Board of Directors:

Ashok Bhandari

Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia Independent Director Ravi Goenka Independent Director

Gourav Periwal

Manager & CFO:

K. K. Thakur

Company Secretary:

Sumit Jain

Bankers:

State Bank of India HDFC Bank Ltd. ICICI Bank Ltd.

Auditors:

R. KOTHARI & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants Kolkata

Registered Office:

21, Strand Road Kolkate - 700 001

Phone: 033-2230 9601-03

E-mail: digvijayfinleaselimited@gmail.com

Web: www.digvijayfin.com

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd. 23, R. N. Mukherjee Road (5th Floor)

Kolkata -700 001

Tel: 033 2243 5029, 22482248 E-mail: mdpldc@yahoo.com

Index

Particulars	Page
Directors' Report	1
Annual Report on CSR Activities	14
Policies	18
Corporate Governance Report	26
Auditor's Report	30
Financial Statements	47

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

Your Board of Directors have pleasure in presenting the 33rd Annual Report of your Company along with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025. The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).

FINANCIAL RESULTS:

	(Rs in Lacs)
Profit Before Taxation (excluding Other Comprehensive Income)	5075.77
Less: Provision for Current Tax (Net of charge in OCI)	756.51
Less: Income Tax relating to earlier years	0.73
Less: Deferred Tax	560.61
Profit After Taxation (excluding Other Comprehensive Income)	3757.92
Add: Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	(4.40)
Add: Transfer from Equity Instrument through OCI on realization	9326.97
Add: Balance of Profit from Previous year (excluding Other	48445.15
Comprehensive Income including General Reserve)	
Total	61525.64
APPROPRIATIONS:	
Transfer to Statutory Reserve (as per RBI Guidelines)	751.58
Balance Carried to Balance Sheet (excluding Other Comprehensive	60774.06
Income)	
Total	61525.64

WORKING RESULTS AND STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

Total income during the year under review amounted to ₹7,364.51 Lacs as against ₹6,153.95 Lacs in the preceding year. Profit before and after tax amounted to ₹5,705.77 Lacs and ₹3,757.92 Lacs respectively as against ₹5,704.00 Lacs and ₹4,323.76 Lacs respectively in the previous year excluding Other Comprehensive Income.

The Company continues to remain registered as a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) with the Reserve Bank of India.

No material changes and commitments have occurred after the close of the year till the date of this report, which affect the financial position of the Company.

DIVIDEND

To further strengthen the financial position of the Company and to conserve resources,

the Board has decided to retain the earnings and does not propose any dividend.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Company has only one class of shares – equity shares of par value ₹10/- each. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company stands at ₹ 20 Crores divided into 2 Crore equity shares of ₹10/- each. The paid-up equity share capital of the Company stood at ₹1325.94 Lacs as at 31st March, 2025. During the year, the Company has not issued any shares.

TRANSFER TO RESERVE FUND

Pursuant to section 45-IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) are required to transfer a sum not less than 20% of their net profit every year to reserve fund before declaration of any dividend. Accordingly, the Board proposes to transfer ₹751.58 Lacs to Reserve Fund and the balance profit is retained in the Profit and Loss Account.

PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public during the year nor does it hold any public deposit as at the end of the financial year.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The Company, being a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) registered under Chapter IIIB of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934), is exempt from complying with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to disclosures of Investments made and of loans and guarantees given or provided.

SUBSIDIARY / JOINT VENTURES / ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company does not have any Subsidiary/Joint Venture / Associate Company, hence the information pertaining to the same is not applicable.

DEMATERIALISATON OF COMPANY'S SHARES AND REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT (RTA)

The Company has made arrangements with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) to offer facility of dematerialisation of securities to its shareholders. The ISIN

allotted by the said depository to the Company is – **INEO1USO1017**. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holding to dematerialized form to eliminate risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management and transaction of transfer. Members may contact their Depository Participant for assistance in this regard.

Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd. is acting as Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Company for both electronic and physical form of shareholdings including transmission and transposition. All communications relating to shares should be addressed to the RTA at 23, R.N. Mukherjee Road, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 001. Email ID of the RTA is mdpldc@yahoo.com

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Company had entered into contracts / arrangements / transactions with related parties, attracting the requirement of disclosure in this report as per provisions of Section 188 of the Act i.e. for remuneration paid to the key managerial personnel, sitting fees paid to the directors, and rent paid to the enterprise having significant influence over this Company for office space which are in the ordinary course of business and are suitably disclosed in Note No.31 of the Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report pursuant to Ind AS 24. The required disclosure of such transactions under section 134(3) (h) of the Act is enclosed in form AOC-2 forming part of this Report.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls commensurate with its size, scale, nature of business and operations with reference to its financial statements. The Company has appointed internal auditors who review the internal financial control system. These have been designed to provide reasonable assurance about recording and providing reliable financial information, ensuring integrity in conducting business, accuracy and completeness in maintaining accounting records and prevention and detection of frauds and errors.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The main identified risks at the Company are Commercial Risks, Financial Risks, Operational Risks and Legal & Regulatory Risks. The Company has Risk Management Committee as required by the Reserve Bank of India comprising of three members,

namely Shri Ashok Bhandari (Chairman), Shri Ravi Goenka (Director) and Shri K. K. Thakur (CFO), who has been assigned the task of management and mitigation of risk to the Company's operations. The Committee met four times during the year.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company's Articles of Association, Shri Gourav Periwal (DIN: 08643886) Director of the Company retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

The Board recommends the re-appointment and accordingly resolution seeking approval of the members for the re-appointment has been included in the Notice of forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Shri Ravi Goenka and Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia continue to be the Independent Directors of the Company appointed for a period of five years from their respective dates of appointment, not liable to retire by rotation. The Independent Directors have appropriate skill, knowledge and experience in the business carried on by the Company. The Company has received declarations from both the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of Independence as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Board hereby confirms that it is satisfied with such declarations.

Shri S. K. Mukherjee cease to be the Independent Director of the Company with effect from 11th September, 2024 as his second term of five years expires on 10th September, 2024.

Shri K.K. Thakur is the Manager and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. Shri K.K. Thakur was re-appointed as Manager and Chief Financial Officer of the Company by the members at the 30th Annual General Meeting for a period of 5 (five) years commencing from 1st September, 2022.

Shri Sumit Jain, a Fellow Member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, having membership number F9010, is the Company Secretary of your Company. Shri Sumit Jain is also the Compliance Officer of the Company.

BOARD EVALUATION

The performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Individual Directors was conducted after seeking inputs from all directors on the basis of criteria such as the composition and structure, effectiveness of processes, functioning etc.

The Independent Directors held a separate meeting, which reviewed the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole, took into account the views of non-executive directors and to assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the management and the Board. The Independent Directors were satisfied with the performance of the Board as a whole and timeliness of flow of information.

Some of the key criteria for performance evaluation are as follows:-Performance evaluation of Directors:

- Attendance at Board or Committee meetings.
- Contribution at Board or Committee meetings.
- Guidance / support to management outside the Board / Committee meetings.

Performance evaluation of Board and Committees:

- Degree of fulfillment of key responsibilities
- Board structure and composition
- Establishment and delineation of responsibilities to Committees
- Effectiveness of Board processes, information and functioning
- Board culture and dynamics
- Quality of relationship between Board and Management
- Efficacy of communication with shareholders.

AUDITORS:

Statutory Auditors

M/s R. Khothari & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants having Firm Registration No. 307069E / E300266, who are Statutory Auditors of the Company, were appointed by the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the 35th Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2027 subject to review of their performance by the Board every year. In accordance with the RBI directives, the Board and the Audit Committee have reviewed the performance of the statutory auditors and the Board has decided their continuation as statutory auditors as per recommendation of the Audit Committee for the year 2025-26. The Members are required to fix remuneration of the Statutory Auditors for the financial year ending 31st March, 2026 and may authorise the Board suitably in the matter through

resolution to do so in consultation with the auditors.

The audit report by M/s R. Khothari & Co. LLP, for the financial year 2024-25 is unmodified, i.e., it does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer and hence does not require any explanation or clarification by the Board.

Cost Audit

Pursuant to provisions of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 cost audit as specified by the Central Government is not applicable to the Company.

Tax Auditor

The Board of Directors had appointed M/s R. Khothari & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants, to carry out the Tax Audit for the Assessment Year 2025-26.

Internal Auditor

The Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee had appointed M/s D. K. Parmanandka & Co., Chartered Accountants, having Firm Registration Number: 322388E to carry out the Internal Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25.

REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the reporting period, the statutory auditors had not reported to the audit committee/Board, under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, any instance of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees, and hence the requirement to mention the same in this report is not applicable.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS:

Meetings of Board and its Committees are held as per statutory requirements and as per business needs. Due to business exigencies, the Board and Committees have also been approving proposals by circulation from time to time.

BOARD MEETING

During the year, 6 (Six) Board Meetings and one meeting of the Independent Directors were held. The intervening gap between the meetings of the Board was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has formed following Committees besides Risk Management Committee in compliance of the provisions of the Act and the Reserve Bank of India directives as applicable to NBFC with relevant policy frame work for the same and guidelines for their functioning:-

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises of two Independent Directors namely, Shri Ravi Goenka (Chairman), Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia and a Non Independent non-executive Director Shri Ashok Bhandari. Shri Sumit Jain acts as Secretary to the Committee. The Committee met five times during the year.

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has a Nomination & Remuneration Committee comprising of two independent directors and one non- independent director namely, Shri Ravi Goenka (Chairman), Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia and Non-independent non-executive Director Shri Ashok Bhandari. The Committee met two times during the year.

FINANCE AND ASSETS LIABILITY SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE (ALCO)

The Committee as constituted by the Board comprises Independent Directors namely Shr Ravi Goenka (Chairman) and Non- Executive Directors being Shri Ashok Bhandari and Shri Gourav Periwal as other members of the Committee. The Committee met five times during the year.

INVESTMENT / CREDIT COMMITTEE

The Committee as constituted by the Board comprises Non- Executive Directors namely Shri Ashok Bhandari (Chairman), and Shri Gourav Periwal and one Independent Director being Shri Ravi Goenka and Shri Krishna Gopal Somani (CRO) as other member of the Committee. The Committee met five times during the year.

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee comprises of two independent directors namely, Shri Ravi Goenka (Chairman), Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia and one non- independent director namely Shri Gourav Periwal and Shri Krishna Kumar Thakur, Manager and Chief Financial Officer of the Company for the purpose of attending to investors' grievances including

transfer / transmission / transposition of shares of the Company. The Committee met five times during the year.

GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISM COMMITTEE

The Committee as constituted by the Board comprises of two independent directors namely, Shri Ravi Goenka (Chairman), Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia and one non-independent director namely Shri Gourav Periwal. The Committee met once during the year.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

The CSR Committee of the Board comprises of three members, of which two are independent directors and one non-executive director namely Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia (Chairman), Shri Ravi Goenka and Shri Gourav Periwal respectively. The Committee met once during the reporting period.

This year the Company has contributed to "SHREE FOUNDATION TRUST", a trust undertaking various CSR activities for promotion of Rural Development Projects as part of CSR activities.

The Annual Report on CSR activities of FY 2024-25 with requisite details in the specified format as required under Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 is annexed hereto and forms part of this report.

The CSR Policy of the Company is also annexed hereto and forms part of this Report.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

The Board has on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy, inter alia, for selection and appointment of Directors, Senior Management including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of directors which is annexed hereto and forms part of this Report. Further, Policy relating to remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees is also annexed hereto and forms part of this Report.

The Board of Directors of the Company follows the criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes, independence of Directors as per applicable policies of the Company.

Directors are appointed /re-appointed with the approval of the Members for a term in accordance with the provisions of the law and the Articles of Association of the Company. All Directors, other than Independent Directors, are liable to retire by rotation, unless otherwise specifically provided under the Articles of Association or under any statute or

terms of appointment.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A separate section on the Company's corporate governance practices, as per RBI Circular No. RBI/2022-23/26 DOR.ACC.REC.No.20/21.04.018/2022-23 dated 19.04.2022 applicable for unlisted NBFC's is provided as part of this report.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has always provided a congenial atmosphere for work that is free from discrimination and harassment, including sexual harassment. Keeping in view the problem of sexual harassment the company has framed a policy to prevent incidents of sexual harassment as required under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. However, constitution of Internal Committee as required under the Act is not applicable to the Company since the company has less than 10 employees. All employees are covered under this Policy. During the year under review, the Company has not received any complaint of sexual harassment, hence no disclosures are applicable.

ANNUAL RETURN

In terms of Sections 92(3) and 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, annual return for the financial year 2024-25 will be placed at the Company's website www.digvijayfin.com after the filing of the same in MCA portal and can be viewed at the following link: https://www.digvijayfin.com/annualreturn/2024-25.pdf

SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS

There are no significant & material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts / Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values pursuant to the provisions of the Act. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued

accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy. These form part of the Notes to the financial statements.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134 (3) (c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company hereby states and confirms that:

- i) in the preparation of the Annual Accounts for the financial year 2024-25, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any
- ii) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for FY 2024-25;
- iii) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- vi) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and are operating effectively.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

None of the employees is drawing remuneration in excess of the limits set out in Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 appended to the Companies Act, 2013.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with all the applicable provisions of Secretarial Standards

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

A. Conservation of Energy

 the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy; 	The Company's operations are not
(ii) the steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate	energy-intensive. Therefore, there is
sources of energy;	no need to take measures to conserve
(iii) the capital investment on energy conservation	the consumption of energy.
equipments;	

B. Technology Absorption

- (i) the efforts made towards technology absorption;
- (ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution;
- (iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-
 - (a) the details of technology imported;
 - (b) the year of import;
 - (c) whether the technology been fully absorbed;
 - (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; and
- (iv) the expenditure incurred on research and Development.

Operations of the Company do not involve any kind of special technology and there was no expenditure on research & development during the financial year.

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo

Details of Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo during the year are as follows.

	8 7
Foreign Exchange Earnings	NIL
Foreign Exchange Outgo	NIL

TRANSFER OF SHARES ONLY IN DEMAT MODE

The transfer of securities can be processed only in dematerialized form. Further, securities of the Company shall be issued in dematerialized form only while processing service requests in relation to issue of duplicate securities certificates, renewal/exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, sub-division/splitting and consolidation of securities certificates/folios, transmission and transposition. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR-4, the format of which is available on the website of the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent – Maheshwari Datamatics Private Limited. It may be noted that any service request can be processed only after the folio is KYC compliant.

UPDATING KYC DETAILS

The shareholders holding shares in physical form should update Permanent Account Number (PAN), KYC, bank details, etc with the RTA. The investor service requests forms for updation of PAN, KYC, bank details and Nomination viz., Form ISR-1, ISR-2, ISR-3, SH-13, SH-14 are available on the website of the RTA www.mdpl.in. In view of the above, we urge the shareholders to submit the Investor Service Request forms alongwith the supporting documents.

In respect of shareholders who hold shares in dematerialized form and wish to update their PAN, KYC, Bank details and Nomination are requested to contact their respective Depository Participants.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors take this opportunity to place on record the co-operation and support received from the shareholders for their committed engagement with the Company. Your Directors also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation to the Company's employees and take this opportunity to thank them and hope that they will maintain their commitment to excellence in the years to come.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Kolkata (GOURAV PERIWAL) (ASHOK DHIRAJLAL KANAKIA)

Dated: 20th June, 2025 DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

Directors

FORM NO. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

Sl	No.	Particulars	Amount (Rs.)			
1	Deta basis	ils of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length	NIL			
	(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	-			
	(b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	-			
	(c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions	-			
	(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	-			
	(e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	-			
	(f)	date(s) of approval by the Board	-			
	(g)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	-			
	(h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	-			
2	Deta basis	ils of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length				
	(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Shree Capital Services Ltd having significant influence over the Company			
	(b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	Office Rent Agreement			
	(c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions	3 years from F.Y. 2023-24			
	(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	Rent Rs. 24,000/- per annum plus GST			
	(e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	30th June, 2023			
	(f)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	NIL			

For and on behalf of the Board

Place: Kolkata (GOURAV PERIWAL) (ASHOK DHIRAJLAL KANAKIA)

Dated: 20th June, 2025 DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

Directors

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company

The Company aims to focus on environment preservation, spreading education, promoting sports, eradicating poverty, women empowerment, urban and rural development and supporting needy people of the society for their overall upliftment. Though its social activities are to focus primarily on areas surrounding its operations, which may include people/programs which may not be so related strictly considering overall upliftment objectives.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

The CSR Committee comprises 3 members, of which 2 are Independent Directors. The Committee met once during the reporting period on 15th January, 2025. The details of members and the meeting are as under:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation/ Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Sri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	Chairman (Independent Director)	1	1
2	Sri Ravi Goenka	Member (Independent Director)	1	1
3	Sri Gourav Periwal	Member (Non-executive Non-Independent Director)	1	1

3. Web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.

www.digvijayfin.com

4. Details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report)

Not Applicable

 Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any:
 (Rs Lacs)

SI. No.	Financial Year		Amount required to be set- off for the financial year, if any (in Rs)
1.	2021-22	Rs. 0.03 Lacs	Rs. 0.03 Lacs
2.	2022-23	Rs. 0.02 Lacs	Rs. 0.02 Lacs
3.	2023-24	Rs.0.02 Lacs	Rs.0.02 Lacs

- 6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. 371.44 Lacs
- 7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs.7.43 Lacs
 - (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: Rs.0.07 Lacs
 - (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
 - (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): Rs.7.36 Lacs
- 8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent (in Rs. Lacs)							
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs. Lacs)	Total Amount Unspent CSR section 135(6)	transferred to Account as per	Amount transferred to any fund specified underSchedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)					
(In Rs. Lacs)	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer			
Rs. 7.45 Lacs	NIL	-	-	NIL	-			

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)		8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
SI. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No).	Locatio project	on of the	Project duration.	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount the financial Rs.).	spent in current Year (in	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.).	Mode of Implementa tion - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of Through Agency	Implementation - Implementing
				State.	District.							Name	CSR Registration number.
	NIL												

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)				
SI. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in	Local area (Yes/	Location of the project.						Amount spent for the	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of implementation - Through implementing agency.	
		schedule VII to the Act.	No).	State.	District.	project (in ₹.Lac).		Name.	CSR registration number.				
1	Construction of Samudayik Bhawan	Rural Development Project	No	Kar	nataka	7.45 Lacs	No	Shree Foundation Trust	CSR00000358				
	Total					7.45 Lacs							

- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads NIL
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable NIL
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year(8b+8c+8d+8e)- Not Applicable
- (g) Excess amount for set off, if any

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (Rs. Lacs)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	7.43
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	7.45
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(ij)]	0.02
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	0.07
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	0.09

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

SI.	Preceding	Amount	Amount spent Amount transferred to any fund specified in under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if				Amount		
No.	Financial	transferred					remaining to		
	Year.	to	th	any.			be spent in		
		Unspent CSR	e				succeeding		
		Account under section 135 (6)(in Rs. Lacs)	reporting Financial Year (in Rs. Lacs)	Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer.	financial years (in Rs. Lacs)		
	NIL								

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for **ongoing projects** of the preceding financial year(s):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
SI. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for th eproject (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Status of the project - Completed /Ongoing.		
	NIL									

- 10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details).
 - (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s): Not Applicable
 - (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset: Not Applicable
 - (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.: Not Applicable
 - (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset): Not Applicable
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): Not Applicable

Place: Kolkata Date: 20th June, 2025 For Digvijay Finlease Limited

Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia Chairman of CSR Committee DIN: 00738955 Gourav Periwal Director DIN: 08643886

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy)

Digvijay Finlease Limited (DFL) believes that for its operation and growth to be sustainable, it has to be responsive to social needs. Its progress is thus underlined by strict adherence to environment preservation, social upliftment, spread of education, healthcare, promotion and development of sports, women empowerment and rural and urban development etc. DFL believes in making social development as an integral part of its business activities so as to bring about a meaningful change in the lives of people. DFL considers social responsibility as a voluntary act rather than an additional activity mandated by statute.

DFL has in line with / in conformity with the statutory requirement, prepared its CSR Policy. DFL will maintain that all the activities that will be undertaken by it will be in accordance with the policy and that the projects and activities that will be undertaken are in full compliance with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The contents of DFL's CSR Policy are given below:-

1. Vision, Objective and Scope of the Policy

DFL Programmes will focus on promotion and development of sports, education, health care and urban and rural development, women empowerment, preservation of environment and ecology and supporting needy people of the society for their overall upliftment. Though its social activities will be focusing primarily on areas surrounding its operations, it may include people / programs which may not be so related strictly considering overall objectives.

2. Mandate of Corporate Social Responsibility

DFL is committed to spend 2% of its Average Net Profits of last three financial years as defined in the Rules towards its social initiatives.

3. Board / Committee

The CSR Committee of the Board will oversee the social activities to be undertaken by the Company.

4. Identification of Projects and Modalities of Project Execution

The projects to be undertaken by the Company shall conform to the guidelines formulated or laid down by the Government from time to time under Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013.

5. Organisational Mechanism

DFL will seek assistance of outside agencies and/or collaborative partnerships may be formed with like-minded stakeholders in order to widen the Company's reach in implementing its CSR Policy.

6. Implementation

CSR Committee of the Board is entrusted with implementing the social activities / initiatives and establishing a monitoring mechanism in line with the policy of the company.

7. Budget-CSR Corpus

DFL will allocate necessary budget after the beginning of relevant accounting year for social initiatives. Fund allocation for various activities will be made on suitable and/or progressive basis.

8. Performance Management

DFL will adopt suitable approach for measuring the actual performance of the projects undertaken whenever required and Audit Committee of the Board of the Company shall review the performance in conformity with the provisions of law.

9. Information Dissemination and Policy Communication

The Company's engagement in this domain shall be disseminated through its Annual Reports and website.

10. Management Commitment

Our Board of Directors, Management and all of employees subscribe to the philosophy of compassionate care. We believe and act on ethos of generosity and compassion, characterised by a willingness to build a society that works for everyone. This is the cornerstone of our CSR Policy.

11. Review of Policy

CSR Committee of the Board of **Digvijay Finlease Limited** will review the policy from time to time based on the changing needs and aspirations of the target beneficiaries and the legal frame work and make suitable modifications as may be necessary.

Place: Kolkata For Digvijay Finlease Limited

Date: 20th June, 2025

Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia Gourav Periwal
Chairman of CSR Committee
DIN: 00738955 DIN: 08643886

Policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Senior Management including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of directors

Introduction

Digvijay Finlease Limited (DFL) believes that an enlightened Board consciously creates a culture of leadership to provide a long-term vision and policy approach to improve the quality of governance.

DFL recognizes the importance of independent directors in achieving the effectiveness of the Board. DFL aims to have an optimum combination of Non-Executive and Independent Directors.

Scope and Exclusion

This Policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination & Remuneration Committee for identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and to determine the independence of Directors, in case of their appointment as independent directors of the Company.

Terms and References

In this Policy, the terms shall have the following meanings:

"Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, as amended or modified or supplemented from time to time;

"Director" means a director appointed to the Board of the Company.

"Senior Management' shall mean and include the following:

- Chief Executive Officer (CEO)/Manager in terms of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013:
- Chief Financial Officer (CFO);
- Company Secretary; and
- Such other persons holding positions as may be deemed necessary by the NRC

"Nomination and Remuneration Committee" or "Committee" means the committee constituted by DFL's Board in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the

Companies Act, 2013.

"Independent Director" means a director referred to in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Policy

Qualifications and Criteria

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and the Board, shall review on an annual basis, appropriate skills, knowledge and experience required of the Board as a whole and its individual members. The objective is to have a Board with diverse background and experience that are relevant for the Company's business operations.

In evaluating the suitability of individual Board members, the Committee may take into account factors such as:

- General understanding of the Company's business dynamics and social perspective;
- Educational and professional background;
- Standing in the profession;
- Personal and professional ethics, integrity and values;
- Willingness to devote sufficient time and zeal in carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively.

The proposed appointee shall also fulfill the following requirements:

- Shall possess a Director Identification Number (DIN) and Permanent Account Number (PAN);
- Shall not be disqualified under the Companies Act, 2013 or under any other applicable law/regulation;
- Shall give his written consent in prescribed form to act as a Director;
- Shall endeavor to attend all Board Meetings and wherever he is appointed as a Committee Member, the Committee Meetings;
- Shall abide by the ethics policy established by the Company for Directors, employees and Senior Management Personnel;
- Shall disclose his concern or interest in any Company or Companies or bodies corporate, firms, or other association of individuals including his shareholding at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year and thereafter whenever there is a change in the disclosures already made;

- Shall not be in the list of wilful defaulters published by the Reserve Bank of India;
- Such other requirements as may be prescribed, from time to time, under the Companies Act, 2013 and other relevant laws.

The Committee shall evaluate each individual with the objective of having a group that best enables the success of the Company's business.

Criteria of Independence

The Committee shall assess the independence of Directors at the time of appointment / re-appointment and the Board shall assess the same annually. The Board shall re-assess determination of independence when any new interests or relationships are disclosed by the Director.

To follow the criteria of independence as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013.

The Independent Directors shall abide by the "Code for Independent Directors" as specified in Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 and as may be amended from time to time.

Other directorships / committee memberships

The Board members are expected to have adequate time, expertise and experience to contribute to effective Board performance. The Committee shall take into account the nature of, and the time involved in a Director's service on other Boards, in evaluating the suitability of the individual Director and making its recommendations to the Board.

A Director shall not serve as Director in more than 20 companies of which not more than 10 shall be Public Limited Companies.

A Director shall not serve as an Independent Director in more than 7 Listed Companies and not more than 3 Listed Companies in case he is serving as a Whole-time Director in any Listed Company.

A Director shall not be a member in more than 10 committees or act as Chairman of more than 5 committees across all companies in which he holds directorship.

Note: For the purpose of considering the limit of the Committees, Audit Committee and Stake holders' Relationship Committee of all Public Limited Companies, whether listed or

not, shall be included and all other companies including Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Companies under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be excluded.

Criteria for appointment of Senior Management Personnel

The person(s) proposed to be appointed as Senior Management Personnel shall possess the required qualifications, experience, skills and expertise which in the view of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are adequate to effectively discharge their duties and responsibilities in context with the role assigned.

Evaluation Procedure

The NRC shall develop such assessment criteria as it shall deem fit for the purposes of undertaking performance evaluation of the Directors and the Board as a whole and Senior Management Personnel. The NRC shall undertake an annual performance evaluation based on the relevant assessment criteria developed by it.

Removal

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013 or under any other applicable law, rules and regulations there under and / or for any disciplinary reasons and subject to such applicable laws, rules and regulations, the NRC may recommend, to the Board, with reasons recorded in writing, removal of any Director or Senior Management.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Kolkata (GOURAV PERIWAL) (ASHOK DHIRAJLAL KANAKIA)

Dated: 20th June, 2025 DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

Directors

Policy relating to remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees

Introduction

Digvijay Finlease Limited (DFL) recognizes the importance of aligning the business objectives with specific and measurable individual objectives. The Company has therefore formulated the remuneration policy for its directors, key managerial personnel and other employees keeping in view the following objectives:

- Ensuring that the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate talent to run the Company successfully.
- Ensuring that relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets the performance benchmarks.
- Ensuring that remuneration involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals. However, there is no incentive pay at present.

Scope and Exclusion

This Policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination and Remuneration Committee for recommending to the Board the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees of the Company.

Terms and References

In this Policy, the terms shall have the following meanings:

"Director" means a director appointed to the Board of the Company.

"Key Managerial Personnel" means

- the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer or Manager and in their absence a Whole-time Director;
- ii) the Company Secretary;
- iii) the Chief Financial Officer; and
- iv) such other officer as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013

"Nomination and Remuneration Committee" means the committee constituted by DFL's Board in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Policy

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Executive and Non-Executive Directors of the Company within the overall limits subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company wherever required. Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof. In addition to the sitting fees the Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to be paid their reasonable travelling, hotel and other expenses incurred for attending Board and Committee meetings or otherwise incurred in the discharge of their duties as Directors.

The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall also review and approve the remuneration payable to the Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees of the Company. Employee individual remuneration shall be determined according to their qualifications, and work experience as well as their roles and responsibilities and shall be based on various factors such as job profile, skill sets, seniority and experience.

The remuneration structure of the Executive Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees shall mainly include the following:

- a) Basic Pay
- b) Perquisites and Allowances
- c) Retiral Benefits

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Kolkata (GOURAV PERIWAL) (ASHOK DHIRAJLAL KANAKIA)

Dated: 20th June, 2025 DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

Directors

Report on Corporate Governance

A) Corporate Governance

(1) Composition of Board and attendance at the Meetings

S l N o		Director Since	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/	DIN		Meetings	No. of other Directo rships	Remuneration (Rs.)		No. of shares held in and convertible instruments	
			Promoter nominee/ Independent)		Held	Attended		Salary and other compen sation	Sitting Fee	Comm ission	held in the NBFC
1	Shri Ashok Bhandari	23.12.2011	Non- Executive	00012210	6	6	12	NIL	38,900/-	NIL	NIL
2	Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	28.06.2024	Independent	00738955	5	5	4	NIL	32,300/-	NIL	NIL
3	Shri S.K. Mukherjee*	11.09.2014	Independent	00029362	2	2	2	NIL	17,800/-	NIL	NIL
3	Shri Ravi Goenka	30.04.2019	Independent	01393012	6	6	2	NIL	46,100/-	NIL	NIL
4	Shri Gourav Periwal	27.12.2019	Non- Executive	08643886	6	6	5	NIL	28,800/-	NIL	NIL

^{*}Ceased to be Director w.e.f. 11.09.2024 because of end of tenure.

Details of change in composition of the Board during the current and previous financial year.

Sl No.	Name of Director	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non-Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter nominee/ Independent)	Nature of Change (resignation, appointment)	Effective Date
1	Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	Independent	Appointment	28.06.2024
2	Shri S.K. Mukheriee	Independent	End of Tenure	11.09.2024

There is no relationship inter-se between the Directors

- (2) Committees of the Board and their Composition
 - (i) Audit Committee

Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

SI No.	Name of Director	Member of Committee since	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter	Number of Meetings of the Committee		No. of shares held in NBFC
		since	nominee/ Independent)	Held	Attended	
1.	Shri Ravi Goenka	30.04.2019	Independent - Chairman	5	5	NIL
2.	Shri Ashok Bhandari	21.03.2012	Non- Executive	5	5	NIL
3.	Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	28.06.2024	Independent	3	3	NIL
4.	Shri S.K. Mukherjee*	12.03.2015	Independent	2	2	NIL

^{*}Ceased to be Member of the Committee w.e.f. 28.06.2024

(ii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

Sl No.	Name of Director	Member of Committee	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter	Number of the Commi	Meetings of ttee	No. of shares held in NBFC
		since	nominee/ Independent)	Held	Attended	
1.	Shri Ravi Goenka	30.04.2019	Independent - Chairman	2	2	NIL
2.	Shri Ashok Bhandari	12.03.2015	Non- Executive	2	2	NIL
3.	Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	28.06.2024	Independent	0	0	NIL
4.	Shri S.K. Mukherjee*	12.03.2015	Independent	2	2	NIL

^{*}Ceased to be Member of the Committee w.e.f. 28.06.2024

(iii) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

Sl No.	Name of Director	Member of	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter	Number of Meetings of the Committee		No. of shares held in NBFC
		since	nominee/Independent) Held Attended	Attended		
1.	Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	28.06.2024	Independent – Chairman	1	1	NIL
2.	Shri S.K. Mukherjee*	21.12.2017	Independent – Chairman	0	0	NIL
3.	Shri Ravi Goenka	30.04.2019	Independent	1	1	NIL
4.	Shri Gourav Periwal	27.12.2019	Non- Executive	1	1	NIL

^{*}Ceased to be Member of the Committee w.e.f. 28.06.2024

(iv) Stakeholder Relationship Committee
Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

Sl No.	Name of Director	Member of Committee	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter	Number of the Commi	Meetings of ttee	No. of shares held in NBFC
		since	nominee/ Independent)	Held	Attended	
1.	Shri Ravi Goenka	10.11.2022	Independent – Chairman	5	5	NIL
2.	Shri S.K.Mukherjee*	28.04.2018	Independent	2	2	NIL
3.	Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	28.06.2024	Independent	3	3	NIL
4.	Shri Gourav Periwal	27.12.2019	Non- Executive	5	3	NIL

^{*}Ceased to be Member of the Committee w.e.f. 28.06.2024

(v) Risk Management Committee

Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

Sl No.	Name of Director/ Member	Member of Committee	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter	Number of Meetings of the Committee		No. of shares held in NBFC
	since nominee/ Independent)		Held	Attended		
1.	Shri Ashok Bhandari	04.04.2022	Non- Executive (Chairman)	5	5	NIL
2.	Shri Ravi Goenka	04.04.2022	Independent	5	5	NIL
3.	Shri K. K. Thakur	10.11.2022	CFO	5	5	NIL

(vi) Finance and Assets Liability Supervisory Committee (ALCO)

Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

Sl No.	Name of Director	Member of Committee since	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter	Number of Meetings of the Committee		No. of shares held in NBFC
		since	nominee/ Independent)	Held	Attended	
1.	Shri Ravi Goenka	30.01.2025	Independent (Chairman)	0	0	NIL
2.	Shri Ashok Bhandari#	10.11.2022	Non- Executive	5	5	NIL
	Shri Gourav Periwal	10.11.2022	Non- Executive	5	5	NIL

ceased to be Chairman w.e.f. 30.01.2025

(vii) Investment / Credit Committee

Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

Sl No.	Name of Director	Member of Committee since	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter			No. of shares held in NBFC
		since	nominee/ Independent)	Held	Attended	
1.	Shri Ashok Bhandari	10.11.2022	Non- Executive (Chairman)	5	5	NIL
2.	Shri Ravi Goenka	10.11.2022	Independent	5	5	NIL
3.	Shri Gourav Periwal	30.01.2025	Non- Executive	0	0	NIL
4.	Shri Krishna Gopal Somani	30.01.2025	CRO	0	0	NIL

(viii) Grievance Redressal Mechanism Committee

Composition of Committee and attendance at the Meetings

Sl No.	Name of Director	Member of Committee since	Capacity (i.e. Executive/ Non- Executive/ Chairman/ Promoter	Number of Meetings of the Committee		No. of shares held in NBFC
			nominee/ Independent)	Held	Attended	
1.	Shri Ravi Goenka	06.03.2023	Independent- (Chairman)	1	1	NIL
2.	Shri S.K. Mukherjee*	06.03.2023	Independent	0	0	NIL
3.	Shri Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia	28.06.2025	Independent	1	1	NIL
4.	Shri Gourav Periwal	06.03.2023	Non- Executive	1	1	NIL

^{*}Ceased to be Member of the Committee w.e.f. 28.06.2024

(3) General Body Meetings

Sl No.	Type of Meeting (Annual/ Extra-Ordinary)	Date and Place	Special resolutions passed
1.	Annual General Meeting	10.09.2024, Kolkata	1 (One): To approve re-appointment of Shri Ravi Goenka (DIN: 01393012) as an Independent Director of the Company effective from 30.04.2024

(4) Details of non-compliance with requirements of Companies Act, 2013.

The Company has complied with all requisite requirements as per Companies Act, 2013.

(5) Details of Penalties and Strictures

No penalties and stricture were imposed either by Reserve Bank of India or any other statutory authorities.

B) Breach of covenant

There were no instances of breach of covenant of loan availed during the year under review. No debt securities were issued by the Company during the year.

C) Divergence in Assets Classification and Provisioning

RBI has not assessed or identified any additional provisioning requirement in the case of the Company other than what has been provided for. Hence not applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Kolkata

(GOURAV PERIWAL) (ASHOK DHIRAJLAL KANAKIA)

Dated: 20th June, 2025 DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

Directors

R Kothari & Co LLT CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS KOLKATA, NEW DELHI

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To

THE MEMBERS OF DIGVIJAY FINLEASE LIMITED

Report on Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of DIGVIJAY FINLEASE LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements; including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and Profit and Other Comprehensive Income, Changes in equity and its Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under

the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Financial Statements.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board Report including annexures thereon but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were

operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of the material misstatement of the Financial Statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
 Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls

system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the **Annexure A**, a Statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- I. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year.

- II. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- a. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on the financial position in its Financial Statements [Refer Note No. 33 to the Financial Statements];
- b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- d.(A) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (B) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (C) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (A) and (B) above, contain any material misstatement.
- e. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- f. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For R Kothari & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 307069E/E300266

Place: Kolkata
Date: 20-06-2025

UDIN: 25057620BMHZIM3064

CA Kailash Chandra Soni Partner Membership Number: 057620

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report (referred to in our report of even date)

The Annexure A referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025, we report that:

- (i) a. (A) Based on our audit procedure and the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment;
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets. Hence, reporting under clause 3(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals. In our opinion, the periodicity of the physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. The title deed of all the immovable properties (which are included under the head "Property, Plant and Equipment") are held in the name of the Company except for the following which is not held in the name of the Company:

Description of Property	Gross Carrying Value (in Lakhs)	Held in the name of	Whether promoter, director, or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
Freehold Land	435.75	Arham Securities Private Limited	No	1 st April 2016 (Appointed date of merger)	Procedural delay- held in the name of erstwhile amalgamating Company

- d. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or Intangible assets or both during the year ended 31st March, 2025.
- e. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, no proceeding has been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no inventories held by the Company; accordingly, the reporting under clause 3 (ii)(a) of the said Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) During the year the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limit from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the said Order is not required.
- (iii) (a) Since the Company is engaged in non-banking financial activity, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided to the extent applicable to it are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
 - (c) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, in respect of loans granted schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and there are regular repayments. Therefore, reporting under the clause 3(iii)(c) is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, there are no loans and advances that is overdue for more than ninety days. Therefore, reporting under the clause 3(iii)(d) is not applicable to the Company.

- (e) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the principal business of the company is investment in securities, hence reporting under paragraph 3 (iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, hence reporting under paragraph 3 (iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, the Company being a Non-banking Financial Company provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act is not applicable. Thus paragraph 3(iv) of the order is not applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified the maintenance of the Cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a)According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examinations of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Income Tax and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities and there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last date for the period more than six months.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Goods and Services Tax and other material statutory dues which have not been deposited as on 31st March, 2025 with appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except the following:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Period to which amount relates	Forum where Dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	667.68	A.Y. 2022-23	CIT (A)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	483.96	A.Y. 2023-24	CIT (A)

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Tax Assessment of the Company. Also, there are no previously unrecorded income which has been now recorded in the books of account. Hence, the provision stated in paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from lenders. Hence, reporting under clause 3 (ix) (a) to (f) of the said Order is not applicable.
- (x) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Thus, provisions of paragraph 3 (x)(a) of the said Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the reporting under Paragraph 3 (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

- (b) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to Company.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the reporting under Paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, transaction with the related parties is in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable Ind AS.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued by internal auditor during our audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examinations of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the said Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xvi) (a) According to the information and explanation provided to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and such registration has been obtained.

- (b) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (c) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company is a not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Hence, reporting under clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) In our opinion, there is no core investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and hence reporting under clause 3 (xvi)(d) is not applicable.
- (xvii) Based on the overall review of Financial Statements, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor of the Company during the year. The previous statutory auditor, S. Jaykishan, completed their term in accordance with the rotation requirements.
- (xix) Based According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realizations of financial assets and payment of the financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to belief that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date

of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) (a) The Company is not required to transfer any unspent amount pertaining to the year under report to a fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 in compliance with second proviso to subsection 5 of section 135 of the said Act. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) There is no amount which is remaining unspent under sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act pursuant to any ongoing CSR project. Hence, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For R Kothari & Co LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 307069E/E300266

Place: Kolkata
Date: 20-06-2025

UDIN: 25057620BMHZIM3064

CA Kailash Chandra Soni Partner Membership Number: 057620

"ANNEXURE B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of DIGVIJAY FINLEASE LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

> For R Kothari & Co LLP **Chartered Accountants** FRN: 307069E/E300266

Place: Kolkata Date: 20-06-2025

UDIN: 25057620BMHZIM3064

CA Kailash Chandra Soni Membership Number: 057620

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless	otherwise stated)
---------------------------------	-------------------

		As at	As at
Particulars	Note	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
ASSETS .			
Financial assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	4	39.81	35.60
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	5	10.41	2.49
(c) Receivables		×333-13	
-Trade Receivables	6	46.48	-
(d) Loans	7		
(e) Investments	8	1,449,087.71	1,232,179.30
(f) Other financial assets	9	7.09	12.91
TOTAL		1,449,191.50	1,232,230.30
Non-financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	10	99.71	93.32
(b) Property, plant and equipment	11	519.20	519.20
(c) Other non-financial assets	12	0.48	0.29
TOTAL		619.39	612.81
TOTAL ASSETS		1,449,810.89	1,232,843.11
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(a) Other financial liabilities	13	16.48	7.09
Non-financial liabilities			
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	14	40.76	40.76
(b) Provisions	15	32.26	20.97
(c) Deferred tax liability (net)	16	89,567.34	53,800.09
(d) Other non-financial liabilities	17	1.88	0.87
TOTAL		89,658.72	53,869.78
TOTAL		05,030.72	33,003.70
Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital	18	1,325.94	1,325.94
(b) Other equity	19	1,358,826.23	1,177,647.39
TOTAL		1,360,152.17	1,178,973.33
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,449,810.89	1.232.843.11

Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. 1-43

In terms of our report attached

For R Kothari & Co LLP **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration No. 307069E / E300266

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Gourav Periwal Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia

Director Director DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

CA. Kailash Chandra Soni

Partner

Membership No. 057620 Place : Kolkata

Date: 20th June 2025

Krishna Kumar Thakur Manager & CFO

Sumit Jain

Company Secretary

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2025

	(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Note	Year ended	Year ended	
Functions	Hote	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Revenue from operations				
(a) Interest income	20	1.32	2.08	
(b) Dividend income	21	5,075.53	5,246.53	
(c) Net gain on fair value changes	22	337.38	903.60	
Total revenue from operations	-	5,414.23	6,152.21	
Other income	23	1,950.28	1.74	
Total Income	" E	7,364.51	6,153.95	
Expenses				
(a) Finance cost	24	2.01	-	
(a) Employee benefits expense	25	74.84	67.04	
(b) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment*	11	0.00	0.00	
(c) Other expenses	26	2,211.89	382.91	
Total expenses	<u>-</u>	2,288.74	449.95	
Profit before tax	F	5,075.77	5,704.00	
Tax expense	27	3,073117	3,701.00	
(a) Current tax		2,046.00	1,430.00	
Less:Tax charged in OCI		1,289,49	130.95	
	F	756.51	1,299.05	
(b) Income tax pertaining to earlier years		0.73	(5.65	
(c) Deferred tax		560.61	86.84	
Total Tax expense		1,317.85	1,380.24	
Profit for the year		3,757.92	4,323.76	
Other comprehensive income (OCI)				
(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
Re-measurement (loss)/ gain of Post employment benefit Obligations		/E 90\	10.63	
Tax impact on above		(5.88) 1.48	(0.62 0.16	
- Changes in fair valuation of equity instruments		213,947.35	6,907.56	
Tax impact on above		(36,421.46)	(1,537.79	
(b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
 Changes in fair valuation of bonds/ debt instruments 		(24.42)	(493.65	
Tax impact on above		(76.15)	60.83	
Other comprehensive income for the year		177,420.92	4,936.49	
Total comprehensive income for the year		181,178.84	9,260.25	
Earnings per equity share (face value ₹ 10 each)				
Basic & Diluted (₹)	28	28.34	32.61	

*Amount below rounding off norms

Material Accounting Policies 1-3
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. 1-43

In terms of our report attached

For R Kothari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 307069E / E300266

CA. Kailash Chandra Soni

Partner

Membership No. 057620

Place : Kolkata Date : 20th June 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Gourav Periwal Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia

 Director
 Director

 DIN: 08643886
 DIN: 00738955

Krishna Kumar Thakur Sumit Jain
Manager & CFO Company Secretary

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
A.	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Net profit before tax	5,075.77	5,704.00
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation*	0.00	0.00
	Loan written off	1,950.00	12
	Reversal of provision for impairment on financial assets	(1,950.00)	(0.81)
	Net (gain)/loss on fair value changes of investment	(337.38)	(903.60)
		(337.38)	(904.41)
	Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	4,738.39	4,799.59
	Adjustments for :		100
	(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	5.82	42.03
	(Increase)/Decrease in loan	-	190.74
	(Increase)/Decrease in other non- financial assets	(0.19)	0.15
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade receivables	(46.48)	: E
	Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	9.39	0.95
	Increase /(Decrease) in provision	5.41	1.43
	Increase /(Decrease) in trade payables	(€)	(35.82)
	Increase /(Decrease) in other non-financial liabilities	1.01	0.19
		(25.04)	199.67
	Cash generated from operations	4,713.35	4,999.27
	Net income tax (paid)/refund	(2,053.12)	(1,454.53)
	NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	2,660.23	3,544.74
В.	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Sale proceeds from investments	80,105.81	34,092.32
	Purchase of investments	(82,753.91)	(37,651.00)
	Investment in fixed deposit (Net)	(7.92)	1.35
	NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	(2,656.02)	(3,557.33)
c.	Cash flow from financing activities		
	NET CASH FROM /(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	-	-
	NET INCREASE/{DECREASE} IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS {A+B+C}	4.21	(12.59)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	35.60	48.19
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	39.81	35.60

^{*}Amount below rounding off norms

DIGVIJAY FINLEASE LIMITED

33rd ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

CIN No. U67120WB2001PLC093899

Notes:

- i) The above statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows'.
- ii) Since the Company is an investment and finance company, purchase and sale of investments have been considered as part of "Cash flow from investing activities" and interest received (net) ₹ 1.32 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 2.08 lakhs) and dividend received of ₹ 5,075.53 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 5,246.53 lakhs)& Interest expenses of ₹ 2.01 lakhs (previous year: Nil) have been considered as part of "Cash flow from operating activities".
- iii) Direct taxes paid is treated as arising from operating activities and is not bifurcated between investing and financing activities.

Material Accounting Policies 1-3
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. 1-43

In terms of our report attached

For R Kothari & Co LLP For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 307069E / E300266

Gourav Periwal Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia

Director DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

CA. Kailash Chandra Soni

Partner

Membership No. 057620

 Place : Kolkata
 Krishna Kumar Thakur
 Sumit Jain

 Date : 20th June 2025
 Manager & CFO
 Company Secretary

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2025

a. Equity share capital

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Balance at the beginning of the year

Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period Changes in equity share capital during the current year Balance at the end of the year

1,325.94 1,325.94 1,325.94 1,325.94 1,325.94 1,325.94

31 March 2025 31 March 2024

b. Other equity

	Reserve & surplus					Items of other comprehensive Income		
Particulars	Capital reserve	Securities premium	Statutory reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings	Debt Instruments through OCI	Equity Instruments through OCI	Total
Balance as on 01 April 2023	313.08	2,177.08	7,878.71	6,025.00	36,331.30	533.39	1,115,128.58	1,168,387.14
Profit/(loss) for the year	-		(2)		4,323.76	-	- 1	4,323.76
Fair value gain/(loss) during the year (net of tax)	-	-	0.50		35	(432.82)	5,369.77	4,936.95
Other Comprehenshive Income(net of tax)	-	-		_	(0.46)	-	-	(0.46
Transfer from equity instrument through OCI on realisation	-	٠	2	-	2,630.30		(2,630.30)	-
Transfer to statutory reserve	1-1	-	864.75	-	(864.75)		-	ъ.
Balance as on 31 March 2024	313.08	2,177.08	8,743.46	6,025.00	42,420.15	100.57	1,117,868.05	1,177,647.39
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	•		-	3,757.92	-	-	3,757.92
Fair value gain/(loss) during the Year (net of tax)	-				•	(100.57)	177,525.89	177,425.32
Other Comprehenshive Income(net of tax)	•	*			(4.40)		-:	(4.40
Transfer from equity instrument through OCI on realisation	•	:*:	*	¥	9,326.97		(9,326.97)	-
Transfer to statutory reserve			751.58		(751.58)	30	F 1	-
Balance as on 31 March 2025	313.08	2,177.08	9,495.04	6.025.00	54,749.06		1,286,066.97	1,358,826.23

Material Accounting Policies The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. 1-43

In terms of our report attached

For R Kothari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307069E / E300266 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Gourav Periwal Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia

Director Director DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

Partner

CA. Kailash Chandra Soni Membership No. 057620

Place : Kolkata Krishna Kumar Thakur Sumit Jain Date: 20th June 2025 Manager & CFO Company Secretary

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2025

1 Corporate Information

Digvijay Finlease Limited (referred to as "The Company" or "DFL") is a public unlisted company, limited by shares incorporated on 1st May, 1992 and domiciled in India. The Company is carrying on business as a "Non-Banking Financial Company" (NBFC) registered with the Reserve Bank of India. The Company is engaged mainly in investment in shares and securities and granting of loans and advances. The Company's registered office is at 21, Strand Road, Kolkata 700 001.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20th June 2025.

2 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

2.1 Statement of compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers conferred by section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. In addition, applicable regulations of Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) have also been applied.

2.2 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), and all values are rounded to the nearest lacs, unless otherwise indicated.

3 Material accounting policies

3.1 Financial instruments

(i) Classification

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets, other than equity, are classified into, Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit and loss account (FVTPL) or at amortised cost. Financial assets that are equity instruments are classified as FVTPL or FVOCI. Financial liabilities are classified as amortised cost category and FVTPL.

(ii) Business Model assessment and Solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) test:

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the business model and results of SPPI test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected)
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Company's assessment.

If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Company's original expectations, the Company does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

(iii) Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their

contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in the Statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities and deposits are recognised on the trade date i.e. when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Loans, debt securities and deposits are recognised when the funds are transferred to the customers account. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price.

(iv) Subsequent measurement

(a) Financial assets at amortised cost:

Financial assets having contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding and that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold such assets in order to collect such contractual cash flows are classified in this category. Subsequently these are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method less any impairment losses.

(b) Debt Instruments at FVOCI

Debt instruments that are measured at FVOCI have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding and that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. These instruments largely comprise long-term investments made by the Company.FVOCI debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising due to changes in fair value recognised in OCI. Interest income and gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. On derecognition, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in OCI are reclassified from OCI to profit or loss.

(c) Equity Instruments at FVOCI

These include financial assets that are equity instruments as defined in IND AS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" and are not held for trading and where the Company's management has elected to irrevocably designated the same as Equity instruments at FVOCI upon initial recognition. Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, net of applicable income taxes.

Gains and losses on these equity instruments are never recycled to profit or loss.

Dividends from these equity investments are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right to receive the payment has been established.

(d) Fair value through Profit and loss account:

Financial assets are measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Financial Liabilities and equity instruments:

(a) Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

(b) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(c) Other Financial Liabilities:

These are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate.

(vi) Derecognition of Financial assets and Financial liabilities:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(vii) Impairment of financial assets:

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on a financial asset that is at amortized cost or fair value through OCI. Loss allowance in respect of financial assets is measured at an amount equal to life time expected credit losses and is calculated as the difference between their carrying amount and the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

(viii) Reclassification of Financial assets:

The Company does not re-classify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances when the Company changes its business model for managing such financial assets. The Company does not re-classify its financial liabilities.

3.2 Determination of fair value:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price (fair value of the consideration given or received). Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company determines the fair value of financial instruments that are quoted in active markets using the quoted bid prices (financial assets held) or quoted ask prices (financial liabilities held) and using valuation techniques for other instruments. Valuation techniques include discounted cash flow method and other valuation models.

3.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprise of cash at banks & on hand term deposits with original maturity of less than three months, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in values.

3.4 Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

PPE are stated at cost (including incidental expenses directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Subsequent expenditure related to PPE is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of item can be measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed off as and when incurred.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of PPE, outstanding at each reporting date are shown under other non-financial assets. The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for its intended use at each reporting date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Subsequent expenditure related to the asset are added to its carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset only if it increases the future benefits of the existing asset, beyond its previously assessed standards of performance and cost can be measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed off as and when incurred.

Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

3.5 Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on written down value method (WDV) to write down their residual values over their estimated useful life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed

at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

3.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date to determine if there is any indication of impairment, based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, then an impairment review is undertaken and the recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and the asset's value in use.

3.7 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Recognition of Dividend Income, Interest Income

Dividends

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

Interest Income

For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

3.8 Employee Benefits Expenses

(i) Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences, which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

(ii) Defined contribution schemes

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified monthly contributions to Provident Fund. The Company's contribution is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

(iii) Gratuity

Liability with regard to long-term employee benefits is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation at the Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gain / loss is recognised immediately in the statement of other comprehensive income.

3.9 Taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax.

(i) Current Tax

The current tax is based on taxable profit for the year under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on all temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Company's financial statements except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of

goodwill or initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits or loss at the time of transaction Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets (including MAT credit available) is reviewed at each reporting date and is adjusted to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when the same relate to items that are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in Equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax relating to such items are also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in Equity respectively.

3.10 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the enterprise has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare. cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized

because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

3.11 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.12 Cash-flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

3.13 Use of estimates, judgements and adjustments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period end. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed in the paragraphs that follow.

(i) Useful Economic Lives and Impairment of Other Assets

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment (PPE) is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, usage of the asset and other economic factors (such as known technological advances).

The Company reviews the useful life of PPE at the end of each reporting date and any changes could affect the depreciation rates prospectively.

The Company also reviews its property, plant and equipment for possible impairment if there are events or changes in circumstances that indicate that the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable. In assessing the property, plant and equipment for impairment, factors leading to significant reduction in profits, such as the Company's business plans and changes in regulatory environment are taken into consideration.

(ii) Contingencies and Commitments

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation, taxation and other claims against the Company. Where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, management provides for its best estimate of the liability. Such liabilities are disclosed in the notes but are not provided for in the financial statements.

Although there can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of the legal proceedings, the Company does not expect them to have a materially adverse impact on the Company's financial position or profitability.

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure and are classified and disclosed as follows:

- (a) estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;
- (b) uncalled liability on partly paid shares and other investments;
- (c) funding-related commitments to associate companies; and

(d) other non-cancellable commitments, if any, considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.

(iii) Fair Value Measurements and Valuation Processes

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of various assets and liabilities are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

3.14 Recent Accounting Developments

(i) Ind AS 117 - Insurance Contracts

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") issued a notification dated 12 August 2024, notifying the issue of Ind AS 117 'insurance contracts' and related amendments to other Indian Accounting Standards. Ind AS 117 establishes principles for identification, recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts.

(ii) Ind AS 116 - Leases

Ind AS 116 'Leases' has been amended to include additional guidance related to sale and leaseback transactions.

The above amendments are effective from 01 April 2024 however there is no material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Note & Code and sook annihulant	As at	As at
Note 4:- Cash and cash equivalents	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Cash on hand	35.00	25.0
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	4.81	10.5
	39.81	35.6
Note 5:- Bank Balances other than cash & cash equivalents	As at	As at
The state of the s	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Fixed deposits with banks (with original maturity of more than three		
months but less than twelve month)	10.41	2.4
	10.41	2.4
Note 6:- Receivables		
Trade Receivables (Unsecured, Considered Good)		
Receivable against sale of investments	46.48	-
(Due under six months from the date they are due for payment)	(¥0)	(*
Others	46.48	(4)
Trade receivable ageing schedule	40.46	
Undisputed, Considered good		-
Not due		-
Less than six month	46.48	-
6 months to 1 year		_
1-2 years	•	-
	÷-	-
2-3 years		

Note To London	As at	As at
Note 7:- Loans	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(A)		
Loans repayable on demand, measured at amortised cost		
Loans repayable on demand	S	1,950.00
Total (A) - Gross	0.00	1,950.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance		(1,950.00
Total (A) - Net		120
(B)		
Secured	17 <u>1</u> 2*	(<u></u>
Unsecured	-	1,950.00
Total (B) - Gross	7.5	1,950.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance		(1,950.00
Total (B) - Net	(·*)	
(C)(I)		
Loans in India		
(i) Public sector	3 0	
(ii) Private sector- Bodies corporate	1/4:	1,950.00
(iii) Individual	-	-
Total (C)(I)- Gross	7-7	1,950.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance	,	(1,950.00
Total (C)(I)- Net	3.7	•
{C}(II)		
Loans outside India		380
Total (C)(II)- Net		•
Total (C)(I+II)		

Analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount by stages in relation to loans and its corresponding impairment loss allowances is as follows:

	For the year ended	31 March 2025			
	St	age 1	Stage 3		
Particulars	Loans repayable on demand (Gross)	Impairment loss allowance	Loans repayable on demand (Gross)	Impairment loss allowance	
As at March 2024	-		1,950.00	1,950.00	
New credit exposure during the year, net of repayments/Write off	2	띰	(1,950.00)	(1,950.00)	
As at March 2025	:=		-		

	For the year ended	31 March 2024			
	Sta	age 1	Stage 3		
Particulars	Loans repayable on demand (Gross)	Impairment loss allowance	Loans repayable on demand (Gross)	Impairment loss allowance	
As at March 2023	190.74	0.76	1,950.00	1,950.00	
New credit exposure during the year, net of repayments/Write off	(190.74)	(0.76)	÷		
As at March 2024		-	1,950.00	1,950.00	

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The following disclosures is required pursuant to RBI circular dated March 13, 2020 - Circular No.RBI/2019-20/170 DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No. 109/22.10.106/2019-20

Asset classification as per RBI Norms	Asset Classification as per IND AS 109	Gross carrying amount as per IND AS	(provisions) as required	Net carrying amount	Provision required as per IRACP Norms
Performing	Stage 1				
Non-performing assets	Stage 3				

There is no difference between the provisioning requirements as per IND AS 109 and IRACP norms.

Note 8: Investments

Investments		At fair s		
	Amortised cost	Through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	Through profit and loss	Total
As at 31 March 2025				
i) Mutual funds (Quoted)	-	1.00	10,092.83	10,092.83
ii) Equity instruments				
- Others (Quoted)		1,365,817.56		1,365,817.56
- Others (Unquoted)		72,577.32		72,577.32
iii) Preference shares		(8)		
- Others (Unquoted)		600.00		600.00
Total (A)	-	1,438,994.88	10,092.83	1,449,087.71

Investments		At fair v		
	Amortised cost	Through other comprehensive income (FVOO)	Through profit and loss	Total
As at 31 March 2024				
i) Mutual funds (Quoted)			1,230.22	1,230.22
ii) Equity instruments				
- Others (Quoted)		1,166,032.49	-	1,166,032.49
- Others (Unquoted)		64,286.14	-	64,286.14
iii) Preference shares				
- Others (Unquoted)		630.45		630.45
Total (A)		1,230,949.08	1,230.22	1,232,179.30

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
(i) Investment outside India	-	
(ii) Investment in India	1,449,087.71	1,232,179.30
	1,449,087,71	1,232,179.30

- 8.1 The market value of investments is equal to the book value.
- 8.2. The Company has elected an irrevocable option to designate its investments in equity instruments through FVOCI, as the said investments are not held for trading and company continues to invest for long term and remain invested in leaders in sectors, which it believes to have potential to remain accretive over the long term.
- 8.3. Of the total dividend recognised during the year from investment in equity share designated at FVOCI ₹ 301.10 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 211.16 lakhs) is relating to investment derecognised during the period and ₹ 4,774.43 lakhs (previous year ₹ 4,980.96 lakhs) pertains to investment held at the end of reporting period.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- 8.4. During the year, total cumulative gains of ₹ 9,326.97 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 2,630.30 lakhs) on investment in equity shares designated at FVOCI have been transferred from/to retained earnings on derecognition of related investments after adjusting for tax effect thereon. The fair value of investments in equity shares designated at FVOCI derecognised during the year on the date of derecognition is ₹80,105.81 lakhs (previous year ₹20,915.80 lakhs).
- 8.5. The other disclosure regarding fair value and risk arising from financial instruments are explained in Note No.34 and 35.

8.6 Details of investments are as follows :-

Mutual funds

Particulars	Face value — (₹)	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
		Units	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Units	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
At fair value through profit and loss					
Quoted					
UTI Arbitrage Fund - Regular Plan - Growth	10		in 1	363,509.593	116.61
HDFC Overnight Fund - Regular Plan - Growth	1000	104.216	3.91	35.398	1.25
Kotak Money Market Fund - Regular Plan - Growth	10	134,593.885	5,930.15	:	
UTI Money Market Fund - Regular Plan - Growth	1000	137,490.820	4,158.77	39,635.461	1,112.36
Sub Total			10,092.83		1,230.22

Equity instruments - others, fully paid up

Particulars	Face value	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Face value (₹)	Numbers	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Numbers	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
At fair value through other comprehensive income					
Quoted					
1. Automobiles and auto components					
Bosch Limited	10			11,309	3,396.24
Schaeffler India Limited	2	-	-	56,470	1,587.57
Bajaj Auto Limited	10	2	2	20,713	1,894.86
Asahi India Glass Limited	1	140,500	845.88	-	()
Tube Investments of India Limited	1	53,800	1,489.91	53,800	2,010.29
			2,335.79	E	8,888.96
2. Banks					
ICICI Bank Limited	2	135,250	1,823.64	135,250	1,478.69
HDFC Bank Limited	1	35,400	647.18	-	<u> </u>
Axis Bank Limited	2	230,000	2,534.60	230,000	2,408.56
			5,005.42		3,887.25

	As at 31 March 2025			R lakhs, unless otherwise state As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	Face value		Amount	7,501,521,1	Amount
	(₹)	Units	(₹ in lakhs)	Units	(₹ in lakhs)
3. Cement			((
Orient Cement Limited	1	-	(144)	1,582,000	3,097.5
Ambuja Cements Limited	2	2	72	320,000	1,959.5
Shree Cement Limited	10	4,234,780	1,291,732.83	4,234,780	1,087,612.2
entral a contra			1,291,732.84		1,092,669.2
4. Chemclals					
Bhagiradha Chemicals & Industries Limited	1	921,370	2,561.87	31,087	500.0
Deepak Fertilizers and Petrochemicals Corporation Lin	10	60,500	675.30	-	
5.Civil Construction		-	3,237.17	-	500.0
Sterling & Wilson Renewable Energy Limited	1	340,200	851.69		_
Sterning & Wilson Heriewassie Eriergy Limited		340,200	851.69		-
6. Aerospace & Defense					1017
Astra Microwave Products Limited	2	287,221	1,931.13	95,500	569.6
		A	1,931.13	5-00.20 55	569.6
7. Diversified		12 222		12:22	2402000
3M India Limited	10	7,880	2,276.46	7,880	2,458.0
		-	2,276.46	-	2,458.0
8. E-Retailing		*****	777.47	- 1	
Trent Limited Eternal Limited*	1	14,600	777.47	702 000	1 444 0
Eternal Limited	1	743,000	1,498.63 2.276.10	793,000	1,444.0
9. Finances, services and insurance		-	2,270.10	1	1,444.0
Fedbank Financial Services Limited	10		0.20	100,000	113.4
HDFC Asset Management Company Limited	5	40,000	1,605.56	30,500	1,145.0
Power Finance Corporation Limited	10	40,000	1,005.50	307,750	1,201.0
Jio Financial Services Limited	10			36,500	129.1
N.B.I. Industrial Finance Company Ltd.	5	485,478	11,342.23	486,478	8,706.2
REC Limited	10		-	220,000	992.2
	-	F	12,947.79		12,287.0
10. Fast moving consumer goods and consumer					
durables				- 1	
Bata India Limited	5	2	-	162,100	2,211.3
Bikaji Foods International Limited	1	300,029	1,983.19		7
Globus Spirits Limited	10	15,500	163.08		2.70
Radico Khaitan Limited	2	62,000	1,505.95		
Go Fashion India Limited	10	-	5	70,140	845.3
Hatsun Agro Product Limited	1	71,300	687.44	71,300	721.2
PG Electroplast Limited	1/10	91,000	834.11	9,100	151.2
Tasty Bite Eatables Limited	10	1,340	110.14	1,546	191.1
Tata Consumer Products Limited	1	45,008	450.93	42,900	470.2
Titan Company Limited	1	-	-	109,560	4,165.2
Gillette India Limited	10	14,400	1,155.35	14,400	938.8
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	1	-		515,000	6,446.7
United Spirits Limited	2	257,900	3,613.95	257,900	2,925.2
Whirlpool of India Limited	10	405,120	4,010.28	82,470	1,007.3
Nestie India Limited	1	-		71,220	1,867.6
Procter & Gamble Hygiene & Healthcare Limited	10	- [121	9,653	1,634.1
			14,514.42	F	23,575.6
11. Healthcare					
Poly Medicure Limited	5	140,700	3,159.07	140,700	2,236.0
Apollo Hospitals Enterprise Limited	5	9,935	657.32	4,935	313.7
			3,815.39	-	2,549.7

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	I dec value	Face value As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	(₹)	Units	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Units	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
12. Information technology			(viii iakiisj	1	(VIII laki13)
Infosys Limited	5	190,460	2,991.46	190,460	2,853.19
Tata Technologies Limited	2	177,900	1,209.54	-	-
Oracle Financial Services Software Limited	5	7,000	549.56	23,200	2,035.59
		.,,	4,750.56		4,888.78
13. Iron and steel					
Usha Martin Limited	1	1,314,000	4,432.78	1,000,000	3,182.50
Electrosteel Castings Limited	1	560,200	550.34	-	
Sarda Energy & Minerals Limited	1	123,823	636.33	2	12
Shyam Metalics & Energy Limited	10	-	-	46,142	272.86
			5,619.45		3,455.36
14. Oils & natural resources					
Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Limited	10	2	40	358,000	1,702.83
Reliance Industries Limited	10		7.	36,500	1,084.67
			*	F	2,787.50
15. Packaging		: O. e e. e.	******		
AGI Greenpack Limited	2	91,500	682.13		-
			682.13		•
16. Pharmaceuticals					
Pfizer Limited	10			25,850	1,084.39
Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited	1	152,823	2,355.08		
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited	1	29,700	515.21	-	
	7. 53		2,870.29		1,084.39
19. Power generation					21 to 1 to 2 to 2 to 2 to 2 to 2 to 2 to
NTPC Limited	10	-	÷5	507,000	1,702.50
22.00.00		-	*	-	1,702.50
20. Textiles Banswara Syntex Limited	10		2	100,000	144.15
Del Dittal d'Ayrica Elline d	1		4	200,000	144.15
21. Transport services				Γ	
Interglobe Aviation Limited	10	3,200	163.69	3,200	113.55
73 Talanamanalantlana		-	163.69	-	113.55
22. Telecommunications		202.000	E 077 13		
Bharti Airtel Limited	5 10	292,900	5,077.13	461.100	2.020.00
Tejas Networks Limited	10	461,100	3,506.43 8,583.56	461,100	3,026.66
23. Tyres & Rubber Products		İ	3,000,00		o, oad or
Balkrishna Industries Limited	2	87,000	2,222.68	-	
	1 1		2,222.68	į.	-

^{*} Change in name w.e.f 20.03.2025

	Face value	As at 31 Ma	rch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	(₹)	Numbers	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Numbers	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
Unquoted					
Alfa Buildhome Private Limited	10	25,600	365.61	25,600	278.37
Aqua infra Projects Limited	10	820,185	624.73	820,185	636.95
Asish Creations Private Limited	10	217,000	48,378.02	217,000	44,938.38
Black Swan Venture Capital Private Limited	10	11,905	1,250.03	말	-
Cast Solutions Private Limited*	10	1	0.00	1	0.00
Cem Logistics Private Limited *	10	1	0.00	1	0.00
Didu Investments Private Limited	10	1,667	407.53	1,667	394.72
Karmayog Properties Private Limited	10	1,559,000	1,610.14	1,559,000	1,627.91
Newa Investments Private Limited	10	15,000	4,730.99	15,000	4,570.54
New Central Jute Mills Co. Limited*	10	9	0.00	9	0.00
Ragini Finance Private Limited	10	29,000	9,132.30	29,000	8,828.20
Ramgopal Holdings Private Limited	10	223,750	113.53	223,750	96.26
Ragini Properties Private Limited	10	79,600	7.93	79,600	8.03
SCL Energy Private Limited	10	100		100	0.01
Shree Cement Marketing Limited	10	5,000	0.98	5,000	0.99
Shreecap Holdings Private Limited	10	7,000	0.93	7,000	0.90
Shree Cement East Bengal Foundation**	10	1,000		1,000	0.01
Suryadewata Properties Private Limited	10	1,763,200	2,803.49	185,600	208.05
The Kamla Co Limited	10	25,000	7.03	25,000	6.69
ASAT Logistics Private Limited	10	19,000	604.20	-	-
Sub Total			70,037.44		61,596.01

Sub Total
*Amount below rounding off norms

Equity instruments - others, partly paid up

	Face value As at 31 Man		rch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars			Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Numbers	Amount {₹ in lakhs)
Unquoted Agua Infra Projects Limited (Partly paid) (₹ 4.00 paid					
up)	10	10,090,915	2,539.88	10,090,915	2,690.13
Sub Total			2,539.88		2,690.13

Preference shares - others, fully paid up

	Face value As at 31 Ma		arch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	(₹)	Numbers	Amount (₹ in lakhs)	Numbers	Amount {₹ in lakhs)
At fair value through other comprehensive income					
Unquoted					
9% Cast Solutions Private Limited - NCNCRP	100	70,000	70.00	70,000	70.00
9% CEM Logistics Private Limited - NCNCRP	100	530,000	530.00	530,000	530.00
5% Tanushree Logistics Private Limited - NCNCRP	10	-	-=	6,010	30.45
Sub Total			600.00		630.45

1,449,087.71 **Total Investments** 1,232,179.31

^{**} Under liquidation

33rd ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

CIN No. U67120WB2001PLC093899

	(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless	otherwise stated)
Note 9:-Other financial assets	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Unsecured		
considered good		
Dividend Receivable on Investments	¥	8.91
Interest accrued on bank deposits	0.08	0.07
Security deposits	3.19	3.19
Advance to staff	3.82	0.74
	7.09	12.91
Note 10:-Current tax assets	As at	As at
Note 10:-Current tax assets	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Advance tax (net of provision of Rs.4,211.00 lakhs)		
(Previous Year-Rs. 2,328.10 lakhs)	99.71	93.32
	99.71	93.32

Note 11: Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Freehold Land	Building	Furniture and fixtures	Data processing	Total
Gross Block (Deemed Cost)				22	
As at 31 March 2023	515.44	22.05	0.07	0.21	537.77
Additions	-	5	-	-	
Sale/Deduction	*	-	÷		7 .
As at 31 March 2024	5 1 5. 4 4	22.05	0.07	0.21	537.77
Additions	-	5		5	(-
Sale/Deduction		-	-	-	791
As at 31 March 2025	515.44	22.05	0.07	0.21	537.77
Accumulated depreciation					
As at 31 March 2023	2	18.40	0.01	0.16	18.57
For the year*		-	0.00	-	0.00
Adjustment	*				0. + 0.
As at 31 March 2024	21	18.40	0.01	0.16	18.57
For the year*	- 1		0.00	-	0.00
Adjustment	- 1	*	-	-	(=)
As at 31 March 2025	-	18.40	0.01	0.16	18.57
Net Book Value					
As at 31 March 2025	515.44	3.65	0.06	0.05	519.20
As at 31 March 2024	515.44	3.65	0.06	0.05	519.20

^{*}Amount below rounding off norms

Details of title deeds of immovable property not held in the name of the Company: Relevant line item in the balance sheet Property, plant and equipment

Description of Item of property	Gross carrying value (in lakhs)	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter director or relative of promoter/ director or employee of promoter/ director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Freebold Land	435.75	Arham Securties Private Limited	No	1 April 2016 (Appointed date for the merger)	Procedural delay - held in the name of erstwhile amalgamating company

33rd ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

CIN No. U67120WB2001PLC093899

	(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise state			
	As at	As at		
Note 12:-Other non-financial assets	31 March 2025	31 March 2024		
Advance against expenses	0.10	0.10		
Prepaid expenses	0.21	0.09		
Balances / deposits with government authorities	0.17	0.10		
	0.48	0.29		
	As at	Acat		
Note 13:-Other financial liabilities	31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024		
Employee benefits payable	3.68	3.04		
Other payables - For expenses	12.80	4.05		
Outer payables 101 expenses	16.48	7.05		
Note 14:-Current tax liabilities	As at	As at		
The state of the s	31 March 2025	31 March 2024		
Provision for income tax (net of advance tax of ₹ 3,529.24 lakhs)				
(Previous Year-₹ 3,529.24 lakhs)	40.76	40.70		
	40.76	40.7		
Note 15:-Provisions	As at	As at		
NOTE 13:-PTOVISIONS	31 March 2025	31 March 2024		
Provision for employee benefits:				
a) Gratuity	26.07	16.3		
b) Leave salary	6.19	4.60		
	32.26	20.93		
15.1 Movement in provisions:	Provision for leave salary	Provision for gratuity		
	<u> </u>			
As at 1st April 2023	5.65	13.27		
Provision utilised	(2.76)	3 . €		
Provision created / (reversed)	1.77	3.04		
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4.66	16.3		
Provision utilised	(0.55)	*		
Provision created / (reversed)	2.08	9.70		
Balance as at 31 March 2025	6.19	26.0		
Note 15. Deferred toy (access) /liabilities /	As at	As at		
Note 16:-Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities (net)	31 March 2025	31 March 2024		
Deferred tax liabilities	00 FF3 40	E4.000.00		
- On fair value gain of investments (through other comprehensive income)	89,553.49	54,293.69		
- On fair value gain of investments (through profit or loss)	22.00 89,575.49	2.50 54,296.1 9		
Deferred tax assets		<u> </u>		
	0.03	0.04		
- Property, plant and equipment	6.56	4.1		
- Property, plant and equipment - Provision for gratuity		1.17		
	1.56	1.1.		
- Provision for gratuity				
- Provision for gratuity - Provision for leave salary	1.56	490.78 496.1		

Note 17:-Other non-financial liabilities	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	31 March 2023	31 Wildicii 2024
Statutory dues	1.88	0.87
	1.88	0.87
Note 18: Equity share capital	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Authorised:		
2,00,00,000 (Previous Year: 2,00,00,000) Equity	2,000.00	2,000.00
Shares of ₹10 each	tion and the second	: 100년 후 1556년 155 (1557년 1
Issued, subscribed and fully paid:		
1,32,59,420 (Previous Year: 1,32,59,420) Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	1,325.94	1,325.94
	1,325.94	1,325.94

18.1 Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 10\,$ per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend, if any, proposed by the board of directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held by them.

18.2 Reconciliation of the number and amount of equity shares

Particulars	In Number	Amount (₹ in lakhs)
As at 01 April 2023	13,259,420	1,325.94
Add: Movement during the year	<u> </u>	-
As at 31 March 2024	13,259,420	1,325.94
Add: Movement during the year	•	-
As at 31 March 2025	13,259,420	1,325.94

18.3 The Company is a non-banking finance company, the objective of the Company is to invest in long term investments and granting of loans to ensure sustainable growth. The Company's objective is to maintain appropriate levels of capital to support its business strategy taking into account the regulatory, economic and commercial environment.

18.4 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the company

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 Marc	h 2025	As at 31 March 2024		
Name	No. of Shares held	% holding	No. of Shares held	% holding	
Asish Creations Private Limited	909,599	6.86%	909,599	6.86%	
Didu Investments Private Limited	720,620	5.43%	720,620	5.43%	
Mannakrishna Investments Private Limited	1,269,471	9.57%	1,269,296	9.57%	
Newa Investments Private Limited	1,113,885	8.40%	1,113,885	8.40%	
Shree Capital Services Limited	3,880,759	29.27%	3,880,759	29.27%	
The Didwana investment Co Limited	673,760	5.08%	673,760	5.08%	
The Venktesh Co Private Limited	821,521	6.20%	821,521	6.20%	
Rajkamal Devi Bangur	1,961,332	14.79%	1,961,332	14.79%	

18.5 Shares held by promoters as at 31 March 2025 :-

Promoter name		t the end of the year 1/Mar/2025]			% change during the
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	year
Asish Creations Private Limited	909,599	6.86	909,599	6.86	-
Didu Investments Private Limited	720,620	5.43	720,620	5.43	-
Hari Mohan Bangur	2	0.00	2	0.00	-
India Paint & Commercial Co. Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-
Karmayog Properties Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-
Khemka Properties Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-
Mannakrishna Investments Private Limited	1,269,471	9.57	1,269,296	9.57	(0.00
Newa Investments Private Limited	1,113,885	8.40	1,113,885	8.40	-
Prashant Bangur	282,642	2.13	282,642	2.13	-
Ragini Finance Private Limited	375,275	2.83	375,275	2.83	-
Rajesh Vanijya Private Limited	84,001	0.63	84,001	0.63	-
Rajkamal Devi Bangur	1,961,332	14.79	1,961,332	14.79	-
Ramgopal Holdings Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-
Ranu Bangur	134,801	1.02	134,801	1.02	-
SCL Energy Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-
Shree Capital Services Limited	3,880,759	29.27	3,880,759	29.27	-
Shreecap Holdings Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-
Suryadewata Properties Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-
The Didwana Investment Co. Limited	673,760	5.08	673,760	5.08	-
The Venktesh Co. Private Limited	821,521	6.20	821,521	6.20	-
Total	12,227,675	92.22	12,227,500	92.22	(0.00

Shares held by promoters as at 31 March 2024:-

Promoter name		t the end of the year 1/Mar/2024]	Shareholding at the end of the year [As on 31/Mar/2023]		% change during the year	
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	year	
Asish Creations Private Limited	909,599	6.86	909,599	6.86	-	
Didu Investments Private Limited	720,620	5.43	720,620	5.43	-	
Hari Mohan Bangur	2	0.00	2	0.00	-	
India Paint & Commercial Co. Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-	
Karmayog Properties Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-	
Khemka Properties Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-	
Mannakrishna Investments Private Limited	1,269,296	9.57	1,269,296	9.57	-	
Newa Investments Private Limited	1,113,885	8.40	1,113,885	8.40	-	
Prashant Bangur	282,642	2.13	282,642	2.13	-	
Ragini Finance Private Limited	375,275	2.83	375,275	2.83	-	
Rajesh Vanijya Private Limited	84,001	0.63	84,001	0.63	-	
Rajkamal Devi Bangur	1,961,332	14.79	1,961,332	14.79	-	
Ramgopal Holdings Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-	
Ranu Bangur	134,801	1.02	134,801	1.02	-	
SCL Energy Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-	
Shree Capital Services Limited	3,880,759	29.27	3,880,759	29.27		
Shreecap Holdings Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-	
Suryadewata Properties Private Limited	1	0.00	1	0.00	-	
The Didwana Investment Co. Limited	673,760	5.08	673,760	5.08	-	
The Venktesh Co. Private Limited	821,521	6.20	821,521	6.20	-	
Total	12,227,500	92.22	12,227,500	92.22	-	

	(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated			
Note 19: Other equity	As at	As at		
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024		
Reserves and Surplus				
Capital reserve				
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	313.08	313.0		
Securities premium				
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	2,177.08	2,177.08		
Statutory reserve				
Opening balance	8,743.46	7,878.7		
Add: Transfer from retained earnings	751.58	864.7		
Closing balance	9,495.04	8,743.4		
General reserve				
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	6,025.00	6,025.0		
Retained earnings				
Opening balance	42,420.15	36,331.3		
Add: Profit for the year	3,757.92	4,323.7		
Add: Transfer (to)/from equity instrument through OCI on realisation	9,326.97	2,630.3		
Less: Transfer to statutory reserve	(751.58)	(864.7		
Add:Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)	(4.40)	(0.4		
Closing balance	54,749.06	42,420.1		
Debt instruments through OCI				
Opening balance	100.57	533.39		
Add:- Fair value gain/(loss) during the Year (net of tax)	(100.57)	(432.82		
Closing balance		100.5		
Equity instruments through OCI				
Opening balance	1,117,868.05	1,115,128.5		
Add:- Fair value gain/(loss) during the year (net of tax)	177,525.89	5,369.7		
Less:Transfer (to)/from retained earnings on realization	(9,326.97)	(2,630.30		
Closing balance	1,286,066.97	1,117,868.0		
TOTAL	1,358,826.23	1,177,647.3		

Capital reserve

This reserve represents the difference between value of the net assets transferred, consideration received for such assets in excess of orginal cost and excess value received in amalgamation.

Securities premium

This reserve represents the premium on issue of shares and can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Statutory reserve

Statutory Reserve represents the Reserve Fund created under Section 45 IC of the

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly an amount representing 20% of Profit for the period is transferred to the fund for the year.

General reserve

General reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer of profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves, dividends and other distributions made to the shareholders.

Debt instruments through other comprehensive income

This reserve represents the cumulative gains (net of losses) arising on the revaluation of debt instruments measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax. The amount is transferred from this reserve to the statement of profit and loss when the debt instrument is derecognised.

Equity instruments through other comprehensive income

This represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax, under an irrevocable option, net of amount reclassified to retained earnings when such asssets are disposed off, if any.

Note 20:- Interest income	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
On financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Interest on loans	:•	1.79
Interest on deposits with banks	1.32	0.29
	1.32	2.08
Note 21:- Dividend income	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
	Ja Hidicii avas	JE Million 2027
Dividend income from:		
On financial assets measured at FVTOCI		
a) Preference shares	•	54.41
b) Equity shares	5,075.53	5,192.12
	5,075.53	5,246.53

Note 22:- Net gain on fair value change	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	302.78	82.91
Gain/(loss) on sale of debt instrument at FVTOCI	34.60	820.69
Total net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	337.38	903.60
Fair value changes		
Realised	260.49	896.30
Unrealised	76.89	7.24
Total net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	337.38	903.6
Note 33. Other learns	Year ended	Year ended
Note 23:- Other income	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Reversal of provision for expected credit loss		0.0
Reversal of provision for impairment on financial assets	1,950.00	0.70
Rental Income	0.28	0.99
	1,950.28	1.7
Note 24:- Finance cost	Year ended	Year ended
Note 24:- Finance cost	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Other interest expenses	2.01	
	2.01	(-
Note 25. Femilians handle amount	Year ended	Year ended
Note 25:- Employee benefits expense	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Salaries and allowance	64.99	59.78
Staff welfare expenses	3.88	3.0
Gratuity	3.88	2.43
Leave salary	2.09	1.77
	74.84	67.04

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 20. Other comme	Year ended	Year ended 31 March 2024	
Note 26:- Other expenses	31 March 2025		
Advertisement and publicity	0.05	0.20	
Communication cost	4.19	4.09	
CSR expenditure [Refer note 26.1]	7.45	33.50	
Custodian fees	0.53	0.5	
Depository charges	16.58	4.6	
Directors meeting fees	1.64	0.8	
Donations	2	250.0	
Filing fees	0.27	0.1	
Goods & services tax	0.30	0.1	
Auditor's fees and expenses [Refer note-26.2]	2.22	1.4	
Printing and stationery	5.69	4.6	
Professional and legal charges	32.73	3.1	
Rent, rates, taxes and energy costs (net)	2.93	2.4	
Repairs and maintenance - others	10.07	7.8	
Securities transaction charges & tax	57.45	20.0	
Travelling and conveyance	1.07	0.8	
Provision for expected credit loss	45 A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		
Transaction charges on sale of shares	118.21	48.0	
Loan written off	1,950.00		
Miscellaneous expenses	0.51	0.4	
	2,211.89	382.9	

Note 26.1-Details of CSR expenditure:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the Year	7.43	33.48
(b) Amount spent during the year	7.45	33.50
(c) Shortfall at the end of the year		(199)
(d) total of the previous year shortfall	- 1	(*)
(e) reason for shortfall		1941
(f) nature of CSR activities	Rural development projects	Rural development projects
(g) details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard	-	
(h) where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.	5.	

Note 26.2-Payment to auditor

<u>Particulars</u>	Year ended 31. March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
For statutory audit	1.43	1.18
For tax audit	0.22	0.12
For other services	0.57	0.18
	2.22	1.48

Note 27:- Tax expense	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Amounts recognised in profit and loss		
Current tax	756.51	1,299.05
Income tax relating to earlier years	0.73	(5.65
Deferred tax charge/(credit) relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	560.61	86.84
species of with the Fundament of Authorities	1,317.85	1,380.24
Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income		
Current tax {charged}/credit		
Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	(1,289.49)	(130.95
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences (charged)/credit		
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	1.48	0.16
Equity instruments through other comprehensive income	(35,131.97)	(1,406.84
Debt instruments through other comprehensive income	(76.15)	60.83
	(36,496.13)	(1,476.80
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting	profit as follows;	
Profit before tax	5,075.77	5,704.00
Tax Rate*	25.17	25.1
Income tax expense calculated at the effective rate	1,277.47	1,435.5
Expenses disallowed	46.59	88.48
Income tax relating to earlier years	0.73	(5.65
Income chargeable to tax at differential rates	(8.78)	(140.39
Other adjustments	1.84	2.23
Tax expenses	1,317.85	1,380.2

27.1 Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2025:

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 01 April 2024	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2025
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:				
On fair value gain of investment (FVTOCI)	54,293.69		35,259.80	89,553.49
On fair value gain of investment (FVTPL)	2.50	19.50	-	22.00
Deferred tax liabilities	54,296.19	19.50	35,259.80	89,575.49

Movement in deferred tax asset for year ended 31 March 2025:

Particulars	As at 01 April 2024	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2025
Deferred tax assets for taxable temporary differences on:				
Property, plant and equipment	0.04	(0.01)	9	0.03
Provision for grautity	4.11	0.97	1.48	6.56
Provision for leave salary	1.17	0.39	· ·	1.56
Provision for expected credit loss/impairment	490.78	(490.78)	9	
Unabsorbed capital losses		(51.68)	51.68	-
Deferred tax assets	496.10	(541.11)	53.16	8.15
Net deferred tax liabilities/(assets)	53,800.09	560.61	35,206.64	89,567.34

27.2 Movement in deferred tax liabilities for year ended 31 March 2024:

Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2024
Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences on:	8			
On fair value gain of investment (FVTOCI)	53,069.23	12	1,224.46	54,293.69
On fair value gain of investment (FVTPL)	0.83	1.67	-	2.50
Deferred tax liabilities	53,070.06	1.67	1,224.46	54,296.19

Movement in deferred tax asset for year ended 31 March 2024:

Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Statement of Profit or Loss	Other comprehensive Income	As at 31 March 2024
Deferred tax assets for taxable temporary differences on:				
Property, plant and equipment	0.05	(0.01)		0.04
Provision for grautity	3.34	0.61	0.16	4.11
Provision for leave salary	1.42	(0.25)		1.17
Provision for expected credit loss/impairment	490.98	(0.20)	× .	490.78
Unabsorbed capital losses	206,87	(85.32)	(121.55)	(E)
Deferred tax assets	702.66	(85.18)	(121.39)	496.10
Net deferred tax liabilities/(assets)	52,367.40	86.84	1,345.85	53,800.09

DIGVIJAY FINLEASE LIMITED

33rd ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

CIN No. U67120WB2001PLC093899

Note 28:- Earnings per share

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

<u>Particulars</u>	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Net profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss	3,757.92	4,323.76
Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	13,259,420	13,259,420
Total weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	13,259,420	13,259,420
Basic earnings per share (₹)	28.34	32.61
Diluted earnings per share (₹)	28.34	32.61
Face value per equity share (₹)	10.00	10.00

Note 29:- Segment reporting

The Company has only one line of business i.e. Non Banking Financial activities. There are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108.

Note 30:- Employee benefits

(a) Defined benefit plans:

Contribution to defined benefit plans, recognised as an expense in profit and loss statement for the year are as under:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024	
Gratuity - Net defined benefit obligation	3.88	2.42	
	3.88	2.42	

Defined benefit plan

The employee gratuity scheme of the company is unfunded. The present value of obligation is determined based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method as on 31st March 2025, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The company's gratuity expense is recognized under the head - "Gratuity" in note 25.

Movement of defined benefit obligation

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Defined benefit obligation at beginning of the year	16.31	13.27
Current service cost	2.78	1.49
Interest cost	1.10	0.93
Benefits paid	1 = 1	/ -
Actuarial (gain)/loss	5.88	0.62
Defined benefit obligation at end of the year	26.07	16.31
Liability recognised in the balance sheet		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	26.07	16.31
Amount recognised as liability in balance sheet	26.07	16.31

Expenses recognised during the year (Under the head "Employee benefits expense" - Refer note no. 25)

Expense recognised in profit and loss statement	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024	
Current service cost	2.78	1.49	
Past service cost (vested)			
Net interest cost	1.10	0.93	
Total amount	3.88	2.42	

DIGVIJAY FINLEASE LIMITED

33rd ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

CIN No. U67120WB2001PLC093899

Remonstruments recognized in other comprehensive income	Year ended	Year ended
Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations due to change in financial assumption	6.52	0.19
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations due to change in demographic assumption	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations due to unexpected experience	(0.63)	0.43
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	5.88	0.62
Net Cost	9.76	3.04
Note: Includes benefit payable to key managerial person not seperately reported	d in acturial report.	
Actuarial assumptions		
Discount rate (per annum)	6.73%	6.97
Rate of escalation in salary (per annum)	6.00%	6.00
Mortality Rate	IIAM 2012-2015	
inicitality hate	Ultimate	IIAM 2012-2015 Ultimat
Retirement age	60	6
Sensitivity analysis		
The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted princ	ipai assumption is:	
	Increase by	Decrease by
Sensitivity analysis		
Sensitivity analysis	Year ended	Year ended
Scholusty analysis	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2025
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%)		31 March 2025
	31 March 2025	31 March 2025 26.9
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%)	31 March 2025 25.23	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%)	31 March 2025 25.23 26.67	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%)	31 March 2025 25.23 26.67 26.06	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024	26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80	26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024	26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80	26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 16.7 15.8 16.3
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31	26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 16.7 15.8 16.3
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31	26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%)	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31	26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 16.7 15.8 16.3
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Maturity profile Year	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31 16.31	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 Year ended 31 March 2024
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Maturity profile Year	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31 16.31	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 Year ended 31 March 2024 16.7
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Maturity profile Year	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31 16.31 Year ended 31 March 2025	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 Year ended 31 March 2024 16.3 16.3 16.3
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Maturity profile Year	31 March 2025 25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31 16.31 Year ended 31 March 2025	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 16.7 15.8 16.3 16.3 16.3 Year ended 31 March 2024
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Maturity profile Year	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31 16.31 Year ended 31 March 2025	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 16.7 15.8 16.3 16.3
Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Sensitivity analysis Discount rate (-/+ 0.5%) Salary growth (-/+ 0.5%) Attrition rate (-/+ 10%) Mortality rate (-/+ 10%) Maturity profile Year 1 2 3 4	25.23 26.67 26.06 26.06 26.06 Increase by Year ended 31 March 2024 15.86 16.80 16.31 16.31 Year ended 31 March 2025	31 March 2025 26.9 25.5 26.0 26.0 26.0 Decrease by Year ended 31 March 2024 16.7 15.8 16.3 16.3 Year ended 31 March 2024 1.7 0.1 0.1 0.1

Note 31:- Related party disclosure

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

I) Particulars of relationship	Names of related parties	Designation
	Ashok Bhandari	Non Executive Directo
	Ravi Goenka	Independent Director
	Sudip Kumar Mukherjee	Independent Director
	(ceased w.e.f 11-09-2024)	
Key mangerial personnel	Gourav Periwal	Non Executive Directo
	Ashok Dhirajlal Kankaia	Independent Director
	(Appointed w.e.f 28-06-2024)	
	Krishna Kumar Thakur	Manager & CFO
	Sumit Jain	Company Secretary
Enterprise having significant influence over the Company	Shree Capital Services Limited	

II) Disclosures of transactions between the companies and related parties with status of outstanding closing balances:

Particular	Year ended	Year ended	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
(I) Particulars of transactions with related parties (Key managerial personnel)			
A) Key Managerial Personnel			
i) Remuneration of key managerial personnel*			
Krishna Kumar Thakur			
Short term employee benefits	22.10	26.69	
Sumit Jain			
Short term employee benefits	14.85	12.35	
ii) Advances			
Manager & CFO			
Paid	2.50	1.00	
Received back	1.40	1.30	
iii) Directors sitting fees			
Ashok Bhandari	0.39	0.17	
Ravi Goenka	0.46	0.31	
Sudip Kumar Mukherjee	0.18	0.31	
Gourav Periwal	0.29	0.07	
Ashok Dhirajlal Kankaia	0.32	-	
B) Enterprise having significant influence over the			
company			
Shree Capital Services Limited			
Rent Paid	0.28	0.28	
II) Outstanding balance at the end of year (Key managerial personnel)			
Closing balance of advances	1.10	-	
Maximum balance of advance during the year	2.50	1.00	

^{*} Post employment benefit details are not seperately disclosed in actuarial report for the year (Refer note: 30)

33rd ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

CIN No. U67120WB2001PLC093899

Note 32: Disclosure of Ratios

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Ratios	Formula	Current period	Previous period	% variance	Reason for variance
a) Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	Tier I plus Tier II capital / Risk weighted assets	95.09%	103.40%	(8.04)%	NA
b) Tier CRAR	Tier I capital / Risk weighted assets	95.09%	103.40%	(8.04)%	NA
c) Tier II CRAR	Tier II capital / Risk weighted assets	-	-	-	NA
d) Liquidity coverage ratio	Highly liquid assets / Net cash outflow over next 30 days	226067.94%	16305.84%	1286.42%	Increase in cash inflow

Ratio is calculated as per formula prescribed by the regulatory authority.

Note 33:- Contingent liabilities & Commitments

Contingent Liabilities	Year ended Year en	Year ended
Contingent Liabilities	31 March 2025	31 March 2024

Claims against company not acknowledged as debts

- Income tax matters under dispute with Ld.

- CIT (A) 1,151.65 1,151.65

- ITAT (A) - 69.71

The company's pending litigations comprise mainly claims agianst the company for proceedings pending with the Income Tax authorities. The company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has made adequate provisions wherever required and disclosed the contingent liabilities wherever applicable, in its financial statements. The company does not reasonably expect the outcome of theses proceedings to have a material impact on its financial statements.

Commitments Year ended 31 March 2025 Year ended 31 March 2024 Investments partly paid - Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each in Aqua Infra 5,146.37 5,146.37

Investments partly paid - Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each in Aqua Infra Projects Limited (₹ 4.00 Paid up)

Note 34:- Disclosure on financial instruments

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The details of Material accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements.

(i) Categories of Financial Instruments

Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Financial assets			
a) Measured at amortised cost			
i) Cash and cash equivalents	4	39.81	35.60
ii) Other bank balances	5	10.41	2.49
iii) Trade receivable	6	46.48	7
iv) Other financial assets	9	7.09	12.9
Sub-Tot	al	103.79	51.00
b) Measured at fair value through OCI (FVOCI)			
i) Investment in quoted equity shares	8	1,365,817.56	1,166,032.49
ii) Investment in unquoted equity shares	8	72,577.32	64,286.14
iii) Investment in preference shares	8	600.00	630.4
Sub-Tot	al	1,438,994.88	1,230,949.0
c) Measured at fair value through profit and loss			
(FVTPL)			
i) Investment in mutual fund	8	10,092.83	1,230.2
Sub-Tot	al	10,092.83	1,230.2
Total financial assets		1,449,191.50	1,232,230.30
Financial liabilities			
a) Measured at amortised cost			
i) Other financial liabilities	13	16.48	7.09
Total financial liabilities		16.48	7.0

(ii) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

(iii) Valuation technique used to determine Fair Value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the fair value of invetsment in quoted equity shares and mutual funds is measured at quoted price or NAV.
- the fair value of level 2 instruments is valued using inputs based on information about market participants assumptions and other data that are available.

(iv) Fair value of Financial Assets and Liabilities measured at Fair value - recurring Fair Value Measurements

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
Financial assets				
Investment in quoted equity instruments	1,365,817.56	-	1,166,032.49	· **
Investment in unquoted equity instruments	-	72,577.32	-	64,286.14
Investment in debt instruments	-	600.00		630.45
Investment in mutual fund	10,092.83	-	1,230.22	•
Total financial assets	1,375,910.39	73,177.32	1,167,262.71	64,916.59

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(v) Significant estimates

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Company uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions used and the impact of changes to these assumptions see (ii) above.

(vi) Fair value of assets and liabilities measured at cost/amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled. Management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, Other financial assets and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts of these instruments, as discussed below:

Particulars	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	39.81	39.81	35.60	35.60	
Other bank balances	10.41	10.41	2.49	2.49	
Trade receivables	46.48	46.48	-	1#7	
Other financial assets	7.09	7.09	12.91	12.91	
Financial liabilities					
Other financial liabilities	16.48	16.48	7.09	7.09	

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(vii) Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities				
	As at 31 M	larch 2025	As at 31 Ma	rch 2024
Particulars	Within 12	After 12	Within 12 months	After 12
	months	months	Within 12 months	months
ASSETS				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	39.81	, 1	35.60	-
Other bank balances	10.41	1000 i	2.49	
Trade receivables	46.48		-	-
Loan	-	-		2
Investments	10,092.83	1,438,994.88	1,230.22	1,230,949.0
Other financial assets	7.09	-	12.91	-
Total financial assets	10,196.62	1,438,994.88	1,281.22	1,230,949.0
Non-financial assets				
Current tax assets (Net)	99.71	-	93.32	
Property, plant & equipment	-	519.20	-	519.2
Other non-financial assets	0.48	(-1)	0.29	7
Total non financial assets	100.19	519.20	93.61	519.2
Total assets	10,296.81	1,439,514.08	1,374.83	1,231,468.2
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Other financial liabilities	16.48	-	7.09	-
Total financial liabilities	16.48	-	7.09	-
Non-financial liabilities				
Current tax liabilities (Net)	40.76	-	40.76	-
Provisions	32.26	-	20.97	-
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	22.00	89,545.34	2.50	53,797.5
Other non-financial liabilities	1.88	-	0.87	
Total non financial liabilities	96.90	89,545.34	65.10	53,797.5
Total liabilities	113.38	89,545.34	72.19	53,797.5
and province and the second province of the second province and the second pro	40.400.10	4 444 445		
Net equity	10,183.43	1,349,968.74	1,302.64	1,177,670.6

Note 35

Financial risk management

The Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company registered with the Reserve Bank of India. On account of its business activities it is exposed to various financial risks associated with financials products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk. However, the Company has a robust financial risk

management system in place to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate various risks associated with its financial products to ensure that desired financial objectives are met. The Company's senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies, as approved by the Board of Director. Such risk management strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Company, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance. Any change in Company's risk management objectives and policies needs prior approval of it's Board of Directors.

Credit risk

This risk is common to all investors who invest in bonds and debt instruments and it refers to a situation where a particular bond/debenture issuer is unable to make the expected principal payment interest rate payment, or both. Similarly, a lender bears the risk that the borrower may default in the payment of contractual interest or principal on its debt obligation, or both. The entity continuously monitors defaults of the customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk control.

Market risk:

Market risk is a form of systematic risk associated with the day-to-day fluctuation in the market prices of shares and securities and such market risk affects all securities and investors in the same manner. These daily price fluctuations follows its own broad trends and cycles and are more news and transaction driven rather than fundamentals and many a times, it may affect the returns from an investment. Market risks majorly comprises of two types - interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings and investments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is a type of systematic risk that particularly affects fixed rate debt instruments like bonds and debentures. The value of the fixed-rate debt instruments generally decline due to rise in interest rates and vice versa. The rationale is that a bond is a promise of a future stream of payments; an investor will offer less for a bond that paysout at a rate lower than the rates offered in the current market. A rising interest rate scenario also affects the Company's interest expenditure on borrowed funds.

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

The Company monitors the interest rate scenarios on a regular basis and accordingly takes investments decisions as whether to invest in fixed rate debt instruments, shares and securities at a particular point of time.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, bonds, mutual funds etc. The Company is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments carried at FVOCI which are valued using quoted prices in active markets. A sensitivity analysis demonstrating the impact of the change in market prices of these instruments from the prices existing as at the reporting date is given below:

Particulars	Carrying value as at		
Particulars	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
Investments carried at FVOCI valued using quoted prices in active market	1,365,817.56	1,166,032.49	

Particulars	Sensitivity analysis on total comprehensive income upon fluctuation of market prices		
	Increase by 10	Decrease by 10	
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2025	136,581.76	(136,581.76)	
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2024	116,603.25	(116,603.25)	

Equity instrument through OCI being a component of other equity would increase/decrease as a result of gain/loss on equity securities classified as fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity refers to the readiness of the Company to sell and realise its financial assets. Liquidity risk is one of the most critical risk factors for Companies which is into the business of investments in shares and securities. It is the risk of not being able to realise the true price of a financial asset, or is not being able to sell the financial asset at all

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

because of non-availability of buyer Unwillingness to lend or restricted lending by Banks and Financial Institutions may also lead to liquidity concerns for the entities.

The Company maintains a well-diversified portfolio of investments in shares and securities . A dedicated team of market experts are monitoring the markets on a continuous basis, which advises the management for timely purchase or sale of securities. The management ensures to manage its cash flows and asset liability patterns to ensure that the financial obligations are satisfied in timely manner.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts reported are on gross and undiscounted basis.

Particulars	Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
As at 31 March 2025				
Other financial liabilities	16.48	-	-	16.48
	16.48	-	-	16.48
As at 31 March 2024				
Other financial liabilities	7.09		-	7.09
	7.09		4	7.09

Inflationary risk:

Inflationary or purchasing power risk refers to the variation in investor returns caused by inflation. It is the risk that results in increase of the prices of goods and services which results in decrease of purchasing power of money, and likely negatively impact the value of investments. The two important sources of inflation are rising costs of production and excess demand for goods and services in relation to their supply. Inflation and interest rate risks are closely related as interest rates generally go up with inflation.

The Company closely monitors the inflation data and analyses the reasons for wide fluctuations thereof and its effect on various sectors and businesses. The main objective is to avoid inflationary risk and accordingly invest in securities and debt instruments that provides higher returns as compared to the inflation in long-term.

Note 36-Capital management

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, other equity reserves and borrowed capital less cash and cash equivalents. The primary objective of capital management is to maintain an efficient capital structure to

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

reduce the cost of capital, support corporate expansion strategies and to maximize shareholder's value.

The entity manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The entity monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The entity's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The entity includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Following table summarizes the capital structure of the Company.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Borrowings		æ	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	39.81	35.60	
Adjusted net debt	(39.81)	(35.60)	
Total equity (*)	1,360,152.17	1,178,973.33	
Net debt to equity ratio**	-	8 .	

^(*) Equity includes capital and all reserves of the Company that are managed as capital.

Note 37

Particulars required under paragraph 31 of master directions Non-Banking Financial company - Systemically important non deposit taking company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2023 are given in annexure appended hereto

Note 38

The Company entered into cancellable lease arrangements for certain accommodations. Terms of such lease include upto one month notice by either party for cancellation, option for renewal on mutually agreed terms and there are no restrictions imposed by such lease arrangements. The Company has applied the 'short—term lease' exemptions for these leases. Rental expenses incurred are disclosed in Note 26 as Rent.

^{**} As negative kept Nil.

Note 39: Other statutory information:

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- (i) The company has not advanced or given loan or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Other than the above disclosures, the remaining other disclosures as prescribed in Amended Division III of Schedule III read with section 129 of Companies Act 2013 are either NIL or Not Applicable to the company for the current period.

Note 40:

Figures for the previous period have been regrouped and reclassified to conform to the classification of current period wherever necessary.

Note 41:

Statement of Balance Sheet Disclosures in terms of Master direction- Non-Banking Financial Company- Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2023.

(Amount in ₹ crore)

i) Capital	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Capital to Risk/Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (%)	95.09%	103.40%
CRAR-Tier I Capital (%)	95.09%	103.40%
CRAR-Tier II Capital (%)	()≝()	(1-1)
Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II Capital	(<u>#</u> 9	
Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments	·2·	42

ii) Investments	31 March 2025	(Amount in ₹ crore 31 March 2024
A. Value of Investments		
Gross Value of Investments:		
a) In India	14,490.88	12,321.79
b) Outside India	×	010
Provisions for Depreciation:		
a) In India	-	-
b) Outside India	<u>u</u>	: <u>*</u>
Net Value of Investments		
a) In India	14,490.88	12,321.79
b) Outside India	-	
B. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investm	ents	
Opening Balance	5	2
Add: Provisions made during the year	-	-
Less: Write-off/Write-back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	=	-

iii) Derivatives

The Company does not have any derivatives exposure in the current and previous financial year.

iv) Disclosures relating to Securitisation

The Company does not have any securitisation transaction in the current and previous financial year.

v) Asset Liability Management

Disclosures relating to maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities are given in annexure appended hereto. Please refer annexure to note 41.

vi۱	Ex	pos	ures

(Amount in ₹ crore)

A) Exposure to Real Estate Sector 31 March 2025 31 March 2024

Category

a) Direct Exposure

i) Residential Mortgages-

Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented.

ii) Commercial Real Estate	(Amo	unt in ₹ crore)
Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based limits.		
iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures - a. Residential		
b. Commercial Real Estate	1. 3:	-
a) Indirect Exposure		
Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank and Housing Finance Companies.	-	
Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector	-	
B) Exposure to Capital Market	31 March 2025	(Amount in ₹ crore) 31 March 2024
 direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt; 	14,383.95	12,304.35
ii) advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;	4	<u>~</u>
iii) advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security;	-	(¥)
iv) advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances;	9	140
v) secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;	2	
 vi) loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources; 		
vii) bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	2	-
viii) underwriting commitments taken up by the NBFCs in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds		
ix) financing to stockbrokers for margin trading		
x) all exposures to Alternative Investment Funds:	5	
(a) Category I	•	
(b) Category II (c) Category III	•	
(c) Category III		
xi) All exposures to venture capital funds (both registered and unregistered)	-	
Total Exposure to Capital Market	14,383,95	12,304.35

C) Details of financing of parent company products

The Company does not have a parent company and accordingly no disclosures required.

D) Details of Single Borrower Limit (SBL)/Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the NBFC

There are no instances of exceeding the single and group borrowing limit by the Company during the current and previous year.

E) Unsecured Advances

The Company does not have any unsecured advances for which intangible securities such as charge over rights, license, authority, etc. has been taken.

vii) Miscellaneous

A) Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators

The Company has not obtained any registration from other financial sector regulators.

B) Disclosure of Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators

There have been no penalties imposed on the Company by RBI or other financial sector regulators during the current and previous financial year.

C) Related Party Transactions

Details of all material related party transactions are disclosed in Note 31.

D) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year Not applicable

E) Remuneration of Directors

Details relating to sitting fees to directors are disclosed in Note 31. All pecuniary relationship or transactions of the Non Executive Directors vis a vis have been disclosed in the Annual Report.

F) Management

The management discussion and analysis report for the year ended March 31, 2025 forms part of the Annual Report.

G) Sectoral Exposures (Amount in ₹ crore)

	As at 31 March 2025			
Sectors	Total exposure	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector	
Agriculture and allied industries	-	¥	-	
2. Services				
i. Transport Operators	-			
Total	-			

(Amount in ₹ crore)

		As at 31 March 2024			
Sectors	Total exposure	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector		
Agriculture and allied industries	19.50	19.50	100.00%		
2. Services					
i. Transport Operators			•		
Total	19.50	19.50	100.00%		

H) Intra Group Exposures

(Amount in ₹ crore)

Particulars		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(i) Total amount of intra g	roup exposures	** (#	120
(ii) Total amount of top 26) intra group exposures	K <u>#</u> 1	-
(iii) Percentage of intra	group exposures to to	tal	
exposures of the	company on	the -	(<u>(2))</u>
borrowers/customers			

I) Unhedged foreign currency exposures

The Company does not have any unhedged foreign currency exposures for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

J) Breach of covenant

There were no instances of breach of covenant of loan as no loan availed during the year under review. No debt securities were issued by the company during the year.

K) Divergence in assets classification and provisioning

RBI has not assessed or identified any additional provisioning requirement in the case of the company other than what has been provided for. Hence not applicable.

vii) Additional Disclosures

A) Provisions and Contingencies

Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Statement of Profit and Los	S	(Amount in ₹ crore)
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Provisions for depreciation on Investment		
Provision towards NPA	-	
Provision made towards income tax	13.18	13.80
Other Provision and Contingencies (including employee benefits)	0.06	0.04
Provision for Standard Assets	(19.50)	(0.01)

B) Draw Down from Reserves

There have been no instances of draw down from reserves by the Company during the current and previous financial year.

C) Concentration of Advances, Exposures and NPAs		
C) Concentration of Austrices, Exposures and IT As		(Amount in ₹ crore)
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
a) Concentration of Advances		
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	29	19.50
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances		100%
		(Amount in ₹ crore)
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
b) Concentration of Exposures		
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers	5	19.50
Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to total exposure on		
borrowers/customers	70	100%
c) Concentration of NPAs		
Total exposure to top four NPA accounts	2.	19.50
		23.00
d) Sector-wise NPAs		(Amount in ₹ crore)
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Agriculture & allied activities	-	19.50
MSME	-	=
Corporate borrowers	2	0
Services	-:	
Unsecured personal loans	48	<u>'g</u>
Auto loans	-	
Other personal loans	-	-
D) Movement of NPAs		(Amount in ₹ crore)
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
i) Net NPAs to net advances (%)	•	
ii) Movement of NPAs (Gross)		
a) Opening balance	19.50	19.50
b) Additions during the year	27	2
c) Reductions during the year	19.50	-
d) Closing balance	4)	19.50
iii) Movement of net NPAs		
a) Opening balance	4	Ω.
b) Additions during the year	*·	
c) Reductions during the year	- 2	-
d) Closing balance	2	2
iv) Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets)		
a) Opening balance	19.50	19.50
b) Provisions made during the year	*	*
c) Write-off/write-back of excess provisions	(19.50)	-
d) Closing balance		19.50

E) Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad)

The Company did not have any overseas assets during the current and previous year.

F) Off-balance sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms)

The Company did not sponsor any SPVs during the current and previous financial year.

ix) Disclosure of customer complaints

A) Summary information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	
b) No. of complaints received during the year	Nil	Nil	
c) No. of complaints disposed during the year	NII	NII	
-Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	Nil	Nil	
d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	Nil	Nil	

B) Top five grounds of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers

(Amount in ₹ crore)

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	pending at	No. of complaints received during the year	% increase/decrease in the number of complaints received over the prveious year	No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5 no. of complaints pending beyond 30 days
As at 31 March 2025	5.				3
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
As at 31 March 2024	11.		J)
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Note 42

Disclosure in terms of RBI/2022-23/29 DOR, CRE, REC. No. 25/03.10.001/2022-23 dated. 14 April 2022.

Loan to Directors , Senior Officers and Relatives of Directors		(Amount in ₹ crore)
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Directors and their relatives	7/2/	-
Entities associated with directors and their relatives	-	
Senior Officers and their relatives	0.01	

Note 43

Disclosure on liquidity risk in terms of Master Direction Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company-Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

		(Amount in ≺ crore)
(I) Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty on borrowings & deposits	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Number of significant counterparties	-	
Amount of borrowed funds from significant counterparties	-	
Percentage of total deposits	Not applicable	Not applicable
Percentage of total liabilities	()	=

Note:

- i) A "Significant counterparty" is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's, NBFC-Ds total liabilities and 10% for other non-deposit taking NBFCs.
- ii) Total Liabilities has been computed as Total Assets less Equity share capital less Reserve & Surplus and computed basis extant regulatory ALM guidelines.

(ii) Top 20 large deposits (amount in ₹ crore and % of total deposits)

The company has not taken any deposits during the FY 24-25

(iii) Top 10 borrowings (amount in ₹ crore and % of total borrowings)

The company has not taken any borrowings during the FY 24-25

(iv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument / product

				(Amount in ₹ crore)
Name of the instrument/product	As on	31 March 2025	As on 31 March 2024	
	Amount (**)	% of total liabilities	Amount (**)	% of total liabilities
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	(*)			

Note:

- (i) A "significant instrument/product" is defined as a single instrument/product of group of similar instruments/products which in aggregate amount to more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's, NBFC-Ds total liabilities and 10% for other non-deposit taking NBFCs.
- (ii) Total liabilities has been computed as total assets less equity share capital less reserve & surplus and computed basis extant regulatory ALM guidelines.
- (**) Figures are based on gross borrowing outstanding and does not includes accrued interest and other Ind AS adjustments.

y.		(Amount in ₹ crore)
(V) Stock ratios in percentage	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
1. Commercial papers as a % of total liabilities	-:	
2. Commercial papers as a % of total assets	5.	5
3. Commercial papers as a % of public fund		i i
4. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total liabilities		
5. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total assets		-
6. Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of public fund		÷
7. Other short-term liabilities as a % of total liabilities	0.02%	0.01%
8. Other short-term liabilities as a % of total assets	0.00%	0.00%

(vi) Institutional set-up for Liquidity Risk Management

9. Other short-term liabilities as a % of public fund

The Board of Directors of the Company has an overall responsibility and oversight for the management of all the risks, including liquidity risk, to which the Company is exposed to in the course of conducting its business. The Board approves the governance structure, policies, strategy and the risk limits for the management of liquidity risk. The Board of Directors approves the constitution of the Risk Management Committee (RMC) for the effective supervision, evaluation, monitoring and review of various aspects and types of risks, including liquidity risk, faced by the Company. The meetings of RMC are held at quarterly interval. Further, the Board of Directors also approves constitution of Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), which functions as the strategic decision-making body for the asset-liability management of the Company from risk-return perspective and within the risk appetite and guard-rails approved by the Board. The main objective of ALCO is to assist

the Board and RMC in effective discharge of the responsibilities of asset liability management, market risk management, liquidity and interest rate risk management and also to ensure adherence to risk tolerance/limits set up by the Board. ALCO provides guidance and directions in terms of interest rate, liquidity, funding sources, and investment of surplus funds. ALCO meetings are held once in a Quarterly or more frequently as warranted from time to time. The minutes of ALCO meetings are placed before the RMC and the Board of Directors in its next meeting for its perusal/approval/ ratification.

(vii) Liquidity Coverage Ratio

Disclosures relating to liquidity coverage ratio are given in annexure appended hereto.

In terms of our report attached

For R Kothari & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307069E / E300266 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

CA. Kailash Chandra Soni

Membership No. 057620

Place : Kolkata Date: 20th June 2025 **Gourav Periwal** Ashok Dhirajlal Kanakia Director

Director DIN: 08643886 DIN: 00738955

Krishna Kumar Thakur

Sumit Jain Manager & CFO Company Secretary

[as required in terms of paragraph 31 of Master Direction Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company-Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023]

Annexure to Note 37

(Amount in ₹ crore)

			(Amo	unt in ₹ crore)		
	31.03.	2025	31.03.2	31.03.2024		
Particulars.	Amount outstanding	Amount overdue	Amount outstanding	Amount overdue		
<u>Liabilities side</u>						
(1) Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of						
interest accrued thereon but not paid:						
(a) Debentures : Secured	-	-	V=3	•		
:Unsecured						
Other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*	-		-	*		
(b) Deferred credits		-	•	•		
(c) Term loans	7:	77	(3.50)	-		
(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	•	-	(194)	3 # 6		
(e) Commercial paper		-	() ≜ ()	(# <u>4</u>)		
(f) Public deposits*	₹	2	-			
(g) Other loans		-	-	-		
*Please see Note 1 below	51		(表)	1.5		
(2) Break-up of (1)(f) above (outstanding public deposits						
inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid}:						
(a) In the form of Unsecured debentures	ā	Œ	(5)	-		
(b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures			-	-		
where there is a shortfall in the value of security	2					
(c) Other public deposits	_	_	2			
*Please see Note 1 below						
			31.03.2025	31.03.2024		
Assets side:			Amount outstanding	Amount outstanding		
(3) Break-up of loans and advances including bills receivables						
[other than those included in (4) below]:						
(a) Secured			9#/			
(b) Unsecured			0.07	0.10		
(4) Break up of leased assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities						
(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:						
(a) Financial lease			-	42		
(b) Operating lease			-	3		
(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:						
(a) Assets on hire			/¥:	9-		
(b) Repossessed assets			-	-		
(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities						
(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed				± 1		
(b) Loans other than (a) above			-			

(5) Break-up of Investments:			(An	nount in ₹ crore)
Current investments:			31.03.2025 Amount	31.03.2024 Amount
1. *Quoted:			outstanding	outstanding
(i) Shares: (a) Equity				£
(b) Preference			7.	**
(ii) Debentures and bonds			=	. 5.
(iii) Units of mutual funds			100.05	12.20
(iv) Government securities			2	2
(v) Others			*	*
2. Unquoted:				
(i) Shares: (a) Equity			¥	-
(b) Preference			2	-
(ii) Debentures and bonds			5.	
(iii) Units of mutual funds			-	-
(iv) Government securities			20	₩.
(v) Others			25	2
Long Term investments:				
1. * Quoted:				
(i) Share: (a) Equity			523.02	519.71
(b) Preference			*:	=
(II) Debentures and bonds			-1	-
(iii) Units of mutual funds			-	_
(iv) Government securities			꺌	0
(v) Others (please specify)			5	<u>a</u> :
2. *Unquoted:				
(i) Shares: (a) Equity			104.73	61.10
(b) Preference			6.00	6.06
(ii) Debentures and bonds				77=7
(III) Units of mutual funds			-	S=8
(iv) Government securities				829
(v) Others (Please specify)				-
(i) Others (i mase specify)		_	733.80	599.07
*Considered at original cost				
(6) Borrower group-wise classification of all leased Please see Note 2 below	assets, stock on hire and loans and	l advances (incl	uding other Current	Assets):
	Amount net of p 31.03.202		Am 31.03.7	ount net of provisio
Category		Insecured	Secured	Unsecured
1. Related Parties **				
(a) Subsidiaries			2:	
(b) Companies in the same group	<u> </u>	2	2	
(c) Other related parties	্ 	0.01	5) 81	
-				
2. Other than related parties	* 	0.06	# 2	0.10

(Amount in ₹ crore)

(7) Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

	31.03.2025		31.03.2024	
Category	Market Value /break up/or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)	Market Value /break up/or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provisions)
1. Related Parties**				
(a) Subsidiaries	-		-	
(b) Companies in the same group*	-	*	(*)	-
(c) Other related parties	9		-	-
2. Other than related parties	14,490.88	733.80	12,321.79	599.07
Total	14,490.88	733.80	12,321.79	599.07

^{**} As per Accounting Standards of ICAI (Please see Note 3)

^{* &}quot;Companies in the Same Group" has been considered based on the definition provided in Explanation – I to section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 read with Sections 372/370 of the Companies Act 1956 (hereinafter referred to as the "RBI Act").

(8) Other information	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
(i) Gross non-performing assets		
(a) Related parties	•	•
(b) Other than related parties	(10)	19.50
(ii) Net non-performing assets		
(a) Related parties	-	5.
(b) Other than related parties	*	*
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	97	2

Notes:

- 1. As defined in paragraph 5.1.26 of the Directions.
- 2. Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these Directions.
- 3. All notified Accounting Standards and guidance notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets as also assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, market value in respect of unquoted investments shall be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term (amortised cost in the case of Ind AS) or current(fair value in the case of Ind AS) in (5) above.

34.80

Annexure to Note 41 (v)

Asset Liability Management

(Amount in ₹ crore) 106.93 0.03 Total 0.03 Over 5 years Over 6 Over 1 year Over 3 years Months & up to 3 & up to 5 years 6.00 to 1 year Over 3 Months Over 6 & up to 6 Months Months up to 3 Months Over 1 Month Over 2 1 to 7 days 8 to 14 days 15-30 days up to 2 Months 100.93 Maturity pattern of assets and liability as on 31 March 2025 Foreign Currency liabilities Foreign Currency assets nvestments* Borrowings Particulars Advances Deposits

(Amount in ₹ crore) Total 16.50 Over 5 years Over 1 year Over 3 years & up to 5 6.00 Months & up to 3 to 1 years to 1 year Over 3 Months Over 6 & up to 6 Months to 3 Months Months up Over 1 Month Over 2 up to 2 15 to 30 days 1 to 7 days 8 to 14 days Maturity pattern of assets and liability as on 31 March 2024 Foreign Currency liabilities Foreign Currency assets Investments* Borrowings Particulars Advances Deposits

a) The above information has been considered as per Asset Liability Management (ALM) report complied by the Management and reviewed by the ALM committee.

b) in compiling the information in the above note, certain assumptions have been made by the Company and the same have been relied upon by the Auditors.

c) Maturity amounts represents expected maturity value in terms of agreement.

^{*} Equity shares amounting to 14,383.95 crore, are not included above, since there is no set maturity pattern for the same.

^{*} Equity shares amounting to 12,303.19 crore, are not included above, since there is no set maturity pattern for the same.

Annexure to Note 43 (vii)

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a key compliance requirement for a resilient and stable financial sector. Its objective is the promotion of short-term resilience of the liquidity risk profile of financial institutions by ensuring that it has sufficient High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to survive a significant stress scenario lasting for one month. The Liquidity Coverage Ratio is expected to improve the financial sector's ability to absorb shocks arising from financial and economic stress, whatever the source, thus reducing the risk of spill over from the financial sector to the real economy. Liquidity Management of the company is supervised by the Asset Liability Committee. The management is of the view that the company has in place robust processes to monitor and manage liquidity risks and sufficient liquidity cover to meet its likely future shortterm requirements. The company has a diversified mix of borrowings with respect to the source, type of instrument, tenor and nature of security. The Asset Liability Committee constantly reviews and monitors the funding mix and ensures the optimum mix of funds based on the cash flow requirements, market conditions and keeping the interest rate view in consideration. The Asset Liability Committee provides strategic direction andguidance on liquidity risk management. A sub-committee of the Asset Liability Committee, comprising members from the Treasury and Risk functions, monitor liquidity risks on a weekly basis and decisions are taken on the funding plan and levels of investible surplus, from the Asset Liability Management perspective. This sets the boundaries for daily cash flow management.In line with RBI regulations, the cash outflows and inflows have been stressed by 115% and 75% of their respective original values for computing LCR. The key drivers on the inflow side are the expected collections from the performing assets of the company and on the outflow side the scheduled maturities. The High Quality Liquid Assets are entirely held in Government Securities which are classified as Level 1 assets with no haircut.

	As on 3	As on 30.06.2024	Ason	As on 30.09.2024	As on 3	As on 31.12.2024	Ason3	As on 31.03.2025
	Total Unweighted1Val ue (average)	Total Total Unweighted1Val Weighted2Value ue (average) (average)	Total Unweighted1V alue (average)	Total Total Unweighted1V Weighted2Value alue (average)	Total Unweighted1Val ue (average)	Total Weighted ZValue (average)	Total Total Unweighted1Valu Weighted2Value e (average) (average)	Total Weighted2Value (average)
High Quality Liquid Assets								
**Total High Quality Liquid Assets	82.72	4.13	96.92	37.47	91.23	45.24	161.27	119.33
(HQLA)								
Cash Outflows								
Deposits (for deposit taking companies)			•	•			•	•
Unsecured wholesale funding		•		r			*	
Secured wholesale funding							•	
Additional requirements, of which	э	•		,	,			
Outflows related to derivative exposures		•	•	(a)		•	5.05	•
and other collateral requirements								
Outflows related to lass of funding on	r	X.	i.	J.	ă.	9	£	9
debt products								
Credit and liquidity facilities	0		120	6:				
Other contractual funding obligations	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	10.01	10.0	0.18	0.21
Other contingent funding obligations			1	3	35	7	2.	
TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS (A)		0.02		0.02		10.0		0.21
Cash Inflows								
Secured lending	0		120	.0		į.		9
Inflows from fully performing exposures		*	-	×	-	*	*	*
Other cash inflows	Э		•	/. *		•	0.46	0.35
TOTAL CASH INFLOWS (B)						•		0.35
Cash Infows restricted to 75% of cash outflows (C)				3				91.0
		Total Adjusted		Total Adjusted		Total Adjusted		Total Adjusted
		Value		Value		Value		Value
TOTAL HOLA		4.13		37.47		45.24		119.33
TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS (A-Minimum(B,C))		0.02		0.05		0.01		0.05
1/6 CITATION COVEDATION (N.)								

- Ourponents of HOLA 1 Cash & Cash Equivalents 2 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents
 - 3 Mutual Fund

4 Investment in Equity Shares included in SBNSEX.cn NIFTY
The company has maintained LCR.well above the regulatory threshold of 100% throughout the financial year.

¹Unweighted values must be calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows). 2Weighted values must be calculated after the application of respective haircuts (for HQLA) and stress factors on inflow and outflow.