN Holding 2 Limited, Mauritius and Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India holds 52.61 percent and 45 percent of share capital respectively with the remaining shares held by the public. On August 02, 2021, the shares held by ETN Holding 2 Limited and Eaton Technologies Private Limited (97.61%) are sold to Danfoss Industries Private Limited by way of a Share purchase agreement. During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company has changed its legal name as Danfoss Systems Limited w.e.f. December 27, 2022. The registered office of the Company is located at 145, Mumbai Pune road, Pimpri, Pune - 411018. The CIN of the Company is U29120PN1965PLC015850.

The Ind AS financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on August 28, 2023.

## **2. Significant accounting policies**

### **2.1 Basis of preparation**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (“Ind AS”) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and presentation requirements of division II of schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (Ind AS compliant schedule III).

The Ind AS financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value. The Ind AS financial statements are presented in INR million which is also the functional currency of the Company. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest INR million unless otherwise stated.

The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

### **2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies**

The following are the significant accounting policies applied by the Company in preparing its Ind AS financial statements:

#### **a. Current versus non-current classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

## **b. Foreign currencies**

### **Transactions and balances**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at their functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. The Company uses a monthly average rate if the average approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

## **c. Fair value measurement**

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the Ind AS financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above. This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes:

For disclosure for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions (refer note 27)

For disclosure for financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (refer note 35)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the Ind AS financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

#### **d. Revenue from contract with customers**

##### **Sale of products**

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government e.g. goods and service tax (GST). The normal credit term is 30 to 120 days upon delivery. In determining the transaction price for the sale of goods, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in note 27.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price for the sale of goods, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer if any.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised.

##### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due when billing has been done) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

##### **Trade Receivables**

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

##### **Sale of services**

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period. The Company collects GST on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the Company.

Revenue from heat treatment, maintenance services are recognised on cost plus basis in accordance with the terms of contract.

##### **Interest income**

For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

### **Rental income**

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term, other than escalations on account of inflation.

### **Export incentive**

Export incentives are recognised at the time of exports and when it is reasonably certain that the amounts would be recovered.

### **e. Government grants**

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

### **f. Taxes**

The tax expense for the year of current and deferred tax, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### **Current income tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income (OCI) or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside Statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

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***Goods and Services tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses***

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of Goods and Services tax paid, except:

- (i) When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.
- (ii) When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included

The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

**g. Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line method based on estimated useful lives as follows:

<b>Asset Block</b>	<b>Useful Life prescribed in Schedule II of the Act (Years)</b>	<b>Useful life estimated by the management (Years)</b>
Buildings	3 to 60	9 to 40
Roads	3 to 10	10
Plant and equipment	8 to 15	4 to 10
Furniture and fixtures	10	10
Office equipment	5	10
Electrical installations and equipment	10	10
Computer hardware	3 to 6	3

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the period of the lease.

Low value assets individually costing less than INR 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase, as the management is of the view that the technical assessment of useful life of such assets do not generally exceed one year.

The Company, based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, depreciates certain items of plant and equipment over estimated useful lives which are different from the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

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#### **h. Intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset

##### ***Computer Software***

Software licenses without useful economic life are charged off to the Statement of profit and loss in the year of purchase. Software's with perpetual licenses are capitalized and the costs are amortized on a straight line method over a period of five years.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### **i. Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

#### **j. Leases**

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

##### **Company as a lessee**

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

##### **Right-of-use assets**

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

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### **Lease Liabilities**

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

### **Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets**

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date with no option for extension and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### **Company as a lessor**

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

### **k. Inventories**

Raw materials, components and traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials, components and traded goods is determined on a yearly weighted average basis.

Work-in-progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity. Cost is determined on a yearly weighted average basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Provision for obsolescence is determined based on management assessment and is charged to the Statement of profit and loss.

### **l. Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Company assesses at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset,

unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years.

Impairment losses, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

#### **m. Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

#### ***Warranty provisions***

Provisions for warranty related costs are recognised when the product is sold or service provided to the customer. Initial recognition is based on historical experience. The initial estimate of warranty related costs is revised annually.

#### **n. Contingent liabilities**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Ind AS financial statements.

#### **o. Retirement and other employee benefits**

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund and superannuation are defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the respective funds. The Company recognizes contribution payable to these funds as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the funds are recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to Statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next 12 months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred. The Company presents the leave as a current liability in the Balance Sheet to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date. Where Company has the unconditional legal and contractual right to defer the settlement for a period beyond 12 months, the same is presented as non-current liability.

#### **p. Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### **Financial assets**

##### ***Initial recognition and measurement***

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through Statement of profit and loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

##### ***Subsequent measurement***

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through Statement of profit and loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

##### ***Debt instruments at amortised cost***

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

### ***Derecognition***

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

### ***Impairment of financial assets***

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- b) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the Statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation of financial assets measured as at amortised cost and contractual revenue receivables is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

## **Financial liabilities**

### ***Initial recognition and measurement***

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of profit and loss, loans and borrowings or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings.

### ***Subsequent measurement***

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

***Financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of profit and loss***

Financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of profit and loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through Statement of profit and loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109.

**Loans and borrowings**

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. This category generally applies to borrowings.

***Derecognition***

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

**Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

**q. Operating Segment**

Operating Segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker. The Chief Operating Decision Maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

**r. Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

**s. Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit and loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit and loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

**2.3. New and amended standards**

The Company applied for the first-time certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 01, 2022.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules, 2022 dated March 23, 2022, to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from April 01, 2022.

**a. Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract - Amendments to Ind AS 37**

An onerous contract is a contract under which the unavoidable cost of meeting the obligations under the contract exceeds the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

The amendments specify that when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making, an entity needs to include costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services including both incremental costs (e.g., the costs of direct labour and materials) and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities (e.g., depreciation of equipment used to fulfil the contract and costs of contract management and supervision). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

Several amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in the year ended March 31, 2023, but do not have a material impact on financial statements of the Company.

**2.3.1 Standards notified but not yet effective**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated March 31, 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from April 01, 2023.

**a. Presentation of financial statements – Ind AS 1**

The amendment specifies that an entity shall disclose material accounting policy information. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements; it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and need not be disclosed.

An entity shall disclose, along with material accounting policy information or other notes, the judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The Company is in process of evaluating this amendment.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)  
Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023  
(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)

**3A Property, plant and equipment**

Particulars	Freehold land	Leasehold improvement	Building	Roads	Plant and equipment	Computer hardware	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Electrical installation and equipments	Total	Building (ROU)
<b>Cost (refer note below)</b>											
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>0.66</b>	<b>12.72</b>	<b>114.74</b>	<b>8.31</b>	<b>909.52</b>	<b>29.64</b>	<b>20.78</b>	<b>7.78</b>	<b>12.36</b>	<b>1,116.51</b>	<b>7.48</b>
Additions (refer note 2 below)	0.03	-	68.11	-	43.45	6.83	6.34	-	-	<b>124.76</b>	-
Deletions/write offs	-	-	-	-	4.38	-	-	-	-	<b>4.38</b>	-
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>12.72</b>	<b>182.85</b>	<b>8.31</b>	<b>948.59</b>	<b>36.47</b>	<b>27.12</b>	<b>7.78</b>	<b>12.36</b>	<b>1,236.89</b>	<b>7.48</b>
Additions	-	-	14.61	-	197.99	14.38	-	-	-	<b>226.98</b>	3.14
Deletions/write offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.70	-	<b>0.70</b>	-
<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>12.72</b>	<b>197.45</b>	<b>8.31</b>	<b>1,146.58</b>	<b>50.85</b>	<b>27.12</b>	<b>7.08</b>	<b>12.36</b>	<b>1,463.17</b>	<b>10.62</b>
<b>Accumulated Depreciation (refer note below)</b>											
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11.51</b>	<b>47.13</b>	<b>6.07</b>	<b>578.06</b>	<b>24.93</b>	<b>19.06</b>	<b>5.13</b>	<b>11.83</b>	<b>703.72</b>	<b>4.15</b>
Charge for the year	-	0.54	12.57	0.91	67.18	6.31	1.94	0.62	0.05	<b>90.12</b>	2.49
Deletions/write offs	-	-	-	-	4.38	-	-	-	-	<b>4.38</b>	-
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12.05</b>	<b>59.70</b>	<b>6.98</b>	<b>640.86</b>	<b>31.24</b>	<b>21.00</b>	<b>5.75</b>	<b>11.88</b>	<b>789.46</b>	<b>6.64</b>
Charge for the year	-	0.30	13.54	0.91	60.53	5.47	1.77	0.51	-	<b>83.03</b>	2.63
Deletions/write offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.70	-	<b>0.70</b>	-
<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12.35</b>	<b>73.24</b>	<b>7.89</b>	<b>701.39</b>	<b>36.71</b>	<b>22.77</b>	<b>5.56</b>	<b>11.88</b>	<b>871.79</b>	<b>9.27</b>
<b>Net Book value</b>											
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>0.67</b>	<b>123.15</b>	<b>1.33</b>	<b>307.73</b>	<b>5.23</b>	<b>6.12</b>	<b>2.03</b>	<b>0.48</b>	<b>447.43</b>	<b>0.84</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>0.37</b>	<b>124.21</b>	<b>0.42</b>	<b>445.19</b>	<b>14.14</b>	<b>4.35</b>	<b>1.52</b>	<b>0.48</b>	<b>591.38</b>	<b>1.35</b>
<b>3B Capital work in progress*</b>											
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.64</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.64</b>	<b>-</b>
Additions	0.03	-	68.11	-	141.51	6.83	6.34	-	-	<b>222.82</b>	-
Capitalised	0.03	-	68.11	-	43.45	6.83	6.34	-	-	<b>124.76</b>	-
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>99.70</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>99.70</b>	<b>-</b>
Additions	-	-	14.61	-	104.40	14.38	-	-	-	<b>133.39</b>	-
Capitalised	-	-	14.61	-	197.99	14.38	-	-	-	<b>226.98</b>	-
<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.11</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6.11</b>	<b>-</b>

\* Refer note 45 for ageing details of capital work in progress

**Notes:**

1. The Company had elected to continue with the carrying value of property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as per previous GAAP and had regarded those values as the deemed cost on the date of transition (i.e. April 1, 2015). The Company has disclosed the gross block and accumulated depreciation / amortisation above, for information purpose only.

2. In year ending March 31, 2021, Free hold land includes part of the land given to a Group Company on lease and the same is classified as investment property as at the date of transition to Ind AS. This lease has been cancelled during the year ending March 31, 2022 and the said land has ceased to be an investment property. Accordingly shown as addition to freehold land for the year ended March 31, 2022.



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**3C. Intangible assets**

Particulars	Computer software
<b>Cost (Gross) (refer note below)</b>	
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	0.06
Purchases	-
Deletions / write offs	-
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>0.06</b>
Purchases	-
Deletions / write offs	-
<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>0.06</b>
<b>Depreciation (Gross) (refer note below)</b>	
<b>As at March 31, 2021</b>	0.06
Charge for the year	-
Deletions / write offs	-
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>0.06</b>
Charge for the year	-
Deletions / write offs	-
<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>0.06</b>
<b>Net Book value</b>	
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	-
<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	-
<b>Note:</b>	

The Company had elected to continue with the carrying value of intangible assets as recognised in the financial statements as per previous GAAP and had regarded those values as the deemed costs on the date of transition (i.e. April 1, 2015). The Company has disclosed the gross block above for information purpose only.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**

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**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**4 Loans (carried at amortised cost)**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Non current</b>		
<b>(unsecured, considered good)</b>		
Loans to employees	1.19	1.20
	<b>1.19</b>	<b>1.20</b>
<b>Current</b>		
<b>(unsecured, considered good)</b>		
Loans to employees	0.69	0.37
	<b>0.69</b>	<b>0.37</b>

No loans are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Further, loans to employee are given at nominal interest rate.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited****(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)****Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023****(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)****5 Trade receivables (carried at amortised cost)**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Non-current</b>		
<b>Unsecured, considered good</b>		
Trade receivables	7.90	5.09
	<b>7.90</b>	<b>5.09</b>
<hr/>		
	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Trade receivables	848.92	711.93
Receivable from related parties (refer note 34)	159.80	320.55
	<b>1,008.72</b>	<b>1,032.48</b>
<b>Break-up for security details:</b>		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	1,008.63	1,025.43
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	0.09	7.05
Trade receivables - credit impaired	55.68	17.19
	<b>1,064.40</b>	<b>1,049.67</b>
<b>Impairment allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful debts)</b>		
Unsecured, considered good	-	-
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables - credit impaired	(55.68)	(17.19)
	<b>1,008.72</b>	<b>1,032.48</b>

**Notes:****Trade receivables include:**

Please refer note 42 for ageing details of trade receivable.

No trade receivables or advances are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. Trade receivables or other receivables are due from firms or private companies in which any director is a partner, a director or a member are as follows:

<b>Name of Company</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Danfoss Power Solutions INC (9131) \$	49.67	154.62
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	95.43	148.28
Danfoss Power Solutions II Ltd (9125) \$	-	10.28
Danfoss Distribution II A/S (9136) \$	-	1.84
Danfoss Technologies Private Limited (9178) \$	0.73	0.60
Danfoss Power Solutions II PTE LTD (9140) \$	-	0.44
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited \$	-	0.01
Eaton Hydraulics (Proprietary) Limited - 9138 \$	-	1.20
Eaton Fluid Power SRL -9153 \$	-	0.81
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (INEHCO) \$	0.03	-
Danfoss Power Solutions (Jinning) Co., Ltd. (9168) \$	0.08	-

# upto August 01, 2021

\$ From August 02, 2021

Bracketed numbers/codes suffixed to certain names indicate internal identifier (LE code) used by the Company and retained for ease of reference.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on credit terms of 30 to 120 days. For terms related to related parties refer note 34.

The following table summarises the change in impairment allowance measured using the lifetime expected credit loss model:

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
At the beginning of the year	17.19	13.33
Provision made during the year	38.67	5.69
Utilized during the year	(0.18)	(1.83)
At the end of the year	<b>55.68</b>	<b>17.19</b>

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**6 Other financial assets (carried at amortised cost)**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Non current</b>		
<b>Unsecured considered good</b>		
Security deposits	7.68	5.49
	<b>7.68</b>	<b>5.49</b>
<b>Current</b>		
<b>Unsecured considered good</b>		
Security deposits	0.01	0.01
<b>Unsecured considered doubtful</b>		
Other receivables	11.17	11.20
Less : Provision for doubtful receivables	(11.17)	(11.20)
	<b>0.01</b>	<b>0.01</b>

No advances recoverable in cash or in kind are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person.

**7 Inventories**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Raw materials and components [includes goods in transit INR 79.04 (March 31, 2022: INR 70.54)]	307.78	338.58
Work-in-progress [includes material lying with subcontractors INR 25.60 (March 31, 2022: INR 55.58)]	99.77	142.62
Finished goods [includes sales in transit INR 25.35 (March 31, 2022: INR 6.10)]	42.03	61.71
Traded goods [includes goods in transit INR 154.46 (March 31, 2022: INR 93.25) and sales in transit INR 0.47 (March 31, 2022: INR 0.21)]	350.87	315.45
	<b>800.45</b>	<b>858.36</b>

During the year ended March 31, 2023: INR 2.72 (March 31, 2022: INR 4.15) was recognised as reversal for inventories carried at net realisable value.

**8 Cash and cash equivalents (carried at amortised cost)**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Balance with Banks</b>		
in current accounts	-	43.82
in deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	3.50	-
	<b>3.50</b>	<b>43.82</b>

Bank deposits earns interest at fixed rates. Short-term deposits are generally made for varying periods from seven to fifteen days, depending on the cash requirements of the Company, and earns interest at the prevailing deposit rates for the tenor of the deposit.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**9 Other assets**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Non Current</b>		
<b>Unsecured, considered good</b>		
Capital advances	32.82	13.78
Balances with government authorities - VAT receivable (including paid under protest)	15.49	43.35
	<b>48.31</b>	<b>57.13</b>
<b>Current</b>		
<b>Unsecured, considered good</b>		
Advance to suppliers	12.15	15.12
Prepaid Expenses	15.15	11.95
Government grants/ Export incentive receivable*	6.11	-
Balances with government authorities	50.42	148.15
Gratuity (refer note 28)	9.51	-
	<b>93.34</b>	<b>175.22</b>
<b>Unsecured, considered doubtful</b>		
Balances with government authorities	3.08	-
Advance recoverable in cash or kind	1.60	1.60
	<b>4.68</b>	<b>1.60</b>
Provision for balances with government authorities	(3.08)	-
Provision for bad and doubtful advances	(1.60)	(1.60)
	<b>(4.68)</b>	<b>(1.60)</b>
	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
	<b>93.34</b>	<b>175.22</b>

\*Export incentive / Government Grants receivable pertains to amount receivable as Remission of Duties or Taxes on Export products (RoDTEP) eligible on exports sales. There were no unfulfilled conditions attached to the above grants.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**10 Share capital**

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
<b>Authorised share capital (No. of shares in million)</b>		
7 (March 31, 2022: 7) equity shares of INR 10 each	70.00	70.00
0.85 (March 31, 2022: 0.85) 8% preference shares of INR 100 each	85.00	85.00
	<b>155.00</b>	<b>155.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares (No. million)</b>		
6.96 (March 31, 2022: 6.96) equity shares of INR 10 each	69.64	69.64
<b>Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital</b>	<b>69.64</b>	<b>69.64</b>

**a Terms / Rights attached to equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity share having par value of INR 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the board of directors have not recommended dividend to equity shareholder (March 31, 2022: INR Nil per share).

**b Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:**

Particulars	March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
(No. of shares in million)				
At the beginning of the period	6.96	69.64	6.96	69.64
Add: Shares issued during the period	-	-	-	-
<b>Outstanding at the end of the period</b>	<b>6.96</b>	<b>69.64</b>	<b>6.96</b>	<b>69.64</b>

**c Shares held by Holding Company and their subsidiaries / associates**

Out of equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company are as below:

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(No. of shares in million)		
<b>Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited, India</b>		
6.80 (March 31, 2022: 6.80) equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid (refer note f below)	68.00	68.00

**d The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares:**

Name of the Shareholder	March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
(No. of shares in million)				
<b>Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid</b>				
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited, India	6.80	97.61	6.80	97.61
	<b>6.80</b>	<b>97.61</b>	<b>6.80</b>	<b>97.61</b>

As per the records of the Company, including its register of Shareholders / members, the above shareholding represents the legal ownership of the shares.

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**e Details of shares held by promoters:**

**Equity shares held as at March 31, 2023**

Name of Promoter	Opening no. of shares	Change in no. of shares	Closing no. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited, India	6.80	-	6.80	97.61%	-

**Equity shares held as at March 31, 2022**

Name of Promoter	Opening no. of shares	Change in no. of shares	Closing no. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited, India	-	6.80	6.80	97.61%	97.61%
ETN Holding 2 Limited, Mauritius	3.67	(3.67)	-	-	(52.61%)
Eaton Technologies Private Limited	3.13	(3.13)	-	-	(45.00%)

**f** During the previous year ended March 31, 2022, Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited acquired 97.61% equity shares of Danfoss Sytems Limited (formerly know as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) from ETN Holding 2 Limited and Eaton Technologies Private Limited pursuant to a share and asset purchase agreement dated August 02, 2021 at a consideration of INR 2,468.17 million.

**g Aggregate number of shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date**

There are no bonus shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

**11 Other equity**

	Securities Premium*	Retained Earnings#	Total
<b>Retained earnings</b>			
As at March 31, 2021	131.70	283.66	415.36
Add: Profit for the year	-	268.54	268.54
Less: Other Comprehensive income	-	(13.18)	(13.18)
As at March 31, 2022	131.70	539.02	670.72
Add: Profit for the year	-	109.96	109.96
Less: Other Comprehensive income	-	(8.61)	(8.61)
As at March 31, 2023	131.70	640.37	772.07

\* Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares and will be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

# Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers for dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**12 Borrowings**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Non Current</b>		
Unsecured loans from related parties \$ (note 34)	467.50	837.50
	<b>467.50</b>	<b>837.50</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Unsecured loans from related parties \$ (note 34)	155.75	56.72
Overdraft borrowings from bank (unsecured)*	40.36	58.47
	<b>196.11</b>	<b>115.19</b>

\$ Pursuant to borrowing agreements entered with related parties during the previous year ended March 31, 2022, the Company had obtained a loan of INR 930 from November 25, 2021 at an interest rate of 8.50% p.a., repayable in 36 months. The Company has repaid INR 267.50 (March 31, 2022 : INR 55) of borrowings during the year.

\* Overdraft borrowings from bank are unsecured which carry floating interest rate of 9.75% p.a. as at year end March 31, 2023 and are repayable on demand.

**13 Trade Payables**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Trade Payables		
- total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 33)	157.40	202.49
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises*	282.53	274.47
Trade payables to related parties (refer note 34)	478.48	441.36
	<b>918.41</b>	<b>918.32</b>

\* It includes payable towards purchase of property, plant and equipment INR 9.50 (March 31, 2022: INR 53.03)

**Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities:**

- a. Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 60-150 days terms
- b. For terms and conditions with related parties, refer note 34
- c. For Company's credit risk management process, refer note 36.
- d. For trade payables ageing schedule, refer note 43.

**14 Other financial liabilities**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Current</b>		
Security deposits #	32.38	31.40
	<b>32.38</b>	<b>31.40</b>

# Security deposits are non-interest bearing.

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**15 Provisions**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Non current		
<b>Provision for employee benefits</b>		
Provision for gratuity (refer note 28)	-	4.04
	<b>-</b>	<b>4.04</b>
<b>Current</b>		
<b>Provision for employee benefits</b>		
Provision for leave encashment	49.98	53.26
	<b>49.98</b>	<b>53.26</b>
<b>Other provision</b>		
Provision for warranties	9.17	27.42
Provision for statutory matters	15.00	63.10
	<b>24.17</b>	<b>90.52</b>
	<b>74.15</b>	<b>143.78</b>

**Provision for warranties**

The warranty provision covers the expenses related to the repair and replacement of products sold. The amount is determined on a standard basis, based on past experience of the average expenses incurred. Anticipated specific costs relating to any supply of defected materials / batch is also provided as per specific estimates. The timing and amount of cash flows for warranty, will be determined on receipt of claims from customers as and when such claims are incurred. The table below gives information about movement in warranty provision:

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
At the beginning of the year	27.42	20.24
Arising during the year	-	10.94
Reversed during the year	(17.14)	-
Utilized during the year	(1.11)	(3.76)
At the end of the year	<b>9.17</b>	<b>27.42</b>

**Provision for statutory matters**

A provision for statutory matters are on account of legal matters where the Company anticipates probable outflow. The amount of provision is based on estimates made by the Company considering the facts and circumstances of each case. The timing and amount of cash flows that will arise from these matters will be determined by the relevant authorities only on settlement if these cases.

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
At the beginning of the year	63.10	62.76
Arising during the year	-	0.34
Utilized during the year	(48.10)	-
At the end of the year	<b>15.00</b>	<b>63.10</b>

**16 Other current liabilities**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Contract liabilities *	165.20	46.87
Statutory dues and other payables #	67.77	51.41
	<b>232.97</b>	<b>98.28</b>

\* Contract liabilities include advances received from customers as well as consideration received before the Company has transferred goods or services to the customers. The significant increase in contract liabilities is due to Customer advances received and outstanding at the end of the year. Further, Company has issued advance bank guarantees of INR 110.30 (March 31, 2022: INR 37.08)

# Statutory dues and other payable majorly includes payable on account of provident fund, professional tax, tax deducted at source, goods and service tax etc.

For Company's credit risk management process, refer note 36.

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**17 Revenue from operations**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Sale of products</b>		
Finished goods	3,356.59	3,331.83
Traded goods	1,365.80	1,175.77
<b>Sale of services</b>	7.34	18.91
<b>Other operating revenue</b>		
Scrap sales	4.95	8.11
Government grant - Export incentives (refer note 9)	40.43	29.94
Government grant - Others	2.10	-
<b>Total revenue from operations</b>	<b>4,777.21</b>	<b>4,564.56</b>

**Disaggregated revenue information**

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Location</b>		
India	3,915.38	3,524.49
Outside India	819.30	1,010.13
<b>Total revenue from contracts with customers *</b>	<b>4,734.68</b>	<b>4,534.62</b>

**Timing of revenue recognition**

Goods transferred at a point in time	4,727.34	4,515.71
Services transferred over time	7.34	18.91
<b>Revenue from contract with customers *</b>	<b>4,734.68</b>	<b>4,534.62</b>

**Set out below is the amount of revenue recognised from**

Amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	14.62	17.31
Performance obligations satisfied in previous years	-	-

**Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the Statement of profit and loss with the contracted price**

Revenue as per contracted price	4,754.00	4,576.26
<b>Adjustments</b>		
Sales return	(16.77)	(31.02)
Discounts	(2.55)	(10.62)
<b>Revenue from contract with customers *</b>	<b>4,734.68</b>	<b>4,534.62</b>

The Company does not have any contract assets which would require adjustment of revenue recognised over a period of time and hence disclosures related to it has not been presented.

\* Excludes government grant amounting INR 42.53 (March 31, 2022: INR 29.94)

**18 Other income**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Interest income</b>		
Bank deposits	1.13	3.96
Others	0.20	0.60
Rental income (refer note 41)	3.18	2.97
Exchange gain (net)	20.65	25.43
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.25	0.79
Miscellaneous income	4.51	4.07
Provision no longer required written back (refer note 15)	17.14	-
	<b>47.06</b>	<b>37.82</b>

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**19 Cost of raw material and components consumed**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Inventory at the beginning of the year	338.58	335.00
Add: Purchases	2,137.63	2,280.99
	<b>2,476.21</b>	<b>2,615.99</b>
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	307.78	338.58
	<b>2,168.43</b>	<b>2,277.41</b>

**20 Change in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and traded goods**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Inventory at the end of the period		
Traded goods	350.87	315.45
Work-in-progress	99.77	142.62
Finished goods	42.03	61.71
	<b>492.67</b>	<b>519.78</b>
Inventory at the beginning of the period		
Traded goods	315.45	235.56
Work-in-progress	142.62	75.11
Finished goods	61.71	41.37
	<b>519.78</b>	<b>352.04</b>
	<b>27.11</b>	<b>(167.74)</b>

**21 Employee benefits expenses**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Salaries, wages and bonus	334.99	330.43
Contribution to provident and other funds	17.01	16.55
Gratuity expense (refer note 28)	10.48	9.29
Staff welfare expenses	24.53	22.09
Recruitment and training expenses	0.88	0.53
	<b>387.89</b>	<b>378.89</b>

**22 Depreciation expenses**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 3A)	83.03	90.12
Depreciation on right-of-use assets (refer note 3A)	2.63	2.49
	<b>85.66</b>	<b>92.61</b>

**23 Finance costs**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Interest expenses	75.12	74.67
Interest expense on lease liabilities (refer note 41)	0.34	0.11
Others including interest cost on defined benefit plans	0.65	0.65
	<b>76.11</b>	<b>75.43</b>

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**24 Other expenses**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Consumption of tools	15.77	19.47
Consumption of stores and spares	31.86	28.34
Power and fuel	40.11	37.59
Rent expenses (refer note 41)	3.79	3.03
Freight, packaging and forwarding charges	33.11	32.36
Rates and taxes	11.38	16.14
Repairs and maintenance		
- Building	1.19	1.14
- Plant and machinery	40.03	30.66
- Others	9.60	11.71
Communication costs	1.21	1.09
Contract labour expenses	94.81	100.04
Corporate cost allocation	-	18.57
Corporate support charges (refer note 40)	231.52	121.76
IT Support charges	-	1.76
Royalty expense	140.04	128.56
Legal and professional fees	32.70	9.17
Provision for doubtful trade receivable and advances (inclusive of bad debt & advances written off INR 0.18) (March 31, 2022: INR 1.83)	38.67	5.69
Provision for doubtful other receivables	-	0.58
Warranty cost (net) (refer note 15)	-	10.94
Travelling and conveyance	14.74	7.19
Payment to auditor (refer details below)	3.85	3.14
Corporate social responsibility ('CSR') expenditure (refer note 25)	3.50	2.58
Miscellaneous expenses**	43.92	47.95
	<b>791.80</b>	<b>639.46</b>
Less: Expenses recovered (refer note 39)	(5.29)	(2.81)
	<b>786.51</b>	<b>636.65</b>

\*\* Miscellaneous expenses include insurance expense, security, printing and stationery expense, waste removal and material handling charges, bank charges, etc.

**Payment to auditor**

**As auditor:**

Audit fees

Tax audit fee

**In other capacity**

Reimbursement of expenses

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Audit fees	3.33	2.48
Tax audit fee	0.52	0.50
Reimbursement of expenses	-	0.16
	<b>3.85</b>	<b>3.14</b>

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**25 Corporate social responsibility**

	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	3.50	2.58
b) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	3.50	2.58

<b>c) Amount spent during for the year ended March 31, 2023:</b>	<b>In cash</b>	<b>Yet to be paid</b>	<b>Total</b>
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-	-
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	-	3.50	3.50

<b>d) Amount spent during the year ended on March 31, 2022:</b>	<b>In cash</b>	<b>Yet to be paid</b>	<b>Total</b>
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-	-
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	2.58	-	2.58

<b>e) Details related to spent / unspent obligations</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
i) Contribution to Public Charitable Trust	-	2.58
ii) Contribution to Charitable Trust	-	-
iii) Unspent amount in relation to:		
- Ongoing project	-	-
- Other than ongoing project	3.50	-

**f) Details of ongoing project and other than ongoing project**

<b>In case of Section 135(5) (Other than ongoing project)</b>				
<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>Amount deposited in Specified Fund of Sch. VII within 6 months</b>	<b>Amount required to be spent during the year</b>	<b>Amount spent during the year</b>	<b>Closing balance</b>
-	-	3.50	-	3.50

As at March 31, 2023, in respect of other than ongoing projects, the Company has transferred unspent amount to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year, in compliance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act

And there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section (6) of section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 for unspent amounts pertaining to ongoing projects.

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**26 Earnings per share**

Basic and diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The numbers used in calculating basic and diluted EPS are stated below:

<b>Particulars</b>		<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Numerator for basic and diluted profit per share</b>			
Net profit after tax attributable to shareholders	(A)	109.96	268.54
<b>Denominator for basic and diluted profit per share</b>			
Weighted average number of equity shares (numbers in million)*	(B)	6.96	6.96
<b>Basic and diluted earning per share of face value of INR 10 each</b>	<b>(A/B)</b>	<b>15.79</b>	<b>38.56</b>

\* There have been no transactions involving equity shares or potential equity shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of these Ind AS financial statements.

**27 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of the Ind AS financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

**Judgements**

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Ind AS financial statements:

**Revenue from contracts with customers**

The Company applied the following judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers:

**- Identifying performance obligation and determining timing of satisfaction of performance obligation for sale of products**

The Company enters into contract with customers for sale of goods and determined that such goods are capable of being distinct. The fact that the Company regularly sell these goods on a standalone basis indicate that the customer can benefit from it on an individual basis. The Company also determined that the promises to transfer these goods are distinct within the context of the contract and that they are not input to a combined item in the contract. The Company has concluded that sale of goods is to be recognised at a point in time because it does not meet the criteria for recognising revenue over a period of time. The Company has applied judgment in determining the point in time when the control of the goods are transferred based on the criteria mentioned in the standard read along with the contract with customers, applicable laws and considering the industry practices. Further, the dispatch of goods is made on the basis of the purchase orders obtained from the customer taking into account the just in time production model with customer.

**- Determining method to estimate variable consideration and assessing the constraint**

Certain contracts for the sale of goods include volume rebates that give rise to variable consideration. In estimating the variable consideration, the Company applies either the most likely amount method or the expected value method. The most likely amount method is applied for contracts with a single-volume threshold and the expected value method is applied for contracts with more than one volume threshold.

The Company determined that the estimates of variable consideration are not constrained based on its historical experience, business forecast and the current economic conditions. In addition, the uncertainty on the variable consideration will be resolved within a short time frame.

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**27 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)**

**Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the Ind AS financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

**Defined benefit plans (Gratuity benefits)**

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The discount rate is the parameter most subject to change. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for India. Mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates. Future details about gratuity obligations are given in note 28.

**Warranty and provision for statutory matters**

For estimates relating to warranty and statutory matters, refer note 15.

**Inventory provision**

Management reviews the inventory age listing on a periodic basis and provision for estimated loss on aged inventory is taken.

**Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Company has performed tests for impairment in the current year on the basis of budgeted future estimated revenue and cash flow. The Management has prepared estimates of future cash flows by considering various factors like impact on the economy and asset prices in general and impact of current events and conditions on the Company's operations. Based on calculation performed management believes that there is no requirement of any impairment for non - financial assets.

**Useful life of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets**

Useful life of property, plant and equipment are based on internal technical assessment made by management and are reviewed on a periodic basis.

**Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate**

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rate (IBR). The company uses IBR to discount lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

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**28 Post employment benefits plans**

The Gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan that provides for a lump sum payment made on exit either by way of retirement, death, disability or voluntary withdrawal. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days last drawn salary for each completed year of service (22 days of last drawn salary if the employee has completed 10 years of service). Due to the nature of the plan, the risks commonly affecting the liabilities and the financial results are expected to be:

Interest rate risk : The defined benefit obligation calculated uses a discount rate based on government bonds. If bond yields fall, the defined benefit obligation will tend to increase.

Salary Inflation risk : Higher than expected increases in salary will increase the defined benefit obligation

Demographic risk : This is the risk of variability of results due to unsystematic nature of decrements that include mortality, withdrawal, disability and retirement. The effect of these decrements on the defined benefit obligation is not straight forward and depends upon the combination of salary increase, discount rate and vesting criteria. It is important not to overstate withdrawals because in the financial analysis the retirement benefit of a short career employee typically costs less per year as compared to a long service employee.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, the funded status, amounts recognised in balance sheet and in other comprehensive income.

**Statement of profit and loss**

**Net employee benefit expense on account of gratuity recognized in the Statement of profit and loss**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Current service cost	10.48	9.29
<b>Net benefit expense in the Statement of profit and loss</b>	<b>10.48</b>	<b>9.29</b>

**Amount recognised in the statement of other comprehensive income (OCI)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Actuarial loss due to DBO experience	9.93	13.96
Actuarial loss due to DBO assumption changes	1.52	3.16
Return on plan assets (greater)/lesser than discount rate	0.04	0.49
<b>Actuarial losses recognized in OCI</b>	<b>11.50</b>	<b>17.61</b>

**Net interest expense**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Interest cost	9.01	8.74
Interest income on plan assets	(9.88)	(9.73)
<b>Net interest expense / (income)</b>	<b>(0.87)</b>	<b>(0.99)</b>

**Balance Sheet**

**Benefit asset/(liability):**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(151.60)	(156.66)
Fair value of plan assets	161.11	152.62
<b>Plan Assets / (liability)</b>	<b>9.51</b>	<b>(4.04)</b>

**Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Opening defined benefit obligation	156.66	135.67
Current service cost	10.48	9.29
Interest cost	9.01	8.74
Acquisitions	-	-
Actuarial losses on obligation experience	9.93	13.96
Actuarial loss due to DBO assumption changes	1.52	3.16
Benefits paid directly by the Company	(3.80)	(7.71)
Benefits paid from plan assets	(32.20)	(6.45)
<b>Closing defined benefit obligation</b>	<b>151.60</b>	<b>156.66</b>



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**28 Post employment benefits plans (continued)**

**Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Opening fair value of plan assets	152.62	142.91
Acquisition adjustment	-	-
Interest income on plan assets	9.88	9.73
Contributions by employer	30.85	6.92
Return on plan assets greater/(lesser) than discount rate	(0.04)	(0.49)
Benefits paid from plan assets	(32.20)	(6.45)
<b>Closing fair value of plan assets</b>	<b>161.11</b>	<b>152.62</b>

**The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows**

<b>Nature of plan assets</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Investments with insurer	100%	100%

**Amount recognised in Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss account and statement of other comprehensive income (OCI)**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Defined benefit obligation	151.60	156.66
Fair value of Plan assets	161.11	152.62
(Deficit)/ surplus	9.51	(4.04)
Current service cost	10.48	9.29
Remeasurements recognised in OCI	11.50	17.61

**The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations for the Company's plan are shown below:**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Discount rate	7.10%	6.50%
Expected rate of increment in compensation levels for year and thereafter	9.50%	8.75%

<b>Employee turnover</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Age		
Between 21-30 years	13%	13%
Between 31-34 years	8%	7%
Between 35-54 years	5%	5%
Above 55 years	4%	4%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of price inflation, regular increments and promotions and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

**A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 is as shown below**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Sensitivity level</b>	<b>Impact on defined benefit obligation</b>	
		<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Discount rate	0.5% increase	(5.99)	(5.19)
	0.5% decrease	6.45	5.58
Future salary increase	0.5% increase	6.28	5.44
	0.5% decrease	(5.90)	(5.11)
Withdrawal rate	5% increase	(8.74)	(7.01)
	5% decrease	15.32	12.24

Method used for sensitivity analysis: The sensitivity results above determine their individual impact on the Plan's end of year Defined benefit obligation. In reality, the plan is subject to multiple external experience items which may move the Defined Benefit Obligation in similar or opposite directions, while the plan's sensitivity to such changes can vary over time.

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**28 Post employment benefits plans (continued)**

**The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	9.98	20.60
Between 1 and 2 years	13.07	23.16
Between 2 and 3 years	22.02	12.56
Between 3 and 4 years	17.43	22.98
Between 4 and 5 years	17.20	14.98
Sum of years 6 to 10	82.34	81.16

Weighted average duration of the plan (based on discounted cash flows using mortality, withdrawal and interest rate) is 7 years (March 31, 2022: 6 years).

**29 Capital and Other commitments**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of capital advance: INR 32.82 (March 31, 2022: INR 13.78))	128.77	36.49
	<b>128.77</b>	<b>36.49</b>

**30 Contingent liabilities**

	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Excise duty/service tax matters*	73.51	73.51
Sales tax matters*	-	63.72
Income tax matters*	32.46	112.16
Workmen compensation in respect of certain employees	-	23.28
Financial guarantees and advance guarantees given to the customers and other authorities	110.30	37.08
	<b>216.27</b>	<b>309.75</b>

**Note:**

- It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings.
- The Company is contesting the demands and the management, including its tax/legal advisors, believe that its position will likely be upheld in the appeal process.
- \* Excludes interest and penalties, if any. The above matters pertains to certain disallowances / demand raised by respective authorities.

**31 Segment Information**

The Company is engaged in manufacturing and trading of Fluid Power Hydraulic Equipments such as Pumps, Gear Pumps, Valves, Cylinders, Packaged systems and related components. On a review of all the relevant aspects including, in particular, the system of internal financial reporting to the Board of Directors, which is the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') and considering the economic characteristics of the operations, the Company is of the view that it operates in a single primary segment. The said treatment is in accordance with the guiding principles enacted in Ind AS 108 Operating Segments. Accordingly the Company has disclosed segment information for its secondary segment which is the geographical segment as below:

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**31 Segment Information (continued)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Revenue</b>		
India	3,957.91	3,554.43
Outside India	819.30	1,010.13
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,777.21</b>	<b>4,564.56</b>

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Carrying amount of assets</b>		
Assets within India	2,581.40	2,584.61
Assets outside India	203.72	367.15
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,785.12</b>	<b>2,951.75</b>

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets</b>		
Additions to capital assets within India	226.98	124.76
Additions to capital assets outside India	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>226.98</b>	<b>124.76</b>

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

**Amount of sales to customer more than 10% of total sales:**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
John Deere India Pvt Ltd	982.25	864.59
<b>Total</b>	<b>982.25</b>	<b>864.59</b>

**32 Income tax**

**A The major components of income tax expenses for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are:**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Current tax</b>		
Income Tax	37.24	105.46
Tax expense for earlier years	9.05	2.80
<b>Net income tax expense</b>	<b>46.29</b>	<b>108.26</b>

**Deferred tax**

Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	13.01	(55.58)
<b>Income tax expense reported in statement of profit and loss</b>	<b>59.30</b>	<b>52.68</b>

**OCI expense**

Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year	(2.89)	(4.43)
Net (gain)/ loss on remeasurement of defined benefit plan	(2.89)	(4.43)

**B Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Profit before tax	169.26	321.22
At India's statutory Income tax rate	25.168%	25.168%
Tax at full rate	<b>42.60</b>	<b>80.84</b>
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Effect of deferred tax assets created on timing differences in the current year	(2.29)	(34.27)
Tax expense/ (credit) for earlier years	9.05	2.80
Effect of tax on items in the nature of permanent disallowance in tax	9.94	3.30
<b>Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss</b>	<b>59.30</b>	<b>52.68</b>

**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**32 Income tax (continued)**

**C Deferred tax**

Reconciliation of deferred tax asset (net):	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
Opening balances as at April 1	55.58	
Tax (expense) / income during the year recognised in statement of profit and loss	(13.01)	55.58
Tax (expense) / income during the year recognised in OCI	2.89	
<b>Closing balance as at March 31</b>	<b>45.46</b>	<b>55.58</b>

**D Deferred tax assets (net)**

	<b>Balance sheet</b>		<b>Statement of profit and loss</b>	
	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>				
Difference between WDV as per tax and WDV as per financial statement	1.57	1.90	(0.33)	1.90
Provision for employee benefits	19.15	14.25	4.90	14.25
Other timing difference	24.74	39.43	(14.69)	33.89
	<b>45.46</b>	<b>55.58</b>	<b>(10.12)</b>	<b>50.04</b>
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>				
Difference between WDV as per tax and WDV as per financial statement	-	-	-	5.54
	-	-	-	<b>5.54</b>
<b>Deferred tax (credit)</b>	<b>45.46</b>	<b>55.58</b>	<b>(10.12)</b>	<b>55.58</b>
<b>Net Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>45.46</b>	<b>55.58</b>		

The Company offsets the tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

During the year, the Company has recognised deferred tax liability of INR 10.12. on permissible temporary timing differences. As at March 31, 2022, the Company had recognized deferred tax assets aggregating to INR 55.58.

The Company has opted for the lower tax regime as per Section 115BAA of Income Tax Act, 1961 from the financial year 2021-22 and has accordingly created current tax provision and deferred tax @ 25.17%.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited****(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)****Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023****(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)****33 Details of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)**

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year:		
The Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	157.40	202.49
Interest due on above	-	-
	<b>157.40</b>	<b>202.49</b>
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act,	2.12	2.04
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	2.12	2.04
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006.	33.50	31.38

The Company has compiled this information based on intimations received from the suppliers of their status as Micro, Medium or Small Enterprises and / or its registration with the appropriate authority under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**34 Related party disclosure**

34 (a) Names of the related parties and related party relationship

Related party where controls exists

A	Holding company	Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (INEHCO) \$ ETN Holding 2 Limited, Mauritius (0107) #
	Ultimate holding company	Danfoss A/S \$ Eaton Corporation Plc, Ireland #
	Significant influence of major shareholder	Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #

Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year and previous year

B	Fellow subsidiaries	Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions INC (9131) \$ Danfoss Technologies Private Limited (9178) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions (Jinning) Co., Ltd. (9168) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions II PTE LTD (9140) \$ Danfoss Distribution II A/S (9136) \$ Danfoss Industries Private Limited (INCO) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions II Technology A/S (9176) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions II Pty Ltd (9173) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions II Ltd (9125) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions 2 Ltd (9135) \$ Danfoss (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd. \$ Danfoss Power Solutions II GmbH (9165) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions II Limited (9142) \$ Polimer Kaucuk Sanayi VE Pazarlama A.S. , Turkey (9130) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions India Pvt Ltd (INSDPUN) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions (US) Company \$ Danfoss Power Solutions ApS \$ Eaton Industries (Japan)Ltd - 9151 \$ Eaton Industrial Clutches & Brakes (Shanghai)Co Ltd-9169 \$ Eaton Hydraulics (Ningbo)Co, Ltd - 9170 \$ Eaton Fluid Power SRL -9153 \$ Aeroquip Do Brasil Ltda-9174 \$ Eaton Hydraulics (Proprietary) Limited - 9138 \$ Eaton Fluid Power (Shanghai) Co. Limited, China (9167) \$ Danfoss Power Solutions 2Ltd - 9135 \$ Danfoss Power Solutions GmbH & Co OHG, Germany (DESDNMS) \$ Eaton Fluid Power(Shanghai) Company Ltd, China (3515) # Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) # Eaton (China) Investment Co. Limited, China (0143) # Eaton Hydraulics Systems (Jining) Co., Ltd. (3530) # Eaton Limited, Brazil # Eaton Limited, Korea # Eaton Industries Manufacturing GmbH, India, Branch Office # Eaton Power Quality Private Limited, India (4488) # Eaton Industrial System Pvt Ltd (0243) # Eaton Industries LP, Switzerland # Eaton Industries Pte. Ltd, Singapore # Eaton Industries Manufacturing GmbH, Switzerland (0123) # Eaton Industries Pty Ltd, Australia # Swiss Branch of Eaton Industries, LP, Switzerland # Eaton Limited, Havant, UK # Eaton Industries (Japan) Limited (3512) # Eaton Aeroquip LLC, USA (0095) # Eaton Manufacturing LP - Turkey Branch # Polimer Kaucuk Sanayi ve Pazarlama AS, Turkey (3838) # Eaton Industrial Products Private Limited, India (erstwhile Internormen Filters Private Limited) # Eaton Hydraulics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd., China (3700) # Eaton Hydraulics SAS, France # Eaton Germany GmbH, Germany #
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**Danfoss Systems Limited****(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)****Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023****(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)****34 Related party disclosure**

		Eaton Intelligent Power Limited, Ireland (0510) # Eaton Industries Manufacturing GmbH, South Korea # Eaton Hydraulics LLC, USA (3401) # Eaton Corporation, USA (0003) # Eaton Ltda., Brazil # Eaton Fluid Power GmbH, Germany # Eaton Industries Limited, Korea # Eaton Industries Company, New Zealand # Eaton Industries B.V., Netherlands # MTL Instruments Private Limited, India # Eaton India Innovation Centre LLP, India 0270 # Jeil Hydraulics Company Limited #
C	Key management personnel	Prasanna Kumar, Director Prajakta Sangoram, Independent Director Surendra Yeshwant Kelkar, Independent Director (upto October 31, 2022) Nilesh Vilas Dharwadkar, Director # Sachit Atmaram Nayak, Director # Ravicharan Purushottam Director \$ Torben Jessen Christensen, Director \$ Anders Stahlschmidt Director \$
D	Employee benefit plans where there is significant influence	Vickers Sperry of India limited, Employee's Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme. EFPL Officers' Group Superannuation Scheme

During the year ended March 31, 2022, Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited acquired 97.61% equity shares of Danfoss Systems Limited (formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited) from ETN Holding 2 Limited and Eaton Technologies Private Limited pursuant to a share and asset purchase agreement dated August 02, 2021 at a consideration of INR 2,468.17 million.

# upto August 01, 2021

\$ From August 02, 2021

Bracketed numbers/codes suffixed to certain names indicate internal identifier (LE code) used by the Company and retained for ease of reference.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

34 (b) Transactions with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 along with balances as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are as follows:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Transactions during the year</b>		
<b>Revenue / Income</b>		
Sale of products [refer note 34 (e) (i)]	596.98	786.74
Sale of services	0.47	13.51
Rent received	3.18	2.97
Expenses recovered	5.29	2.81
<b>Cost / expenditure</b>		
Purchases of raw material and trading goods	1,438.08	1,467.00
Purchase of tangible assets	11.03	69.99
Purchase of stores and spares	-	0.06
Repairs and maintenance	0.63	0.96
Legal and professional fees	-	0.18
Corporate cost allocation	-	18.57
Corporate support charges	231.52	121.76
IT support charges	-	1.76
Royalty expense	148.87	128.56
Interest expense	73.20	48.63
Miscellaneous expense	-	2.36
Director sitting fees	0.15	0.36
<b>Managerial remuneration</b>		
Remuneration paid to key managerial personnel [refer note 34 (e) (ii)]	10.16	8.18
Contributions paid to employee benefit plans	30.85	6.92
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>March 31, 2023</b>	<b>March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Closing balances at the year end</b>		
Current / Non Current borrowings	623.25	894.22
Trade payables	478.48	441.36
Trade receivables	159.80	320.55

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

34 (c) Related party transactions, the amount of which is in excess of 10% of total related party transactions are disclosed below (continued):

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
<b>Transactions during the year</b>		
<b>Sale of products (refer Note (iii))</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	361.24	269.36
Danfoss Power Solutions INC (9131) \$	223.36	195.55
Eaton Corporation, USA (0003) #	-	147.71
Eaton Industries Manufacturing GmbH, Switzerland (0123) #	-	120.26
<b>Sale of services</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	-	3.80
Danfoss Powersolutionsindia Pvt Ltd (INSDPUN) \$	0.46	-
Eaton (China) Investment Co. Limited, China (0143) #	-	6.12
Eaton Corporation, USA (0003) #	-	2.02
Eaton Hydraulics LLC, USA (3401) #	-	0.81
<b>Rent received</b>		
Danfoss Technologies Private Limited (9178) \$	2.80	1.86
Danfoss Industries Private Limited (INCO) \$	0.32	-
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	1.06
<b>Expenses recovered</b>		
Danfoss Technologies Private Limited (9178) \$	5.29	2.81
<b>Purchases of raw materials and trading goods</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions INC (9131) \$	270.72	275.34
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	392.93	234.81
Danfoss Power Solutions (Jinning) Co., Ltd. (9168) \$	319.01	219.50
Polimer Kaucuk Sanayi VE Pazarlama A.S. , Turkey (9130) \$	199.76	153.86
Eaton Hydraulics LLC, USA (3401) #	-	56.58
Eaton Hydraulics Systems (Jining) Co., Ltd. (3530) #	-	51.27
Eaton Industries Manufacturing GmbH, Switzerland (0123) #	-	105.01
Polimer Kaucuk Sanayi VE Pazarlama A.S. , Turkey (3838) #	-	45.78
<b>Purchases of tangible assets</b>		
Danfoss Powersolutionsindia Pvt Ltd (INSDPUN)	11.03	-
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	69.99
<b>Purchase of stores and spares</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions II PTE LTD (9140) \$	-	0.03
Polimer Kaucuk Sanayi VE Pazarlama A.S. , Turkey (9130) \$	-	0.02
Polimer Kaucuk Sanayi VE Pazarlama A.S. , Turkey (3838) #	-	0.01

**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

34 (c) Related party transactions, the amount of which is in excess of 10% of total related party transactions are disclosed below (continued):

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
<b>Repairs and maintenance</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	0.24	0.34
Danfoss Distribution II A/S (9136) \$	0.10	-
Danfoss Power Solutions INC (9131) \$	0.16	-
Eaton Industries Manufacturing GmbH, Switzerland (0123) #	-	0.10
Eaton Power Quality Private Limited, India (4488) #	-	0.09
Eaton Industries (Japan) Limited (3512) #	0.13	0.14
<b>Legal and professional expenses</b>		
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	0.18
<b>Transactions during the year</b>		
<b>Corporate cost allocation</b>		
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	18.57
<b>Corporate support charges</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	179.45	13.77
Danfoss A/S \$	-	69.87
Danfoss Power Solutions II GmbH (9165) \$	28.03	-
Eaton Corporation, USA (0003) #	-	19.48
Eaton (China) Investment Co. Limited, China (0143) #	-	16.28
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (INEHCO) \$	23.54	-
<b>IT support charges</b>		
Eaton Corporation, USA (0003) #	-	1.76
<b>Royalty expense</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions II Technology A/S (9176) \$	36.71	94.47
Danfoss A/S \$	112.16	-
Eaton Corporation, USA (0003) #	-	11.41
Eaton Intelligent Power Limited, Ireland (0510) #	-	22.67
<b>Interest expense</b>		
Danfoss Industries Private Limited (INCO) \$	64.87	22.59
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (INEHCO) \$	8.33	2.65
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	23.40
<b>Miscellaneous Expenses</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	-	1.48
Danfoss Technologies Private Limited (9178) \$	-	0.13
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	0.62
<b>Director sitting fees</b>		
Surendra Yeshwant Kelkar, Independent Director (upto October 31, 2022)	0.08	0.18
Prajakta Prakash Kulkarni, Independent Director	0.08	0.18
<b>Managerial remuneration (refer note (i) and (ii))</b>		
Prasanna Kumar, Director	10.16	7.82
Prajakta Prakash Kulkarni, Independent Director	-	-
Surendra Yeshwant Kelkar, Independent Director (upto October 31, 2022)	-	-
<b>Contributions paid to employee benefit plans</b>		
Vickers Sperry of India limited, Employees' Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme	30.85	6.92
EFPL Officers' Group Superannuation Scheme	0.45	0.45

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**Danfoss Systems Limited****(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)****Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023****(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

34 (d) Closing balances as at March 31, 2023, the amount of which is in excess of 10% of total closing balances are disclosed below:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Current / Non Current borrowings raised</b>		
Danfoss Industries Private Limited (INCO) \$	-	830.00
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (INEHCO) \$	-	100.00
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	183.00
<b>Current / Non Current borrowings repaid</b>		
Danfoss Industries Private Limited (INCO) \$	260.00	55.00
Eaton Technologies Private Limited, India (0255) #	-	1,168.00
<b>Current / Non Current borrowings</b>		
Danfoss Industries Private Limited (INCO) \$	528.94	794.22
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited (INEHCO) \$	94.31	100.00
<b>Trade payables</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions INC (9131) \$	73.61	86.00
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	148.03	91.77
Danfoss A/S \$	36.21	56.42
Danfoss Power Solutions (Jinning) Co., Ltd. (9168) \$	55.46	40.73
Polimer Kaucuk Sanayi VE Pazarlama A.S. , Turkey (9130) \$	69.32	43.44
Danfoss Power Solutions II Technology A/S (9176) \$	-	84.62
<b>Trade receivables</b>		
Danfoss Power Solutions INC (9131) \$	49.67	154.62
Danfoss Power Solutions II LLC (9101) \$	95.43	148.28

**34 (e) Notes:**

(i) The sales to and purchase from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transaction. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash other than reported above. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owned by related parties (March 31, 2022: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

(ii) Liability for post employment benefits such as gratuity and leave encashment is provided on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole. Accordingly the amount pertaining to key managerial personnel is not ascertainable and therefore, not included.

(iii) The Company has made free of cost Sales of 81 units (March 31, 2022: 59 units) to various related parties.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited****(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)****Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023****(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)****35 Financial instruments by category**

Set out below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2023:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Amortised Cost</b>	<b>Total carrying value</b>	<b>Total fair value</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Loans	1.88	1.88	1.88
Trade and other receivables	1,016.62	1,016.62	1,016.62
Cash and cash equivalents	3.50	3.50	3.50
Others financial assets	7.69	7.69	7.69
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,029.69</b>	<b>1,029.69</b>	<b>1,029.69</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Borrowings	663.61	663.61	663.61
Trade payables	918.41	918.41	918.41
Other financial liabilities	32.38	32.38	32.38
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,614.40</b>	<b>1,614.40</b>	<b>1,614.40</b>

Set out below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2022:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Amortised Cost</b>	<b>Total carrying value</b>	<b>Total fair value</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>			
Loans	1.57	1.57	1.57
Trade and other receivables	1,037.57	1,037.57	1,037.57
Cash and cash equivalents	43.82	43.82	43.82
Others financial assets	5.50	5.50	5.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,088.46</b>	<b>1,088.46</b>	<b>1,088.46</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
Borrowings	952.69	952.69	952.69
Trade payables	918.32	918.32	918.32
Other financial liabilities	31.40	31.40	31.40
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,902.41</b>	<b>1,902.41</b>	<b>1,902.41</b>

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalent, loans, trade receivables, trade and other payables, borrowings and other current financial assets approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

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**36 Financial risk management objectives and policies**

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables and borrowings. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Risk Management policies of the Company are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

**a. Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk.

The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

**Foreign currency risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company has certain financial assets and financial liabilities in foreign currencies which expose the Company to foreign currency risks.

**Foreign currency sensitivity**

To manage the foreign currency risk arising from recognised assets and liabilities, the Company used forward covers to hedge the risk of fluctuation in some cases as and when required. The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD, EURO, JPY, SGD and CNY exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

Currency	% Change in Foreign Currency rate	March 31, 2023 Effect on profit before tax	March 31, 2022 Effect on profit before tax
USD	5%	(0.20)	(4.09)
	-5%	0.20	4.09
EURO	5%	(0.01)	(1.18)
	-5%	0.01	1.18
JPY	5%	(0.00)	(0.02)
	-5%	0.00	0.02
SGD	5%	(0.04)	(0.11)
	-5%	0.04	0.11
CNY	5%	(0.01)	(0.04)
	-5%	0.01	0.04

**Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have significant exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates as the short term borrowings are obtained at fixed interest rates from a related party.

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**36 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)**

**b. Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk primarily from trade receivables, other receivables, loans and deposits with banks.

**Trade receivables**

Senior management is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment, delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Company assess the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are based on internal and external assessment. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss or gain. The Company follows simplified approach for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Trade receivable.

**Financial instruments and cash deposits**

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings.

**c. Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may encounter difficulty in meeting its present and future obligations associated with financial liabilities that are required to be settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's objective is to, at all times to maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and other obligations. The Company requires funds both for short term operational needs as well as for long term investment programs such as investment in property pant and equipments. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It aims to minimise these risks by generating sufficient cash flows from its current operations, which in addition to the available cash and cash equivalents and sufficient committed fund facilities, will provide liquidity.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>Less than 12 months</b>	<b>1-5 years</b>
Borrowings	196.11	467.50
Lease liabilities	1.39	-
Trade payables	918.41	-
Other financial liabilities	32.38	-
<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>	<b>Less than 12 months</b>	<b>1-5 years</b>
Borrowings	115.19	837.50
Lease liabilities	0.75	-
Trade payables	918.32	-
Other financial liabilities	31.40	-

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**37 Capital Management**

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholder's value. The Company manages its capital and makes adjustments to it in light of the changes in economic and market conditions.

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio. The gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity as shown in the balance sheet plus all other equity reserves attributable to equity holders of the Company.

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Borrowings	663.61	952.69
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	3.50	43.82
Net debt	660.11	908.87
Equity	841.71	740.36
<b>Gearing ratio (times)</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>1.23</b>

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

- 38** With effect from August 5, 2022, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has amended the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, relating to maintenance of electronic books of account and other relevant books and papers. Pursuant to this amendment, the Company is required to maintain the books of account which are accessible in India at all times and their backup is to be kept on servers located in India on a daily basis.

The status of compliance for each of its locations and for all the IT applications are summarised in the below table:

Requirements u/s 128 of the Companies Act, 2013	Oracle (Accounting ERP)	Other applications (Integrated with Oracle)
Books of Account are maintained in electronic mode and accessible in India at all times	Yes	Yes
Backup maintained on servers physically located in India on daily basis	No	No
Intimation sent to the ROC for the current year	No	No

The Company will take appropriate measures to comply with these regulations.

- 39** The Company had incurred expenditure in the nature of power, utilities maintenance, travelling and conveyance, administrative services etc against which proportionate cost of INR 5.29 (March 31, 2022: INR 2.81) was charged to other Group entities based on Memorandum of Understanding between the companies.
- 40** Based on the agreement between the Company and other Danfoss Group companies, Companies have charged a sum for providing information technology support services, global support services, transition support services, corporate finance support services and other services, etc.

Party Name	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Danfoss Power Solutions II, LLC	179.45	13.77
Danfoss A/S	-	69.87
Danfoss Technologies Private Limited	0.50	0.78
Danfoss Fluid Power Private Limited	23.54	-
Danfoss Power Solutions II GmbH	28.03	-
Eaton(China) Investment Company Limited	-	16.28
Eaton Corporation, USA	-	19.48
Eaton Power (Shanghai) Trading Limited Partnership	-	0.11
Eaton Industries Manufacturing GmbH	-	1.47

For the year ended March 31, 2022, based on agreement between the Company and other Eaton Group companies, Companies have charged a sum for providing product management and marketing services, supply chain management services, information technology services, taxation and finance related services, etc. on proportionate basis. These charges have been incurred for the period April 01, 2021 to August 01, 2021 and have been discontinued after change in the shareholders of the Company.

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
**(Formerly known as Eaton Fluid Power Limited)**  
**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**41. Leases**

**Company as a lessee**

The Company has entered into a arrangement to obtain a warehouse on lease. The lease arrangement is for 3 years and includes escalation clause. The Company also has leases for office premises with lease terms of 12 months or less and other low value asset leases. The Company has applied the 'short term lease' and 'lease of low-value-assets' recognition exemption for these leases.

The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movement during the year is disclosed in note 3A.

(a) Set out below are the carrying amounts of right of use assets recognised and the movements during the year:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Right of use Assets</b>		
As at April 01	0.84	3.33
Additions (note 3A, 22)	3.14	-
Depreciation expense	(2.63)	(2.49)
As at March 31	<b>1.35</b>	<b>0.84</b>

(b) Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included under other financial liabilities) and the movements during the year:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2022</b>
<b>Lease Liabilities</b>		
As at April 01	0.75	3.79
Additions	3.14	-
Interest accrued (note 23)	0.34	0.11
Payments	(2.84)	(3.15)
As at March 31	<b>1.39</b>	<b>0.75</b>
<b>Current portion</b>	<b>1.39</b>	<b>0.75</b>
<b>Non-current portion</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
	<b>1.39</b>	<b>0.75</b>

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in note 37.

The effective interest rate for lease liabilities is 8.43%, with maturity between 2021-2023

(c) The following are the amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets (note 22)	2.63	2.49
Interest expense on lease liabilities (note 23)	0.34	0.11
Expense relating to short-term leases and low value leases (included in other expenses) (refer note 24)	3.79	3.03
	<b>6.76</b>	<b>5.63</b>

**Company as a lessor**

**Operating lease (cancellable)**

The Company has entered into operating lease agreement with its Group Companies for leasing part of its office space located at Pimpri, Pune for a lease term of 36 months.

In previous year, Company had entered into operating lease agreement on its investment property consisting of freehold land at Pimpri, Pune for a lease term of 59 months. The Company was also recovering rent from its Group Companies against use of office space on sub-lease basis.

The lease rentals are credited to the Statement of profit and loss. The lease is cancellable by giving 30 days notice and does not include any rent escalation for future period. Future lease rentals are determined on the basis of lease payments as per mutually agreed terms. The below lease rentals do not include contingent rent.

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2023</b>	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2022</b>
Rent received during the year on investment property*	-	1.06
Recovery of rent from group companies on leasing out office building	3.18	1.91
	<b>3.18</b>	<b>2.97</b>

Lease agreement has been cancelled with mutual consent of Company and lessee, namely Eaton Technologies Private Limited (ETPL) with effect from July 26, 2021.



**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**42. Trade receivables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2023**

Particulars	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables - considered good	860.95	155.58	-	-	-	-	<b>1,016.53</b>
Undisputed trade receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	0.09	-	-	-	-	<b>0.09</b>
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	15.89	23.34	6.46	4.68	5.31	<b>55.68</b>
Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>860.95</b>	<b>171.56</b>	<b>23.34</b>	<b>6.46</b>	<b>4.68</b>	<b>5.31</b>	<b>1,072.30</b>

**Trade receivables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2022**

Particulars	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables - considered good	739.50	285.30	5.72	-	-	-	<b>1,030.52</b>
Undisputed trade receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	0.97	1.50	2.30	0.51	1.77	<b>7.05</b>
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	0.34	1.29	3.61	3.06	5.42	<b>13.72</b>
Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	3.47	-	<b>3.47</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>739.50</b>	<b>286.61</b>	<b>8.51</b>	<b>5.91</b>	<b>7.04</b>	<b>7.19</b>	<b>1,054.76</b>

**43. Trade payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2023**

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	118.93	38.47	-	-	-	157.40
Total outstanding dues of other than micro and small enterprises	105.94	360.31	267.49	25.04	2.23	-	761.01
Disputed dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of other than micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>105.94</b>	<b>479.24</b>	<b>305.96</b>	<b>25.04</b>	<b>2.23</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>918.41</b>

**Trade payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2022**

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	202.49	-	-	-	-	202.49
Total outstanding dues of other than micro and small enterprises	130.37	342.61	114.08	128.77	-	-	715.83
Disputed dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of other than micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>130.37</b>	<b>545.10</b>	<b>114.08</b>	<b>128.77</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>918.32</b>

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**44. Note on Social Security**

Government of India's Code for Social Security 2020 ('Code') received assent from the Presidential in September 2020. However, the date from which the Code will become applicable and the relevant Rules have not yet been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code and account for the same once the effective date and the rules are notified.

**45. Capital work in progress (CWIP) ageing schedule as on March 31, 2023**

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	6.08	0.03	-	-	6.11
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>6.08</b>	<b>0.03</b>	-	-	<b>6.11</b>

**Capital work in progress (CWIP) ageing schedule as on March 31, 2022**

Particulars	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	99.70	-	-	-	99.70
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>99.70</b>	-	-	-	<b>99.70</b>

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**

**46 Ratio Analysis and its elements**

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	% change	Reason for variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.29	1.54	-16.14%	NA
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.79	1.29	-38.73%	During the year ended March 31, 2023, shareholders equity has increased due to profit generated from operations while borrowing has reduced, leading to strengthening of ratio in current year.
Debt Service Coverage ratio	Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses	Interest & lease payments + Principal Repayments	0.64	0.28	129.98%	The ratio has improved due to repayment of borrowings as at March 31, 2023 compared to previous year.
Return on Equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.14	0.44	-68.29%	Lower profits for the year ended March 31, 2023 has led to lower Return on equity ratio.
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	4.00	4.01	-0.18%	NA
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales= Gross credit sales - sales return	Average Trade Receivable	4.61	4.31	6.99%	NA
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net credit purchases= Gross credit purchases - purchase return	Average Trade Payables	3.55	3.68	-3.39%	NA
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current assets – Current liabilities	10.98	6.11	79.58%	Due to increase in current borrowings as at March 31, 2023, net working capital has reduced leading to increased Net Capital Turnover Ratio.
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	0.02	0.06	-60.88%	Lower margin, higher corporate support charges for the year ended March 31, 2023 has led to lower Net Profit ratio.
Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed= Tangible net worth+ total debt+ deferred tax liability	0.16	0.23	-30.42%	Lower margin, higher corporate support charges for the year ended March 31, 2023 has led to lower Net Profit ratio.
Return on Investment	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in treasury investments	NA	NA	NA	NA

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**Danfoss Systems Limited**  
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**Notes to the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023**  
**(All amounts in INR million unless otherwise stated)**

**47. Other statutory information**

(i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

(ii) The Company has following transaction with the below mentioned Company struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013:

**As at March 31, 2023**

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transaction	Amount of transaction	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck off Company, if any
Microvision Calibration Laboratory's Private Limited (U74999PN2004PTC019960)	Purchase	0.05	Nil	None

**As at March 31, 2022**

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transaction	Amount of transaction	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck off Company, if any
Microvision Calibration Laboratory's Private Limited (U74999PN2004PTC019960)	Purchase	0.16	Nil	None

(iii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(iv) The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual currency during the financial year.

(v) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other persons or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(vi) The Company have not received any fund from any persons or entity, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(vii) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

(viii) During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company was not party to any approved scheme which needs approval from competent authority in terms of section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report of even date  
**For S R B C & CO LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
ICAI Firm Registration number: 324982E/E300003

Sd/-

**per Tridevjal Khandelwal**  
Partner  
Membership No: 501160  
Place: Pune  
Date: August 28, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
**Danfoss Systems Limited**

Sd/-

**Ravichandran Purushothaman**  
Director  
DIN: 06584433  
Place: Chennai  
Date: August 28, 2023

Sd/-

**Binu Antony Kuttickatt**  
Director  
DIN: 10167302  
Place: Pune  
Date: August 28, 2023

**ENGINEERING  
TOMORROW**

